

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2024



CITY OFFICIALS

June 30, 2024

MAYOR

Kathryn Stock

CITY COUNCIL

Linda Kozlowski, Council President

Tom Campbell

Brad Hart

Jerry Spegman

*All councilors receive mail at the address below.

CITY MANAGER

Leila Aman

MAILING ADDRESS

P.O. Box 129 Manzanita, Oregon 97130

CITY ATTORNEY

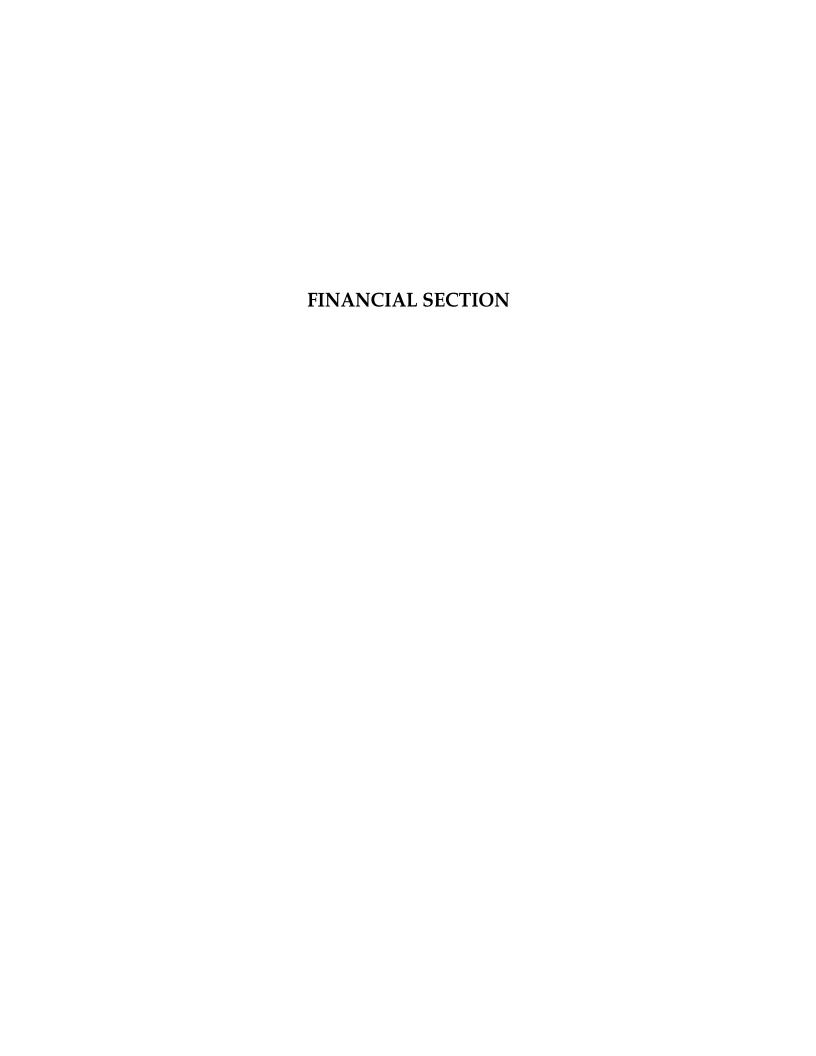
James Walker PO Box 3585 Portland, Oregon 97208

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Kathryn Stock, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Manzanita Manzanita, Oregon 97130

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Manzanita, Tillamook County, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Manzanita, Tillamook County, Oregon as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note I.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Manzanita, Tillamook County, Oregon, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note I of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The City of Manzanita, Tillamook County, Oregon, prepares its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As described in the notes to the financial statements, in the year ended June 30, 2024, the City adopted new accounting guidance: GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note I, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Manzanita, Tillamook County, Oregon's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Manzanita, Tillamook County, Oregon's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Manzanita, Tillamook County, Oregon's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Manzanita, Tillamook County, Oregon's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements and budgetary comparison information, if applicable, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements and budgetary comparison information, if applicable, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The other financial schedules, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2024 on our tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Manzanita's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Accuity, LLC

Glen O. Kearns, CPA

Albany, Oregon November 13, 2024

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,638,644	\$ 1,168,107	\$ 5,806,751
Restricted assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,160,734	2,810,575	3,971,309
Notes receivable - housing rehab loans	142,754		142,754
Total restricted assets	1,303,488	2,810,575	4,114,063
Capital assets not being depreciated	4,510,904	990,612	5,501,516
Capital assets being depreciated, net	3,129,216	6,704,857	9,834,073
Total assets	13,582,252	11,674,151	25,256,403
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Long-term debt, current portion	187,805	85,000	272,805
Noncurrent liabilities			
Long-term debt, less current portion	1,157,702	2,440,000	3,597,702
Total liabilities	1,345,507	2,525,000	3,870,507
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	6,294,613	5,170,469	11,465,082
Restricted for:			
System development	-	2,810,575	2,810,575
Building department	257,766	-	257,766
Capital projects and street maintenance	26,785	-	26,785
Special projects	226,520	-	226,520
Tourism promotion	649,663	-	649,663
Unrestricted	4,781,398	1,168,107	5,949,505
Total net position	\$ 12,236,745	\$ 9,149,151	\$ 21,385,896

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				I	Program Revenues	ies			Net (I Cha	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	evenu et Posi	e and tion	
					Operating		Capital						
			ე	Charges for	Grants and	J	Grants and	Ğ	Governmental Business-Type	Business	-Type		
Functions/Programs	Exp	Expenses	S	Services	Contributions		Contributions	7	Activities	Activities	ies		Totals
Governmental activities] [
General government	\$ 1,	1,352,619	\$	362,802	\$	8	000'09	\$	(929,817)	\$	1	\$	(929,817)
Public safety		786,539		240,857	ı		1		(545,682)		ı		(545,682)
Highways and streets		135,453		161,841			ı		26,388		1		26,388
Culture and recreation		202,181		1	•		1		(202,181)		1		(202,181)
Interest expense		17,020		1	'		ı		(17,020)		1		(17,020)
Unallocated depreciation		219,072		-			ı		(219,072)		1		(219,072)
Total governmental													
activities	\$ 2,	\$ 2,712,884	&	765,500	\$	⊕ ∥	000'09		(1,887,384)		1		(1,887,384)
Business-Type activities	4	() ()	+	, , ,	4	+				;	(
Water	\$ 	\$ 1,086,370	.	\$ 1,706,191	÷	 ⊪			1	61	619,821)	619,821 (bound)
												2	(communa)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

(continued)

	I	, Program Revenues	S	Net (1 Cha	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	e and ion
	Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totals
General revenues	S					
Property taxes				269,776	ı	269,776
Transient lodging tax	ing tax			1,841,968	l	1,841,968
State highway tax	tax			49,754	ı	49,754
Alcohol and cigarette taxes	garette taxes			12,077	ı	12,077
Privilege taxes				1,335	ı	1,335
Franchise fees				162,794	ı	162,794
Unrestricted gr	Unrestricted grants and contributions	outions		6,020	1	6,020
State revenue sharing	sharing			25,059	ı	25,059
Investment earnings	nings			293,146	170,996	464,142
Sale of assets				638,351	ı	638,351
Miscellaneous				49,752	11,407	61,159
Total general 1	revenues			3,350,032	182,403	3,532,435
Transfers				208,000	(208,000)	
Change in net position	position			1,670,648	594,224	2,264,872
Net position - beginning	ginning			10,566,097	8,554,927	19,121,024
Net position - ending	ding			\$ 12,236,745	\$ 9,149,151	\$ 21,385,896

BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2024

			0,	Special Revenue Funds	enne	Funds		Capital Projects Funds	ects F	nnds				
		,	To	Tourism		;			ı ک	City Hall	Ž	Nonmajor	(Total
	-	General Fund	Pro & Fa	Promotion & Facilities		Building Fund		Road Fund	ਮੁੰ	Expansion Fund	200	Governmental Funds	<u>Ó</u>	Governmental Funds
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents Notes receivable	\$	3,585,423	↔	649,663	\$	257,766	↔	509,721	\$	262,731	\$	534,074 142,754	↔	5,799,378 142,754
Total assets	\$	3,585,423	\$	649,663	\$	257,766	\$	509,721	\$	262,731	\$	676,828	8	5,942,132
OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - housing rehab loans	\$		&		&	1	⊕	1	€		↔	142,754	€	142,754
FUND BALANCES Restricted Committed Unassigned		3,585,423		649,663		257,766		509,721		262,731		253,305		1,160,734 1,053,221 3,585,423
Total fund balances		3,585,423	ļ	649,663		257,766		509,721		262,731		534,074		5,799,378
Total deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	↔	3,585,423	&	649,663	\$	257,766	8	509,721	&	262,731	⊗	676,828	⊗	5,942,132

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

June 30, 2024

Total fund balances	\$ 5,799,378
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds: Cost Accumulated depreciation 10,872,128 (3,232,008)	7,640,120
Long-term liabilities are not due or payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather, is recognized as an expenditure when due. These liabilities consist of:	
Notes payable Housing rehabilitation loans are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are therefore deferred in the fund statements	(1,345,507) 142,754
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 12,236,745

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Sc	ecial Reve	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Pro	Capital Projects Funds			
		Tol	Tourism		 	4	City Hall	Nonmaior		Total
	General	Pron	Promotion	Building		Road	Expansion	Governmental	Gove	Governmental
	Fund	& Fa	& Facilities	Fund		Fund	Fund	Funds		Funds
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$ 269,776	\$	ı	\$	-	ı	\$	\$	8	269,776
Intergovernmental	61,200		•			ı	ı	ı		61,200
Licenses, fees, and permits	305,627		1	191,377	_	1	1	91,574		588,578
Franchise fees	63,501		1			99,293	1	1		162,794
State liquor taxes	11,661		ı		,	•	ı	ı		11,661
State cigarette taxes	416		1		ı	1	1	1		416
State revenue sharing	25,059		ı		1	1	1	1		25,059
State highway tax	ı		1		1	49,754	1	1		49,754
Excise tax	1,335		1		1	1	1	1		1,335
Grants and contributions	6,020		ı		1	1	900'09	1		66,020
Short-term rental tax	1,556,091		285,877		ı	1	1	1		1,841,968
Fines and forfeitures	808'06		1		1	ı	1	24,914		115,722
Investment earnings	227,908		6,387			23,182	2,491	33,178		293,146
Other revenue	35,209		1			14,543	1	1		49,752
Total revenues	2,654,611		292,264	191,377		186,772	62,491	149,666		3,537,181
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government	1,097,943		1	166,867	_	1	386,154	4,523		1,655,487
Public safety	777,246		1			ı	ı	107,221		884,467
Highways and streets	ı		1			115,733	1	5,326		121,059
Culture and recreation	19,709		172,860			1	1	1		192,569
Debt service	l		50,868			ı	155,332	l		206,200
Capital outlay	5,803		4,431		-	387,720	1,019,813	117,823		1,535,590
Total expenditures	1,900,701		228,159	166,867		503,453	1,561,299	234,893		4,595,372
				6					00)	(continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Special Revenue Funds	evenue F	spun	Cap	Capital Projects Funds	s Funds				
		Tourism					City Hall	Nonmajor	ajor	Total	
	General	Promotion	Bu	Building	Road	7	Expansion	Governmental	nental	Governmental	ental
(continued)	Fund	& Facilities	I	Fund	Fund	1	Fund	Funds	ds	Funds	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	753,910	64,105		24,510	(31	(316,681)	(1,498,808)	(8	(85,227)	(1,058,191)	(191)
OTHER FINANCING											
SOURCES (USES)											
Sale of assets	638,351	•		ı		ı	l		ı	929	638,351
Loan proceeds	920'599	'		1		1	1		1	699	663,056
Transfers in	218,332	,		1	10	100,000	1,510,056	7	78,535	1,906,923	,923
Transfers out	(1,662,891)			(27,332)		(8,700)	1		1	(1,698,923)	(523)
5 T T T T E											
Total other financing	(142 153)			(000 40)	C	01 200	7 510 056		70 52	1 500 407	407
sources (uses)	(143,132)			(2,7352)		006,1	0000101		0,333	EUC'T	/40/
Net change in fund balances	610,758	64,105		(2,822)	(22	(225,381)	11,248	O	(6,692)	451	451,216
Fund balances - beginning	2,974,665	585,558		260,588	73	735,102	251,483	54	540,766	5,348,162	,162
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,585,423	\$ 649,663	⊕	257,766	\$ 50	509,721 \$	262,731	\$ 53	534,074	\$ 5,799,378	378

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

451,216
1,700,005
(480,573)
1,670,648
(4

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2024

	Business-Ty	pe Ac	tivities - Entei	prise	Funds
	Water Operating	De	iter System velopment Charges		Totals
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,168,107	\$	-	\$	1,168,107
Restricted assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	-		2,810,575		2,810,575
Capital assets not being depreciated	990,612		-		990,612
Capital assets being depreciated, net	 6,704,857				6,704,857
Total assets	 8,863,576		2,810,575		11,674,151
LIABILITIES Current liabilities					
Long-term debt, current portion	85,000		-		85,000
Noncurrent liabilities					
Long-term debt, less current portion	 2,440,000				2,440,000
Total liabilities	 2,525,000				2,525,000
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	5,170,469		-		5,170,469
System development	_		2,810,575		2,810,575
Unrestricted	 1,168,107				1,168,107
Total net position	\$ 6,338,576	\$	2,810,575	\$	9,149,151

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Business-Typ	pe Activities - Ente	rprise Funds
		Water System	
	Water	Development	
	Operating	Charges	Totals
Operating revenues			
Water charges	\$ 1,575,094	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 1,575,094
Total operating revenues	1,575,094		1,575,094
Operating expenses			
Payroll and related costs	463,733	-	463,733
Plant and well operations	239,240	11,230	250,470
Depreciation	279,111		279,111
Total operating expenses	982,084	11,230	993,314
Operating income (loss)	593,010	(11,230)	581,780
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
System development charges	-	131,097	131,097
Other income	10,567	840	11,407
Investment earnings	68,676	102,320	170,996
Interest expense	(93,056)	<u> </u>	(93,056)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(13,813)	234,257	220,444
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	579,197	223,027	802,224
Transfers in	219,521	-	219,521
Transfers out	(208,000)	(219,521)	(427,521)
Change in net position	590,718	3,506	594,224
Total net position - beginning	5,747,858	2,807,069	8,554,927
Total net position - ending	\$ 6,338,576	\$ 2,810,575	\$ 9,149,151

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
		Water System			
	Water	Development	m . 1		
CACHARIA ON ICE ED ON A ODED A TINIC A CTIMITUTE	Operating	Charges	Totals		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	ф 1 EEE 004	φ	ф 1 F7F 004		
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,575,094	\$ -	\$ 1,575,094		
Cash payments for payroll and related costs Cash payments for operating expenses	(463,733) (239,240)	(11,230)	(463,733) (250,470)		
Cash payments for operating expenses	(237,240)	(11,230)	(230,470)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	872,121	(11,230)	860,891		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Miscellaneous revenues	10,567	840	11,407		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	10,567	840	11,407		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES					
System development charges	=	131,097	131,097		
Long-term debt payments	(173,056)	-	-		
Capital asset purchases	-	(219,521)	(219,521)		
Transfers from (to) other funds for capital purchases	(208,000)		(208,000)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing					
activities	(381,056)	(88,424)	(469,480)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Investment earnings	68,676	102,320	170,996		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	68,676	102,320	170,996		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	570,308	3,506	562,407		
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	597,799	2,807,069	3,404,868		
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 1,168,107	\$ 2,810,575	\$ 3,978,682		
			(Continued)		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

(Continued)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water System					
V	Vater	Dev	elopment			
_ Op	erating	Charges			Totals	
nciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
vided (used) by operating activities:						
perating income (loss) \$	593,010	\$	(11,230)	\$	581,780	
djustments to reconcile operating income to net cash						
provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation	279,111				279,111	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	872 121	\$	(11 230)	\$	860,891	
	0,2,121	<u>—</u>	(11/200)	Ψ	000,071	
ash investing, capital, and financing activities						
stributions of capital assets \$	219,521	\$	(219,521)	\$	-	
perating income (loss) to net cash wided (used) by operating activities: perating income (loss) \$ djustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$ ash investing, capital, and financing activities	593,010 279,111 872,121	\$	(11,230)	\$	581,7 279,1	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Manzanita have been prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting principles are described below.

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental Activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

B. Reporting Entity

The City of Manzanita, Oregon operates under the 1992 Manzanita Charter. The government of the City consists of an elected mayor and four council members. The mayor serves a two-year term and the council members serve four-year terms. The city council appoints the city manager, an additional officer of the City.

C. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from all governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments and other charges between the government's various functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Tourism Promotion & Facilities Fund – The Tourism Promotion & Facilities Fund accounts for the portion of transient lodging taxes required by Oregon law to be spent on tourism promotion and/or tourist related facilities for lodging tax increases enacted after 2003.

Building Fund – The Building Fund accounts for restricted revenues from building inspections and plan reviews. The funds are restricted by State law for building department related expenses.

Capital Projects Funds

Road Fund – The Road Fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of financial resources that are generally restricted for use on the City's streets.

City Hall Expansion Fund – The City Hall Expansion Fund accounts for revenues transferred from the General Fund, sale of surplus property, investment earnings, and carryover. The fund is maintained to address the city hall office space needs when appropriate.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds

Water Operating Fund – The Water Operating Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

Water System Development Charges Fund – The Water System Development Charges Fund accumulates resources restricted to expenditure on water system construction, reconstruction, major upgrades, equipment, and other long-term investments in the City's water collection, storage, and distribution systems.

Additionally, the City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Fund

Housing Rehabilitation Revolving Loan Fund – The Housing Rehabilitation Revolving Loan Fund accounts for the repayment of no-interest loans for housing rehabilitation funded by a federal community development block grant. The money may only be used for new no-interest loans to qualified homeowners. The City has a contract with Community Action Team, Inc. (CAT) to identify qualified homeowners for possible loans.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Municipal Court Trust Fund – The Municipal Court Trust Fund accounts for collections and disbursements of monies resulting from municipal court proceedings.

Performance Guarantee Deposit Fund – The Performance Guarantee Deposit Fund accounts for collections and disbursements of monies related to the South 4th Place Drainage project.

Capital Projects Funds

Park Facility Fund – The Park Facility Fund accounts for revenues related to system development charges from new residences, private donations, and investment earnings. Expenditures are proposed when a new park-related project is identified.

Public Safety Equipment and Facilities Reserve Fund – The Public Safety Equipment and Facilities Reserve Fund, authorized by ORS 294.525, was established by Ordinance 98-06. This fund accounts for revenues transferred from the General Fund for the purchase of vehicles, vehicle equipment, police and emergency medical equipment, and training facilities. Transfers from the General Fund are proposed and based on an updated analysis, determining the amount to be set aside each year for the replacement of all police equipment over time.

Public Works Equipment Reserve Fund – The Public Works Equipment Reserve Fund accounts for revenues transferred from the Water Operating Fund and the Road Fund for the purchase of vehicles, vehicle equipment, and any other equipment used for the maintenance of the water system, storm drainage system, streets, and parks.

Storm Drain Facilities Fund – The Storm Drain Facilities Fund accounts for revenues related to system development charges from new residences, investment earnings, and cash carryover. Primary expenditures are for the installation of storm drains in critical areas, as identified in the Storm Drainage Master Plan.

Timber Management Fund – The Timber Management Fund accounts for revenues generated by the periodic sale of timber on City-owned property. The fund is used for managing City-owned timber resources and for major capital improvement projects.

Building Reserve Fund – The Building Reserve Fund accounts for revenues transferred from the Building Fund for vehicles for the building department staff for inspections, or for other capital equipment needs of the building department.

Certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated, so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as described below.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The operating statements present sources and uses of available expendable financial resources during a given period. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt is reported as other financing source.

In the government-wide financial statements, proprietary funds, and the fund financial statements, governmental activities are presented using the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures when they result from cash transactions, with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenues for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in the financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements would use the modified accrual basis of accounting and the government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

F. Budgetary Information

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on the cash basis of accounting. The City budgets all funds in accordance with the requirements of state law. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, capital projects, and enterprise funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

The City begins its budgeting process by appointing budget committee members. The budget officer prepares a budget, which is reviewed by the budget committee. The budget is then published in proposed form and is presented at public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments and approval from the budget committee. The city council legally adopts the budget by resolution prior to the beginning of the City's fiscal year. The council resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total personnel services, materials and services, debt service, capital outlay, and contingency for each fund are the levels of control established by the resolution. The detailed budget document, however, is required to contain more specific detailed information for the aforementioned expenditure categories and management may revise the detailed line-item budgets within appropriation categories.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution. The city council may adopt supplemental budgets less than 10% of a fund's original budget at a regular council meeting. A supplemental budget greater than 10% of a fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers, and approval by the city council. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by the city council. During the year, there was one supplemental budget. The City does not use encumbrances and appropriations lapse at year-end.

Budget amounts shown in the financial statements reflect the original budget amounts and one approved supplemental budget.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Deferred Outflows and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

State statutes authorize the City to invest in legally issued general obligations of the United States, the agencies and instrumentalities of the United States and the states of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, or California, certain interest-bearing bonds, time deposit open accounts, certificates of deposit, and savings accounts in banks, mutual savings banks, and savings and loan associations that maintain a head office or a branch in this state in the capacity of a bank, mutual savings bank, or savings and loan association, and share accounts and savings accounts in credit unions in the name of, or for the benefit of, a member of the credit union pursuant to a plan of deferred compensation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

3. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable represent amounts due from property owners for loans made for housing rehabilitation. The original funding for these loans was a housing rehabilitation grant received by the City. The loans are secured by real property, do not bear interest, and generally are due when the real property is transferred or otherwise sold. Accordingly, the outstanding receivable balances are restricted for future rehabilitation loans.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets resulting from cash transactions, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost where no historical records exist.

The costs of normal maintenance or repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend its life are charged to expenditures as incurred and are not capitalized. Major capital outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Vehicles and Equipment	3-25
Buildings	10-50
Infrastructure	10-50
Water System	10-70

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will therefore not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will therefore not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified cash basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from housing rehabilitation loans. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

6. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the government's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

7. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balances to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

8. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The city council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council (Council) has by resolution authorized the City Manager to assign fund balance. The Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to remove or revise a commitment.

The City reports fund equity in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are in nonspendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. board of directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts that City intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the board of directors or by an official or body to which the board of directors delegates authority.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

The City has not formally adopted a minimum fund balance policy.

H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

2. Property Taxes

Under state law, county governments are responsible for extending authorized property tax levies, computing tax rates, billing and collecting all property taxes, and making periodic remittances of collection to entities levying taxes. Property taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 on property values assessed as of June 30. Property taxes are payable in three installments, which are due on November 15, February 15, and May 15.

3. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the City requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Deposits and Investments

The City of Manzanita maintains a cash and cash equivalents pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the fund financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

Additionally, several funds held separate cash accounts. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their combined cash and investment balances. Investments, including amounts held in pooled cash and investments, are stated at fair value. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. The City participates in an external investment pool (State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool). The Pool is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The State's investment policies are governed by the Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) and the Oregon Investment Council (OIC).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the OIC and is responsible for all funds in the State Treasury. These funds are invested exercising reasonable care, skill, and caution. Investments in the Pool are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which established diversification percentages and specifies the types and maturities of investments.

The portion of the external investment pool which belongs to local government investment participants is reported in an Investment Trust Fund in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). A copy of the State's ACFR may be obtained at the Oregon State Treasury, 350 Winter St. N.E., Salem, Oregon 97310-0840.

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or price paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based on the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices for identical investments in active markets.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs.

There were no transfers of assets or liabilities among the three levels of the fair value hierarchy for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Fair values of assets measured on a recurring basis at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	 Level 2
Investments:	
Oregon Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 9,636,685

Credit Risk

Oregon statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the Local Government Investment Pool. The City has not adopted an investment policy regarding credit risk; however, investments comply with state statutes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increases in interest rates.

Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the City had the following investments:

	Credit Quality		
	Rating	Fair Value	
Oregon Local Government Investment Pool	Unrated	Unrated -	

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City does not have a formal policy that places a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one insurer. 100 percent of the City's investments are in the Oregon Local Government Investment Pool.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Investments</u>

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy that limits the amount of investments that can be held by counterparties.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u>

This is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. All City deposits not covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance are covered by the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) of the State of Oregon, organized in accordance with ORS 295.

The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories. Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at a minimum of 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are considered well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are considered adequately capitalized, or 110% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are considered undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of the State Treasurer. In the event of a bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities.

The City holds an account at US Bank, for which deposits are insured up to \$250,000. At June 30, 2024 the City had deposits of \$250,000 fully insured by the FDIC and \$120,661 collateralized by the PFCP.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Deposits

The City's deposits and investments at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Checking accounts Total investments	\$ 141,375 9,636,685
Total deposits and investments	\$ 9,778,060
Cash and investments by fund:	
Governmental activities - unrestricted	
General Fund	\$ 3,585,423
Road Fund	509,721
City Hall Expansion Fund	262,731
Nonmajor governmental funds	 280,769
Total governmental activities - unrestricted	 4,638,644
Business-type activities - unrestricted	
Water Operating Fund	 1,168,107
Subtotal unrestricted cash and investments	 5,806,751
Governmental activities - restricted	
Tourism and Promotion Fund	649,663
Building Fund	257,766
Nonmajor governmental funds	 253,305
Total governmental activities - restricted	 1,160,734
Business-type activities - restricted	
Water System Development Charges Fund	 2,810,575
Subtotal restricted cash and investments	 3,971,309
Total cash and investments	\$ 9,778,060

Restricted cash is for tourism promotion, building department, housing rehabilitation loans, and future system development improvements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

B. Capital Assets

Governmental capital asset activity resulting from modified cash basis transactions for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning	Іпачаласа	Подполого	Ending Balance		
Governmental activities	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Darance		
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land and improvements	\$ 2,154,139	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,154,139		
Construction in progress	548,891	1,807,874		2,356,765		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,703,030	1,807,874		4,510,904		
Capital assets being depreciated						
Buildings	1,303,416	-	_	1,303,416		
Vehicles and equipment	665,952	111,203	-	<i>777,</i> 155		
Infrastructure	4,280,653			4,280,653		
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,250,021	111,203		6,361,224		
Less accumulated depreciation for						
Buildings	(646,334)	(22,034)	-	(668,368)		
Vehicles and equipment	(357,270)	(43,055)	-	(400,325)		
Infrastructure	(2,009,332)	(153,983)		(2,163,315)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,012,936)	(219,072)		(3,232,008)		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,237,085	(107,869)		3,129,216		
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,940,115	\$ 1,700,005	<u>\$</u>	\$ 7,640,120		

Governmental capital assets are reported on the statement of net position as follows:

	Capital Assets		 ecumulated epreciation			
Governmental activities			 			
Land and improvements	\$	2,154,139	\$ -	\$	2,154,139	
Construction in progress		2,356,765	-		2,356,765	
Buildings		1,303,416	(668,368)		635,048	
Vehicles and equipment		<i>777,</i> 155	(400,325)		376,830	
Infrastructure		4,280,653	 (2,163,315)		2,117,338	
Total governmental activities capital assets	\$	10,872,128	\$ (3,232,008)	\$	7,640,120	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Business-type capital asset activity resulting from modified cash basis transactions for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		D	ecrease	es		Ending Balance
Business-type activities									
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land and improvements	\$	153,147	\$	-	\$		-	\$	153,147
Construction in progress		617,944		219,521	_				837,465
Total capital assets not being depreciated		771,091		219,521					990,612
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings		115,709		-			_		115,709
Vehicles and equipment		163,014		_			_	163,014	
Water system		11,467,601							11,467,601
Total capital assets being depreciated		11,746,324	_						11,746,324
Less accumulated depreciation for									
Buildings		(79,393)		(2,785)			-		(82,178)
Vehicles and equipment		(84,739) (12,262)				_		(97,001)	
Water system		(4,598,224)	(264,064)					(4,862,288)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(4,762,356)	(279,111)				(5,041,467)		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		6,983,968		(279,111)					6,704,857
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	7,755,059	\$	(59,590)	<u>\$</u>		<u>-</u>	\$	7,695,469
Business-type capital assets are reported on the	e state	ement of ne	t po	sition as fo	llow	s:			
Business-type activities									
Land and improvements	\$	153,147	7	\$	_	\$	15	3,147	7
Construction in progress	837,465			-			837,465		
Buildings		115,709)	(82,2				3,531	L
Vehicles and equipment		163,014	Į.	(97,0	001)		6	6,013	3
Water system	_	11,467,601	<u> </u>	(4,862,288) 6,			6,605,313		
Tetally arises to see that the control of the	æ	10.727.027	_	ф. /F.O.41	4 (7)	ф	7.00	E 460	`

12,736,936

(5,041,467)

7,695,469

Total business-type activities capital assets

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Total capital assets are reported on the statement of net position as follows:

	Governmental Activities			siness-Type Activities	Total		
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	4,510,904 3,129,216	\$	990,612 6,704,857	\$	5,501,516 9,834,073	
Total capital assets	\$	7,640,120	\$	7,695,469	\$	15,335,589	

For the governmental activities, depreciation was not charged to specific functions or programs of the City. Capital assets of the City's governmental activities are for the use of the entire City and are therefore unallocated.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities	
Unallocated depreciation expense	\$ 219,072
Business-type activities	
Water	\$ 279,111

C. Interfund Transfers

The City's interfund transfers during the year consisted of the following:

		Transfers in:											
		City Hall		Nonmajor									
	General	Expansion	Road	Governmental									
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total								
Transfers out:													
Governmental activities													
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 1,510,056	\$ 100,000	\$ 52,835	\$ 1,662,891								
Building Fund	27,332	_	_	-	27,332								
Road Fund	-	-	-	8,700	8,700								
Business-type activities													
Water Operating Fund	191,000	<u> </u>		17,000	208,000								
Total	\$ 218,332	<u>\$ 1,510,056</u>	\$ 100,000	\$ 78,535	<u>\$ 1,906,923</u>								

The principal purposes of the interfund transfers were to transfer resources into reserve funds for future expenses.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

D. Long-Term Liabilities

1. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions for the year:

	Interest Rate	Original Amount	0 0		Additions Reductions				Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities												
Visitor Center Note	3.35%	\$ 575,000	\$	210,855	\$	-	\$	44,171	\$	166,684	\$	45,663
Underhill Plaza Note	2.75%	1,350,000		654,079		-		138,312		515,767		142,142
Business Oregon Note	2.10%	5,134,631		_		663,056				663,056		
Total Governmental Act	ivities	\$ 7,059,631	<u>\$</u>	864,934	\$	663,056	\$	182,483	\$	1,345,507	\$	187,805
Business-type activities												
FF&C Refunding Bonds	3.0-4.0%	\$ 2,960,000	\$	2,605,000	\$		\$	80,000	\$	2,525,000	\$	85,000

2. Governmental Activities - Visitor Center Note Payable

The City obtained a note payable on January 17, 2013 for the construction of a visitor's center, which is pledged as collateral. The face amount of the note is \$575,000. A portion of the proceeds was used to pay off the loan payable used to obtain the land for the building. The note calls for interest of 3.35% paid semi-annually. The note will be paid with proceeds from the increase in the transient room tax increase passed by the City Council in 2012. If the City is unable to make payments, the agreement contains an event of default; the lender may declare the entire unpaid principal balance and all accrued unpaid interest immediately due. The Tourism Promotion & Facilities Fund has traditionally been used to liquidate the obligation.

3. Governmental Activities - Underhill Plaza Note Payable

The City obtained a note payable on September 22, 2017 for the purchase of Underhill Plaza, which is pledged as collateral. The face amount of the note is \$1,350,000. The note calls for interest of 2.75% paid semi-annually. If the City is unable to make payments for longer than 90 days, the agreement contains an event of default; the lender may, in addition to pursuing other remedies, increase the interest rate by 3.00 percentage points. The City Hall Expansion Fund has traditionally been used to liquidate the obligation.

4. Governmental Activities - Business Oregon Note

The City obtained a note payable on February 7, 2024 for the new City Hall, which is pledged as collateral. The face amount of the note is \$5,134,631, of which only \$663,056 had been drawn down as of year end. The note calls for interest of 2.1%, but the rate will change once locked in.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

5. Governmental Activities - Future Maturities of Long-Term Liabilities

Year Ending		I	⁷ isito	r Center No	te		Underhill Plaza Note							
June 30	P	rincipal		Interest	Total		I	Principal		Principal		Interest	Total	
2025	\$	45,663	\$	5,205	\$	50,868	\$	142,142	\$	13,191	\$	155,333		
2026		47,206		3,662		50,868		146,077		9,255		155,332		
2027		48,799		2,069		50,868		150,123		5,211		155,334		
2028		25,016		418		25,434		77,425		1,053		78,478		
	ď	166 694	\$	11 254	\$	170 020	\$	E1E 767	\$	20 710	\$	E44 477		
	Φ	166,684	D	11,354	Φ	178,038	D	515,767	D	28,710	D	544,477		

6. Business-Type Activities - Full Faith and Credit Refunding Bonds

On May 30, 2018, the City entered into an agreement for the refinance of the series 2002 water revenue bonds. The City financed \$2,960,000 plus interest ranging from 3.00%-4.00% per the original debt agreement. The Water Operating Fund has traditionally been used to liquidate the obligation. Assets of the City are pledged as collateral. If the City is unable to make payments, the agreement contains an event of default; the lender may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity.

7. Business-Type Activity Future Maturities of Long-Term Liabilities

Year Ending	 FF	efunding Bo	Bonds				
June 30	Principal		Interest		Total		
2025	\$ 85,000	\$	88,957	\$	173,957		
2026	85,000		85,556		170,556		
2027	90,000		82,056		172,056		
2028	95,000		78,356		173,356		
2029	95,000		75,031		170,031		
2030-2034	530,000		327,116		857,116		
2035-2039	625,000		228,482		853,482		
2040-2044	750,000		103,704		853,704		
2045	 170,000		3,188		173,188		
	\$ 2,525,000	\$	1,072,446	\$	3,597,446		

8. Interest Expense

The City paid \$17,020 and \$93,056 in interest on long-term liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2024 from governmental and business-type activities, respectively.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

E. Constraints on Fund Balances

Constraints on fund balances reported on the balance sheet are as follows:

Total	Governmental	Funds			\$ 121,345	257,766	26,785	649,663	49,649	55,526		509,721	262,731	51,178	229,591	3,585,423	\$ 5.799,378
Nonmajor	Governmental	Funds			3 121,345	1	26,785	ı	49,649	55,526		1	1	51,178	229,591	1	534.074
City Hall	_	Fund			+	1	1	1	1	1		1	262,731	1	1	1	\$ 152.737
	Road	Fund			٠	1	1	1	ı	ı		509,721	1	ı	1	'	509.721
					\$												G
	Building	Fund			ı	257,766	1	1	1	ı		•	1	'	1		992.756
					\$												æ
Tourism	Promotion	& Facilities			ı	ı	l	649,663	l	l		ı	1	ı	ı	1	649,663
	-	8			\$												÷
	General	Fund			•	•	l	l	l	l		1	1	l	•	3,585,423	\$ 3.585.423
					\$												æ
			Fund balances:	Restricted:	Special projects	Building department	Capital projects	Tourism promotion	Municipal court	Streets and roads	Committed:	Streets and roads	City Hall expansion	Capital projects	Equipment purchases	Unassigned	Total fund halances

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

III. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There was no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year. There were no insurance settlements exceeding insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

B. Retirement Plans

1. Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

General Information about the Pension Plan

The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) consists of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan (Plan) for units of state government, political subdivisions, community colleges, and school districts, containing multiple actuarial pools. Plan assets may be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pensions through the Plan. As of June 30, 2023, there were 945 participating employers.

Plan Membership

As of June 30, 2023, there were 9,502 active plan members, 128,931 retired plan members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits, 7,566 inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits, for a total of 145,999 Tier One members. For Tier Two members, as of June 30, 2023, there were 25,243 active plan members, 22,647 retired plan members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits, 12,835 inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits, for a total of 60,725 Tier Two members. For Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) Pension Program members, as of June 30, 2023, there were 153,991 active plan members, 11,959 retired plan members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits, 9,492 inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits, and 23,207 inactive plan members not eligible for refund or retirements, for a total of 198,649 OPSRP Pension Program members.

Plan Benefits

Plan benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A, and Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a).

<u>Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (Chapter 238)</u> - OPERS is a defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living-adjustments, and death benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are established by state statute. This defined benefit pension plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Pension Benefits

The OPERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options that are actuarially equivalent to the base benefit. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members).

General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. Police and Fire members may purchase increased benefits that are payable between the date of retirement and age 65.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- Member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- Member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- Member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- Member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes after Retirement

Members may choose to continue participation in their variable account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations caused by changes in the fair value of the underlying global equity investments of that account. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit, in accordance with *Moro* decision. The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

<u>OPSRP Defined Benefit Pension Program (OPSRP DB)</u> – This Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Pension Benefits

This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and Fire – 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General Service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit, in accordance with *Moro* decision. The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

<u>OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)</u> - Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of OPERS and is administered by the OPERS Board.

Pension Benefits

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP), may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Contributions

OPERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the OPERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 20, 2021. The State of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivisions have made unfunded actuarial liability payments, and their rates have been reduced. Member contributions are set by statute at six percent of salary and are remitted by participating employers. The contributions are either deducted from member salaries or paid by the employers on the members' behalf. As permitted, the City has opted to pick-up the contributions on behalf of its employees. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$368,865.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available by contacting PERS at the following address: PO Box 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700, or can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/ACFR/2023-ACFR.pdf

Actuarial Valuations

The employer contribution rates effective June 30, 2023 were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2021						
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023						
Experience Study	2020, published July 20, 2021						
Actuarial Assumptions:							
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal						
Inflation Rate	2.40 percent						
Long-term Expected Rate of Return	6.90 percent						
Discount Rate	6.90 percent						
Projected Salary Increases	3.40 percent						
Cost of living adjustment (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/.15%) in accordance with <i>Moro</i> decision; blend based on service.						

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Mortality	Health retirees and beneficiaries: Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active members: Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees: Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are on the 2020 Experience Study, which reviewed experience for the four-year period ended December 31, 2020. There were no differences between the assumptions and plan provisions used for June 30, 2023 measurement date calculations compared to those shown above.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Assets are valued at their market value. Gains and losses between odd-year valuations are amortized as a level percentage of combined valuation payroll over 20 years from the odd-year valuation in which they are first recognized. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of Oregon PERS and additions to/deductions from Oregon PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Oregon PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Depletion Date Projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for OPERS:

- PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is our third-party actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in January 2023 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. For more information on the Plan's portfolio, assumed asset allocation, and the long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class, calculated using both arithmetic and geometric means, see PERS' audited financial statements at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/ACFR/2023-ACFR.pdf

OIC Target and Actual Investment Allocation as of June 30, 2023

Asset Class/Strategy	OIC Policy Low Range	OIC Policy <u>High Range</u>	OIC Target <u>Allocation</u> ²	Actual <u>Allocation</u>
Debt Securities	20.0%	30.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	22.5%	32.5%	27.5%	23.3%
Real Estate	9.0%	16.5%	12.5%	13.6%
Private Equity	17.5%	27.5%	20.0%	26.5%
Real Assets	2.5%	10.0%	7.5%	9.1%
Diversifying Strategies	2.5%	10.0%	7.5%	5.0%
Opportunity Portfolio ¹	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%	2.5%
Total			100.0%	100.0%

¹Opportunity Portfolio is an investment strategy. Up to 5% of total Fund assets may be invested in it.

C. Commitments

1. Water Transmission Line

The City has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the City of Wheeler for the development, management, maintenance, and control of a water well field and water transmission line. The term of the agreement is 40 years and will then continue on a year-to-year basis unless terminated by one of the parties.

2. Police Services Agreement

The City has entered into police service agreements with the City of Wheeler, the City of Nehalem, and the Oregon Parks and Recreation Department, where the City of Manzanita will provide police services for a fixed price.

² The target allocation of Debt Securities is increased by 5% and Public Equity is reduced by 2.5% from FY2022, and the allocation to Risk Parity is eliminated.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

3. Construction Commitments

The City entered into multiple construction contracts during the year which were not completed at year end. Total contract commitments outstanding at year end totaled \$5,287,128.

D. New Pronouncements

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City implemented the following new accounting standards:

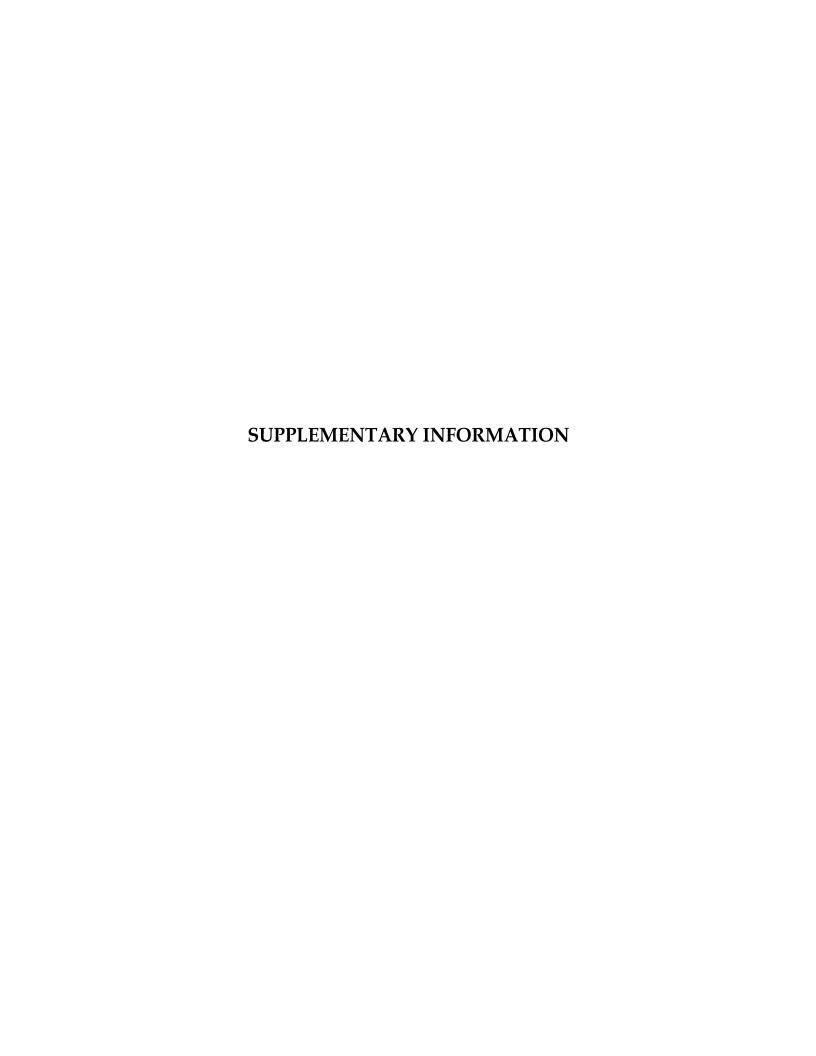
GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. This statement was issued in June 2022 to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.

The City will implement applicable new GASB pronouncements no later than the required fiscal year. Management has not determined the effect on the financial statements for implementing any of the following pronouncements:

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures. This statement will improve reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information that currently is not often provided. The disclosures will provide users with timely information regarding certain concentrations or constraints and related events that have occurred or have begun to occur that make a government vulnerable to a substantial impact. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

E. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 13, 2024, which was the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

			Variance with		Actual		
	Original	Final	Final Budget	Budget		Modified	
	Budget	Budget	Over (Under)	Basis	Adjustments	Cash Basis	
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ 263,500	\$ 263,500	\$ 6,276	\$ 269,776	\$ -	\$ 269,776	
Intergovernmental	55,560	55,560	5,640	61,200	-	61,200	
Licenses, fees, and							
permits	258,000	258,000	47,627	305,627	-	305,627	
Franchise fees	67,900	67,900	(4,399)	63,501	-	63,501	
State liquor taxes	11,820	11,820	(159)	11,661	-	11,661	
State cigarette taxes	600	600	(184)	416	-	416	
State revenue sharing	17,670	17,670	7,389	25,059	-	25,059	
Excise taxes	6,120	6,120	(4,785)	1,335	-	1,335	
Grants and							
contributions	-	-	6,020	6,020	-	6,020	
Short-term rental tax	1,300,000	1,300,000	256,091	1,556,091	-	1,556,091	
Fines and forfeitures	20,000	20,000	70,808	90,808	-	90,808	
Investment earnings	20,000	20,000	207,908	227,908	-	227,908	
Other revenue			35,209	35,209		35,209	
Total revenues	2,021,170	2,021,170	633,441	2,654,611	<u> </u>	2,654,611	
EXPENDITURES							
Administration-110	1,265,410	1,265,410	(169,748)	1,095,662	-	1,095,662	
Police department-125	798,853	798,853	(63,317)	735,536	-	735,536	
Court department-130	45,955	45,955	(4,382)	41,573	-	41,573	
Parks department-135	32,110	32,110	(12,264)	19,846	-	19,846	
Non-departmental-190	1,030,000	4,030,000	(2,359,025)	1,670,975	(1,662,891)	8,084	
Contingency	129,000	129,000	(129,000)				
Total expenditures	3,301,328	6,301,328	(2,737,736)	3,563,592	(1,662,891)	1,900,701	
T (1.0) (
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over (under)	(1.000.150)	(4.000.150)	0 001 100	(000,004)	1 ((2 001	752.040	
expenditures	(1,280,158)	(4,280,158)	3,371,177	(908,981)	1,662,891	753,910	
						(continued)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

(continued)			Variance with		Actual	
	Original	Final	Final Budget	Budget		Modified
	Budget	Budget	Over (Under)	Basis	Adjustments	Cash Basis
OTHER FINANCING			<u> </u>			
SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of assets	500,000	500,000	138,351	638,351	-	638,351
Loan proceeds	-	3,000,000	(2,336,944)	663,056	-	663,056
Transfers in	218,332	218,332	-	218,332	-	218,332
Transfers out					(1,662,891)	(1,662,891)
Total other financing sources (uses)	718,332	3,718,332	(2,198,593)	1,519,739	(1,662,891)	(143,152)
Net change in						
fund balance	(561,826)	(561,826)	1,172,584	610,758	-	610,758
Fund balance - beginning	2,592,609	2,592,609	382,056	2,974,665		2,974,665
Fund balance - ending	\$ 2,030,783	\$ 2,030,783	\$ 1,554,640	\$ 3,585,423	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,585,423

CITY OF MANZANITA

Tillamook County, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

TOURISM PROMOTION & FACILITIES FUND

	Ori	ginal and	Vari	ance with	Actual
		Final	Fina	al Budget	Cash
	I	Budget	Ove	r (Under)	Basis
REVENUES					
Transient room tax	\$	220,000	\$	65,877	\$ 285,877
Investment earnings		750		5,637	6,387
Total revenues		220,750		71,514	 292,264
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Tourism promotion department		304,445		(76,286)	228,159
Contingency		10,000		(10,000)	
Total expenditures		314,445		(86,286)	 228,159
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(93,695)		157,800	64,105
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		3,968		(3,968)	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		(89,727)		153,832	64,105
Fund balance - beginning		488,600		96,958	 585,558
Fund balance - ending	\$	398,873	\$	250,790	\$ 649,663

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

BUILDING FUND

	Orig.	inal and	Var	iance with	 Actual	
	F	inal	Fin	al Budget	Cash	
	Ві	ıdget	Ove	er (Under)	Basis	
REVENUES					 	
Licenses, fees, and permits	\$	225,000	\$	(33,623)	191,377	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Building department		306,450		(112,251)	194,199	
Capital outlay		10,000		(10,000)	 	
Total expenditures		316,450		(10,000)	194,199	
1					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(91,450)		(33,623)	(2,822)	
Fund balance - beginning		354,110		(93,522)	 260,588	
Fund balance - ending	\$	262,660	\$	(127,145)	\$ 257,766	

CITY OF MANZANITA

Tillamook County, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ROAD FUND

	Original and	Variance with	Actual
	Final	Final Budget	Cash
	Budget	Over (Under)	Basis
REVENUES			
Licenses, fees, and permits	\$ 2,000	\$ (2,000)	\$ -
Franchise fees	70,000	29,293	99,293
State highway tax	40,000	9,754	49,754
Investment earnings	2,000	21,182	23,182
Miscellaneous	-	14,543	14,543
Total revenues	114,000	72,772	186,772
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Road department	710,158	(198,005)	512,153
Contingency	40,000	(40,000)	
Total expenditures	750,158	(238,005)	512,153
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(636,158)	310,777	(325,381)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	100,000		100,000
Net change in fund balance	(536,158)	310,777	(225,381)
Fund balance - beginning	597,000	138,102	735,102
Fund balance - ending	\$ 60,842	\$ 448,879	\$ 509,721

CITY OF MANZANITA

Tillamook County, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CITY HALL EXPANSION FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	Actual Cash Basis
REVENUES				-
Grants	\$ 60,00	00 \$ 60,000	\$ -	\$ 60,000
Investment earnings	25	50 250	2,241	2,491
Total revenues	60,25	60,250	2,241	62,491
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
City hall expansion department	980,25	3,627,250	(2,065,951)	1,561,299
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(920,00	00) (3,567,000)	2,068,192	(1,498,808)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	700,00	3,847,000	(2,336,944)	1,510,056
Net change in fund balance	(220,00	280,000	(268,752)	11,248
Fund balance - beginning	220,00	220,000	31,483	251,483
Fund balance - ending	\$	<u> </u>	\$ (237,269)	\$ 262,731

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2024

	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		534,074	676,828		142,754		121,345	49,649	26,785	55,526	229,591	51,178	534,074	676,828
ı	G	ļ	₩	÷		8									⊕ ∥
	Building Reserve Fund		4,578	4,578		1		ı	1	1	ı	1	4,578	4,578	4,578
	Bui Re F		€	æ		&									€
	Timber Management Fund		46,600	46,600		1		ı	1	1	I	1	46,600	46,600	46,600
	Ma		€	æ		\$									⊕ ∥
Capital Projects Funds	Storm Drain Facilities		\$ 55,526	\$ 55,526		\$		ı	1	1	55,526	1	1	55,526	\$ 55,526
al Proj	ic ks nent ve	ĺ	188,111	188,111		1		ı	1	1	t	188,111	1	188,111	1111
Capit	Public Works Equipment Reserve											188		188	188,111
		l İ	8 I 20 I	&∥ 8		ı		ı	1	1	ı	0%	1	ı اي	&∥ Ω
	Public Safety Equipment and Facilities Reserve		41,480	41,480								41,480		41,480	41,480
		ļ Ī	ان e	ති∥ &∥		۱		ı	1	īδ	t	1	1	اکت ا	າວ∥ & ∥
	Park Facility Fund		\$ 26,785	\$ 26,785		\$				26,785				26,785	\$ 26,785
	Performance Guarantee Deposit Fund		5,616	5,616		1		5,616	1	1	I	1	1	5,616	5,616
spu	Perf Gu D		⊕	æ		s									₽
Special Revenue Funds	Municipal Court Trust		49,649	49,649		1		ı	49,649	1	t	1	1	49,649	49,649
ial Re	Mr Cou		€	&		\$									€
Spec	Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund		115,729 142,754	258,483		142,754		115,729	1	1	I	1	1	115,729	258,483
	H. Reha Los		€	&		&									↔
		ASSETS	Cash and cash equivalents Notes receivable	Total assets	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue	- housing loans	FUND BALANCES Restricted:	Special projects	Municipal court	Capital projects	Streets and roads	Equipment purchases	Capital projects	Total fund balances	Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balances

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Total S Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 91,574 24,914 33,178	149,666	4,523 107,221 5,326 117,823	234,893	(85,227)
	Building Reserve Fund	₩				'
	Timber Management Fund	\$ - 21,739	21,739	523	523	21,216
ts Funds	Storm Drain Facilities	\$ 24,134 2,812	26,946	5,326	5,326	21,620
Capital Projects Funds	Public Works Equipment Reserve	\$ - 2,748	2,748			2,748
	Public Safety Equipment and Facilities Reserve			117,823	117,823	(117,823)
	Park Facility Fund	- 780 808	1,588			1,588
nds	Performance Guarantee Deposit Fund	\$ 2,725	2,725	4,000	4,000	(1,275)
Special Revenue Funds	Municipal Court Trust	\$ 88,849	88,849	107,221	107,221	(18,372)
Speci	Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund	\$ - 5,071	5,071	1 1 1 1		5,071
	ı	REVENUES Licenses, permits, and fees Fines and forfeitures Investment earnings	Total revenues	EXPENDITURES Current General government Public safety Highways and streets Capital outlay	Total expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	78,535	78,535	(6,692)	540,766	534,074
	i		-	1	 ∞I	&∥ ∞∥
	Building Reserve Fund				4,578	\$ 4,578
	Timber Management Fund		1	21,216	25,384	\$ 46,600
cts Funds	Storm Drain Facilities	25,000	25,000	46,620	8,906	\$ 55,526
Capital Projects Funds	Public Works Equipment Reserve	25,700	25,700	28,448	159,663	\$ 188,111
	Public Safety Equipment and Facilities Reserve	27,835	27,835	(886'68)	131,468	41,480
		' '	 	88	<u> 76</u>	% 33 \$
	Park Facility Fund			1,588	25,197	\$ 26,785
s	Performance Guarantee Deposit		1	(1,275)	6,891	5,616
Fund			 	72)		49 ⊪
Special Revenue Funds	Municipal			(18,372)	68,021	\$ 49,649
pecial]		1	 	71	1	
Ş	Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund			5,071	110,658	115,729
	Feh Reh					€
(continued)		OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	Total other financing sources (uses)	Net change in fund balances	Fund balances - beginning	Fund balances - ending

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

HOUSING REHABILITATION REVOLVING LOAN FUND

	Ori	iginal and	Variance with		Actual
		Final	Fin	al Budget	Cash
	Budget		Ove	er (Under)	Basis
REVENUES					
Investment earnings	\$	500	\$	4,571	\$ 5,071
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Housing rehabilitation department		108,618		(108,618)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(108,118)		113,189	5,071
Fund balance - beginning		108,118		2,540	 110,658
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$	115,729	\$ 115,729

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

MUNICIPAL COURT TRUST FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original an Final Budget	d	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)		Actual Budget Basis Adjustments				Modified Cash Basis	
REVENUES	Duaget			i (Chaci)		Dusis	rajust	incres_		511 Du515
Licenses, fees, and permits	\$	_	\$	88,849	\$	88,849	\$		\$	88,849
EXPENDITURES Current Public safety		<u>-</u>		107,221		107,221				107,221
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		(18,372)		(18,372)		-		(18,372)
Fund balance - beginning		_		68,021		68,021				68,021
Fund balance - ending	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	49,649	\$	49,649	\$		\$	49,649

For reporting purposes, this fund meets the requirements to be reported as a Special Revenue Fund. For budgetary reporting purposes, this fund is considered an Agency Fund, and is exempt from Oregon Budget Law as described in ORS294.361(3).

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

PERFORMANCE GUARANTEE DEPOSIT FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original and		Varianc	e with	Actual					
	Final		Final B	udget		Budget			Modified	
	Budget		Over (U	Jnder)		Basis	Adjustmer	nts	Cas	h Basis
REVENUES										
Licenses, fees, and permits	\$	_	\$	2,725	\$	2,725	\$		\$	2,725
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government		_	-	4,000		4,000				4,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	•	-		(1,275)		(1,275)		-		(1,275)
Fund balance - beginning		_	-	6,891		6,891				6,891
Fund balance - ending	\$	- =	\$	5,616	\$	5,616	\$	_	\$	5,616

For reporting purposes, this fund meets the requirements to be reported as a Special Revenue Fund. For budgetary reporting purposes, this fund is considered an Agency Fund, and is exempt from Oregon Budget Law as described in ORS294.361(3).

CITY OF MANZANITA

Tillamook County, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

PARK FACILITIES FUND

	Origir	nal and	Varia	Variance with		Actual	
	Fi	nal	Final	Final Budget		Cash	
	Buc	dget	Over (Under)			Basis	
REVENUES							
System development charges	\$	300	\$	480	\$	780	
Investment earnings		50		758		808	
Total revenues		350		1,238		1,588	
EXPENDITURES		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		350		1,238		1,588	
Fund balance - beginning		24,644		553		25,197	
Fund balance - ending	\$	24,994	\$	1,791	\$	26,785	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

PUBLIC SAFETY EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES RESERVE FUND

	Original and Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	Actual Cash Basis
REVENUES			
Investment earnings	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Public safety equipment reserve department	125,000	(7,177)	117,823
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(125,000)	7,177	(117,823)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	30,000	(2,165)	27,835
Net change in fund balance	(95,000)	5,012	(89,988)
Fund balance - beginning	102,850	28,618	131,468
Fund balance - ending	\$ 7,850	\$ 33,630	\$ 41,480

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

PUBLIC WORKS EQUIPMENT RESERVE FUND

	Original and	Variance with	Actual
	Final	Final Budget	Cash
	Budget	Over (Under)	Basis
REVENUES			
Investment earnings	\$ 200	\$ 2,548	\$ 2,748
EXPENDITURES			
Public works reserve department	20,000	(20,000)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(19,800)	22,548	2,748
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	25,700		25,700
Net change in fund balance	5,900	22,548	28,448
Fund balance - beginning	123,686	35,977	159,663
Fund balance - ending	\$ 129,586	\$ 58,525	\$ 188,111

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - $$\operatorname{\mathtt{BUDGET}}$ AND ACTUAL

STORM DRAIN FACILITIES FUND

	Original and Final		Variance with Final Budget			Actual
						Cash
	B	Budget	Ove	Over (Under)		Basis
REVENUES						
System development charges	\$	16,690	\$	7,444	\$	24,134
Investment earnings		100		2,712		2,812
Total revenues		16,790		10,156		26,946
EXPENDITURES						
Current				(10.5 - 1)		
Storm drain department		25,000		(19,674)		5,326
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(8,210)		29,830		21,620
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		25,000				25,000
Net change in fund balance		16,790		29,830		46,620
Fund balance - beginning		<u>-</u>		8,906		8,906
Fund balance - ending	\$	16,790	\$	38,736	\$	55,526

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

TIMBER MANAGEMENT FUND

	Original and		Variance with		Actual	
		Final	Final Budget			Cash
	В	udget	Ove	r (Under)		Basis
REVENUES						
Investment earnings	\$	300	\$	21,439	\$	21,739
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Timber management department		5,000		(4,477)		523
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(4,700)		25,916		21,216
Fund balance - beginning		13,541		11,843		25,384
Fund balance - ending	\$	8,841	\$	37,759	\$	46,600

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

BUILDING RESERVE

	Original and	Variance with	Actual
	Final	Final Budget	Cash
	Budget	Over (Under)	Basis
REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	2,500	(2,500)	
Net change in fund balance	2,500	(2,500)	-
Fund balance - beginning	4,500	78	4,578
Fund balance - ending	\$ 7,000	\$ (2,422)	\$ 4,578

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WATER OPERATING FUND

	Original and		Variance with			Actual						
	Final		Final Budget		Budget				l	Modified		
		Budget	Ov	er (Under)		Basis	Ad	ljustments	C	ash Basis		
REVENUES												
Water charges	\$	1,100,000	\$	475,094	\$	1,575,094	\$	-	\$	1,575,094		
Investment earnings		7,000		61,676		68,676		-		68,676		
Miscellaneous	_	8,500		2,067		10,567				10,567		
Total revenues	_	1,115,500	_	538,837	_	1,654,337				1,654,337		
EXPENSES												
Current												
Water department		1,387,995		(303,966)		1,084,029		8,889		1,075,140		
Contingency	_	65,515		(65,515)	_	<u>-</u>	_					
Total expenses	_	1,453,510		(369,481)	_	1,084,029		8,889		1,075,140		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	_	(338,010)		908,318		570,308		(8,889)		579,197		
OTHER FINANCING												
SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		_		_		_		219,521		219,521		
Transfers out						_		(208,000)		(208,000)		
Total other financing												
sources (uses)	_			-				11,521		11,521		
Change in net position		(338,010)		908,318		570,308		2,632		590,718		
Net position - beginning		338,010		259,789		597,799		5,150,059		5,747,858		
Net position - ending	\$		\$	1,168,107	\$	1,168,107	\$	5,152,691	\$	6,338,576		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WATER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES FUND

	Original and		Variance with			Actual						
		Final		Final Budget		Budget			1	Modified		
	Budget		Over (Under)			Basis	Ad	justments	Cash Basis			
REVENUES												
System development charges	\$	69,000	\$	62,097	\$	131,097	\$	-	\$	131,097		
Investment earnings		6,000		96,320		102,320		-		102,320		
Miscellaneous				840		840				840		
Total revenues		75,000		159,257	_	234,257		<u>-</u>		234,257		
EXPENSES												
Water system development												
department		371,000		(140,249)		230,751		(219,521)		11,230		
Contingency		20,000		(20,000)			_			<u>-</u>		
Total expenses	_	391,000		(160,249)		230,751		(219,521)		11,230		
Excess (deficiency)												
of revenues over												
(under) expenses	_	(316,000)		319,506		3,506	_	219,521		223,027		
OTHER FINANCING												
SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers out						<u>-</u>		(219,521)		(219,521)		
Change in net position		(316,000)		319,506		3,506		-		3,506		
Net position - beginning		2,769,495		37,574		2,807,069		<u>-</u>		2,807,069		
Net position - ending	\$	2,453,495	\$	357,080	\$	2,810,575	\$	-	\$	2,810,575		

OTHER FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETIREMENT OF LONG-TERM DEBT

June 30, 2024

Governmental Activities

		Vi	sitor (Center No	te			Ur	nderh	ill Plaza N	ote	
Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest		Total	Р	rincipal	I	nterest		Total
2024-2025	\$	45,663	\$	5,205	\$	50,868	\$	142,142	\$	13,191	\$	155,333
2025-2026		47,206		3,662		50,868		146,077		9,255		155,332
2026-2027		48,799		2,069		50,868		150,123		5,211		155,334
2027-2028		25,016		418		25,434		77,425		1,053		78,478
Total	\$	166,684	\$	11,354	\$	178,038	\$	515,767	\$	28,710	\$	544,477

	FF&C Refunding Bonds							
Fiscal Year	Principal		I	nterest		Total		
2024-2025	\$	85,000	\$	88,957	\$	173,957		
2025-2026		85,000		85,556		170,556		
2026-2027		90,000		82,056		172,056		
2027-2028		95,000		78,356		173,356		
2028-2029		95,000		75,031		170,031		
2029-2030		100,000		72,106		172,106		
2030-2031		100,000		68,981		168,981		
2031-2032		105,000		65,650		170,650		
2032-2033		110,000		62,088		172,088		
2033-2034		115,000		58,291		173,291		
Thereafter		1,545,000		335,374		1,880,374		
Total	\$	2,525,000	\$ 1	,072,446	\$ 3	3,597,446		

AUDIT COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY FEDERAL AND STATE REGULATIONS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

The Honorable Kathryn Stock, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Manzanita Manzanita, Oregon 97130

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Manzanita as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Manzanita's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes, as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-010-0000 through 162-010-0320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures, which included, but were not limited to, the following:

Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)

Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayment

Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294)

Programs funded from outside sources

Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law

Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets

Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294)

Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C)

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes, as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-010-0000 through 162-010-0320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-010-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Manzanita's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Manzanita's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Manzanita's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We identified one deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and management's response as item 2024-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the city council and management of the City of Manzanita and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Accuity, LLC

Albany, Oregon November 13, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Kathryn Stock, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Manzanita Manzanita, Oregon 97130

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Manzanita, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Manzanita, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Manzanita, Oregon's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Manzanita, Oregon's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and management's response as item 2023-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Manzanita's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Manzanita's Response to Findings

Governmental Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Manzanita, Oregon's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and management's response. The City of Manzanita, Oregon's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion the response.

Purpose of this Report

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Accuity, LLC

Albany, Oregon November 13, 2024

June 30, 2024

Finding Number	2024-001 (Repeat finding)
Finding Title	Adequate segregation of duties in most areas was impractical due to the limited number of employees. The City has, however, developed alternative procedures, which mitigate this condition to some extent.
Type of Finding	Significant Deficiency
Criteria	Ideally, staffing levels should allow for all areas of accounting responsibility (authorization or approval, custody of assets, recording transactions and reconciliations) to be performed independent of each other.
Condition	Due to limited staffing, complete segregation is not possible within the City.
Cause of Condition	Finance staff is competent, capable and performs daily and monthly functions very well. Due to the size of the City, adding finance staff is not a feasible option, so the finding is created.
Potential Effect of Condition	There is a greater opportunity for misstatements in financial records, whether from fraud or error, to occur.
Prevalence	Systemic
Recommendation	We do not recommend any changes in staffing, but the City Council should be aware of this deficiency and remain involved in mitigating controls that have been put into place.
Management's Response	Management generally agrees with this determination. Managements response to this finding is to incorporate specific procedures into all other staff functions to provide sufficient

documentation to support all financial transactions.