

# Fiscal Year 2025-2026 Adopted Budget



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# Fiscal Year 2025-2026 Adopted Budget City of Manzanita, Oregon

# **Mayor and City Council**

Kathryn Stock, Mayor Linda Kozlowski, Council President Jerry Spegman Brad Hart Tom Campbell

#### **Executive Team**

Lelia Aman, City Manager Erik Harth, Chief of Police Rick Rempfer, Public Works Director Scott Gebhart, Development Services Manager

#### Citizen Members

Joy Nord, Chair Kit Keating Shawn Koch Jeffrey Sonshine Chip Greening

# Special Thanks To:

Nina Crist, Accounting Manager Bonnie Dennis, Grand Peaks Consulting LLC Josh Gandy, OneEleven Design, Photography John Garcia, Police Officer / Photography





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#### READER'S GUIDE TO THIS BUDGET DOCUMENT

This budget document is designed to be accessible to readers who may not be familiar with public budgeting and governmental accounting standards but are interested in understanding the City's overall financial structure and objectives.

The City budget serves as a comprehensive guide, reflecting both past financial performance and future strategic planning. It provides transparency through a combination of narrative explanations, tables, and graphs, ensuring a clear presentation of the City's fiscal priorities and decision-making process.

#### **Budget Document Structure**

The budget is organized into several key sections:

**Introduction** – A brief overview of the document and its contents.

**Budget Message** – An annual message from the City Manager outlining the City's financial status and priorities.

**City Overview** – A detailed summary of the City's including demographics and structure, overview of council goals, the organizational chart, and the overall budgeting process.

**Financial Trends** – This section provides an overview of the financial framework that guides the City's budget development, including key accounting principles, fund organization, and budgetary assumptions. Understanding these elements helps provide transparency into how financial decisions are made and ensures alignment with the City's long-term fiscal strategy. This section outlines the following key components:

- Current Financial Policies An overview of policies guiding financial management, including reserves, revenue forecasting, and expenditure controls.
- Financial Trends A review of historical and projected financial data, highlighting trends in revenues, expenditures, fund balances, and economic influences on the City's budget.
- Debt Summary A breakdown of outstanding debt, repayment schedules, and the impact on the City's financial outlook.
- Personnel Overview Staffing trends, salary structures, benefit costs, and their influence on overall expenditures.
- Indirect Costs Explanation of cost allocation methods for shared services and administrative expenses across departments.
- Key Budget Assumptions The economic, policy, and operational factors considered in revenue projections and expenditure planning, ensuring a balanced and forwardlooking budget.

City Budget - A citywide snapshot of the entire budget for the upcoming fiscal year.

**Financial Section** – In-depth budgets broken down by fund and department. Each department table is broken down by line-item detail, historical actual dollars, current year adopted and actual dollars, followed by a section for the proposed, approved and adopted budgets.

- Proposed The budget developed by the City Manager and staff, presented to the Budget Committee for review.
- Approved The budget as approved by the Budget Committee, including any adjustments made during their review, before being forwarded to the City Council.
- Adopted The final budget adopted by the City Council through a public hearing process. This serves as the official budget for the upcoming fiscal year. Any modifications to the adopted budget must be presented to the City Council and approved by resolution. Depending on the nature of the adjustment, a public hearing may be required.

**Balanced Financial Plan** – A five-year forecast incorporating the current fiscal year budget.

**Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)** – An overview of planned capital projects, including descriptions, justifications, costs, and funding sources.

**Appendix** – Additional information that may be useful for readers seeking further context.

#### **Ensuring Transparency and Financial Accountability**

This document is designed to offer full transparency in the City's financial planning process, ensuring that residents, policymakers, and stakeholders have a clear understanding of how public funds are allocated and managed. By presenting key financial data, trends, and assumptions, this budget serves as both an informational resource and a decision-making tool for the community.

The budget reflects not only the City's current financial position but also its long-term goals and strategies for maintaining fiscal stability. It highlights the prioritization of resources, balancing operational needs with future investments, and aligning spending with community-driven initiatives.

By fostering transparency and accountability, the City aims to build public trust and ensure responsible stewardship of taxpayer dollars, reinforcing its commitment to financial sustainability and strategic growth.



# 2025-2026 CITY COUNCIL & BUDGET COMMITTEE MEMBERS

# **Mayor and City Council**

Kathryn Stock, Mayor

Linda Kozlowski, Council President

Tom Campbell, Councilor

Brad Hart, Councilor

Jerry Spegman, Councilor

# **Budget Committee Citizen Members**

Joy Nord, Chair

Chip Greening

Kit Keating

Shawn Koch

Jeffery Sonshine



### Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget City Manager's Message



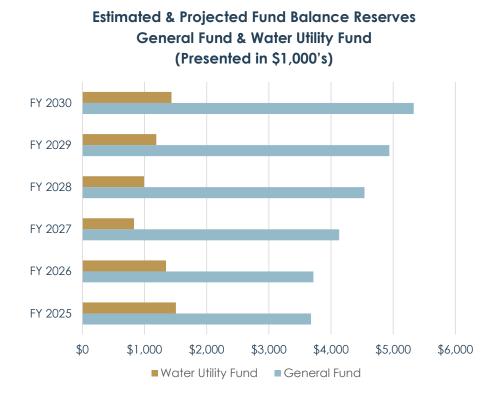
Mayor, City Councilors, Budget Committee Members and Citizens of Manzanita,

I am pleased to present the proposed Fiscal Year 2025–2026 Budget for the City of Manzanita. This document serves not only as a financial plan but also as a reflection of our city's continued commitment to responsible stewardship, transparent governance, and strategic planning. Developed in accordance with state law and aligned with city goals, the budget process includes opportunities for public engagement through required hearings and notices. More than a compilation of numbers and tables, this budget is a roadmap for the year ahead, shaped by community priorities, Council goals, and the challenges and opportunities before us.

This budget is prepared on a cash basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental funds, which ensure transparency, accountability and fiscal responsibility. The City Manager's role as required by the City Charter, is to serve as the Budget Officer and prepare the city budget. The legal authority for the City of Manzanita in preparing its official budget is derived from Oregon Budget Law (ORS 294.305-204.565.)

Manzanita is a small coastal city nestled at the foot of Neah-Kah-Nie Mountain, along the Pacific Ocean in north Tillamook County. With a population just under 650, our community is a unique blend of full-time residents, second homeowners, and visitors who are drawn to the area's natural beauty and small-town charm. The local economy is largely driven by tourism, with Transient Lodging Tax revenue playing a vital role in supporting essential city services. Tourism related businesses, including accommodations, restaurants and retail are central to the city's economic health, adding to its vibrancy and character. Most jobs in Manzanita are in hospitality, retail and service-related sectors.

The City of Manzanita ended the 2023–2024 fiscal year with a strong financial position, as confirmed by the annual audit. The city maintains healthy reserves across both governmental and utility funds and our financial position is stable and well-positioned for the year ahead.



While long-term liabilities will increase slightly due to City Hall construction, the city's debt levels remain manageable and well-supported by current and forecasted resources. Utility rates reflect current costs and conditions that have increased the resilience of the city's water utility and puts the city in a position to implement key maintenance projects in the near term.

Over the next several years the city will continue its efforts to respond to anticipated growth both within the city limits and future annexations within the urban growth boundary. Additional housing capacity as result of implementation of SB 406 – Oregon middle housing rules will certainly have impacts on city services and increase demand.

This year's budget continues to reflect the city's pivot from its previous philosophy of under estimation of revenue and over estimation of expenditures to becoming more accurate in both revenues and expenditures overall. City staff have worked hard to more accurately predict expenditures, trim spending where necessary and make revenue projections that are more in line with reality. While the approach remains conservative, this new philosophy contributes to a more accurate picture of the city's resources.

This budget was prepared with the city council's goals at the forefront. We are entering into a phase of strategic planning to position the city for both near term and long-term success. The city councils long held goal of constructing a new city hall will be realized before the end of the current fiscal year. This completion is a major and important milestone in the city's 80-year

#### Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

#### City Manager's Message, Continued

history. In the first quarter of the new fiscal year, city staff will be moving city operations and settling into the new facility while welcoming the community to this important civic space. As mentioned earlier, the repayment of the debt for the new City Hall is applied to this budget.

Another council goal is to continue to advance the update of the Comprehensive Plan and associated ordinances. This fiscal year will include the adoption of new residential housing ordinance language that will deliver on Senate Bill 406. This bill requires Manzanita to meet Oregon's middle housing rules. Staff will then turn its attention to the important work of updating the Comprehensive Plan, through an inclusive and in-depth public engagement process.

Capital investment remains a priority for city council. The Classic Street Connection project which includes reconstruction of Classic Street, and installation of new stormwater and water systems will be underway at the start of the fiscal year, and completed by December 2025. Fortunately, the city received a grant of \$2.709 million dollars from the State of Oregon to build this project, something our resources alone would not have been able to accomplish. Finally, the city council will begin to focus on strategic planning for the future. This includes the development of a revised capital improvement plan, and both near and long-term planning regarding revenue diversification, asset planning and emergency management.

This budget also includes resources to support the "levelling up" of our local government. Over the last several years the Administration has prioritized key projects including updating our financial tracking and practices, formalizing handshake deals into legal agreements with our partners, neighbors and community partners, enhancing our technological capabilities, working proactively with the city attorney's office on both planned and unplanned activities. These efforts have laid a solid foundation that we will continue to build upon and refine including the development of an internal control framework for our financial processes and the conversion of city ordinances into an accessible, online Municipal Code. These initiatives not only support city staff efficiency, but also promote greater transparency and community-wide understanding of the city's financial practices, regulations, and governance.

Additionally, the administration anticipates the need for increased staff time and resources to keep pace with growing demands and to ensure a more balanced workload across departments. Staff will begin the process of implementing new policies related to the city's Short-Term Rental program, maintaining a high level of communication with our community in the form of updates through the Manzanita Minute, and our social media platforms, in person meetings with our elected officials, and through surveys and other outreach techniques. We also anticipate an increase with in-person interactions with the opening of the new City Hall, including the coordination and use of this expanded community facility.

In response to the current demands on staff, the FY 2025-2026 budget includes the promotion of our Code Enforcement officer to a fully sworn Police Officer position to address growing

demands on the city's police department. We anticipate filling the currently vacant Planning and Permit Technician and Project Manager positions to address the workload for our current building and planning staff, as well as providing capacity for the building official to seek a commercial certification and move toward succession planning. These positions will provide some relief to existing staff and will allow us to take on the increased responsibilities, new policies and citywide growth will have on our team. We will be watching carefully as we open the new city hall to take measure of the requirements necessary to serve our public with the high level of service, we expect of ourselves and that our community deserves to determine if additional staff resources may be required in subsequent years.

This budget reflects a hopeful and promising future for our city. Much of the work we do is through collaboration and this budget is no exception and was built by the collective effort on the part of many. I'd like to thank Nina Crist, the City's Accounting Manager, and Bonnie Dennis the City's Finance Advisor in particular for their dedication, hard work on the budget. Both of them played a critical role in the accuracy, the timeliness and quality of this budget. I could not have done this without them. I'd also like to acknowledge and thank Erik Harth, Chief of Police and Scott Gebhart, Development Services Manager for the preparation of their budgets and for working collaboratively with me to refine them to meet our financial goals. Finally, I'd like to thank Rick Rempfer, the City's new Public Works Director for his diligence and hard work to both take on a new position but to provide essential information to create a solid budget for the Water Utility. All of these folks have spent countless hours preparing this budget so that it is clear, and accessible for our budget committee and the people of Manzanita.

In closing, the budget, like Manzanita is where the mountains meet the sea, and reflects the ever changing landscape before us. It is structured to allow for flexibility and change, but it also provides a meaningful and predictable framework that we can work with over the coming year. I believe that the community spirit and financial future remain as strong as ever. This is due in large part to decades of careful fiscal stewardship but also because of collaborative planning, and engaged, thriving and resilient community.

This budget is an affirmation of the city's commitment to budget accuracy and responsibility by implementing transparent financial practices and ensuring fiscal accountability in all expenditures and ensures that our shared resources are managed wisely.

Respectfully submitted, this 22nd Day of April 2025,

Leila Aman

City Manager/Budget Officer





#### The City of Manzanita At-A-Glance

The City of Manzanita was incorporated in 1946. Today, Manzanita is home to approximately 648 residents and welcomes countless visitors drawn to its vibrant downtown and stunning coastal scenery. The city seamlessly blends small town convenience with breathtaking natural beauty, featuring a walkable downtown filled with shopping, dining, and cultural activities, all just steps from the expansive beaches and sweeping views of the Pacific Ocean.

Adjacent to Nehalem Bay State Park, which spans over 890 acres, Manzanita offers unparalleled access to outdoor recreation. The park features miles of scenic hiking and biking trails, opportunities for horseback riding along the sandy shores, and abundant wildlife viewing. This vast open space enhances Manzanita's reputation as a peaceful coastal retreat, attracting nature lovers and adventure seekers alike.



The city's economy thrives on a mix of locally owned businesses catering to the community and the steady influx of tourists. With its small-town charm, natural splendor, and welcoming atmosphere, Manzanita continues to be a sought-after destination and a safe, picturesque place to call home.

#### **Demographics & Economics**

Year of Incorporation<sup>1</sup>: 1946

Form of Government: Council / Manager

Population (2024)<sup>2</sup>: 648

Median Age<sup>3</sup>: 68.2 years

Median Household Income (2023)4: \$ 98,125

Area: 0.82 square miles

Elevation: 39 feet (12 meters)

Average Annual Precipitation: 95 inches

Average Winter High/Low Temperatures: High 50°F / Low 36°F Average Summer High/Low Temperatures: High 70°F / Low 50°F

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Tillamook County Records

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Portland State University <a href="https://www.pdx.edu/population-research/population-estimate-reports">https://www.pdx.edu/population-research/population-estimate-reports</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> City of Manzanita - Comprehensive Plan

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Oregon Demographics

#### **City Historical Information**

The City of Manzanita, has a rich history shaped by Indigenous heritage, early settlement, and its evolution into a beloved coastal retreat.

#### **Indigenous Roots**

For thousands of years, the area now known as Manzanita was home to the Nehalem and Tillamook people, who thrived along the tidewaters of Nehalem Bay. These Indigenous communities relied on the region's abundant natural resources, including fishing, hunting, and foraging. However, their population significantly declined due to diseases introduced by European settlers in the 19th century, leading to the relocation of the remaining Tillamook to reservations in the 1850s.

#### **Settlement and Early Development**

In the late 1800s, Edmond Lane and his wife acquired large portions of land on Neahkahnie Mountain and the surrounding coastal area. Initially calling the settlement Laneda by the Sea, they later renamed it Manzanita, inspired by the native Arctostaphylos shrubs, also known as "little apple" in Spanish, which grow along the Oregon Coast<sup>5</sup>.

Recognizing the town's potential as a resort destination, Manzanita was officially platted as a beach resort in 1912. That same year, Sam Reed built the area's first oceanfront hotel and tavern, the Neahkahnie Tavern and Inn, at the north end of Manzanita Beach<sup>6</sup>. Tourists from Portland would travel by train to Mohler, then take a stagecoach to the coast, where they could stay in hotels or camp in tents along the shoreline.



#### **Incorporation and Growth**

The development of Nehalem Bay State Park by the Civilian Conservation Corps<sup>7</sup> in the 1930s further enhanced the region's appeal, offering 890 acres of dunes, forests, and trails for outdoor recreation. In 1940, the completion of Highway 101 made access to the Oregon Coast easier, fueling growth in Manzanita. These developments laid the groundwork for Manzanita's official incorporation as a city on April 15,1946<sup>8</sup>.

During this time, the Pine Grove Community House, built in 1933, served as an informal town hall, library, and community gathering space. The building remains in use today, preserving Manzanita's rich heritage.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Tillamook County / City, Community and Road Name Origins

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Manzanita Visitor Center (VisitManzanita.org)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> History.com/Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> City of Manzanita archives and the State of Oregon Blue Book

#### **Cultural and Artistic Significance**

Throughout the years, Manzanita has drawn artists, musicians, and writers, inspired by its rugged beauty and coastal charm. The Nehalem Valley Historical Society preserves the area's rich past with over 2,000 artifacts, including historic maps, journals, and photographs documenting the community's development.

#### **Modern Manzanita**

Today, Manzanita remains a beloved coastal getaway, known for its walkable downtown, locally owned shops, and breathtaking ocean views. Its proximity to Nehalem Bay State Park provides opportunities for hiking, biking, horseback riding, and wildlife viewing. Despite its growth, Manzanita has retained its small-town charm and deep connection to nature, making it a treasured destination for both residents and visitors alike.



#### **City Council Goals**

The City Council's goals serve as the primary policy priorities set by the governing body, with the city manager overseeing their implementation. Each year, the city budget allocates funding to support various aspects of these objectives. The 2025 goals are outlined below.

#### Level Up Manzanita

Complete the construction of the new City Hall, officially open the facility, and welcome the community to this important civic space. Begin the process of codifying the city's ordinances.

#### **Envision Manzanita**

Advance the update of the Comprehensive Plan and associated ordinances, and implement enabling ordnances that deliver on Senate Bill 406 which requires Manzanita to meet Oregon's middle housing rules.

#### **Classic Street Connection**

Complete the Classic Street Project which includes reconstruction of Classic Street, and installation of new stormwater and water systems to support a more resilient infrastructure system.

#### **Strategic Planning**

Develop strategy and engage in both near and long-term planning regarding revenue diversification, asset management and planning and emergency management.



# **Budget Philosophy & Process**

#### City Budget and Governance Overview

The city's budget serves as the primary financial management strategy, reflecting the city's annual service and financial goals. It outlines the work plan for the coming year, detailing the costs associated with delivering essential services, programs, and resources to the community. Budget allocations are designed to provide high-quality services efficiently and cost-effectively, ensuring the city meets the evolving needs of its residents.

The City Council is responsible for setting policies that reflect the collective interests of the community. One key aspect of this role is establishing annual policy goals, which guide the City Manager in prioritizing policies, projects, and programs within the budget. This alignment ensures the delivery of efficient and effective services to the community.

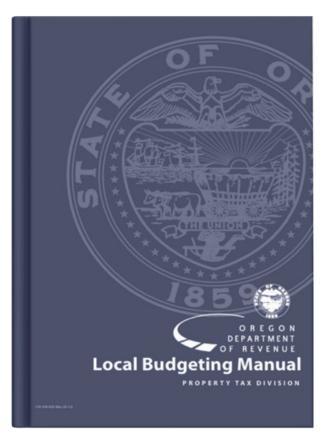
Appointed by the City Council, the City Manager oversees the city's daily operations, ensures the implementation of council policies, and leads efforts to achieve council goals. As the designated Budget Officer, the City Manager is responsible for preparing the city's annual budget. This process involves collaboration with department heads and key staff to ensure that financial resources align with service expectations and community priorities.

The city budget provides a comprehensive summary of all financial resources (incoming funds) and expenditures (outgoing funds). Each department and fund have a dedicated budget that details personnel costs, materials and services, and other operational expenses. The organizational chart located in the following pages, illustrates the structure of city governance, highlighting the relationships between the City Council, City Manager, departments, and staff. This framework is essential for understanding the city's financial planning and decision-making process.



#### The Budget Process Oregon Local Budget Law

The budget process is guided by Oregon's Local Budget Law, established under ORS Chapter 294.311, paragraph 5. This law outlines the framework for budgeting in local governments and serves six key purposes:



- ★ To establish standard procedures for the preparation, presentation, administration and appraisal of budgets of municipal corporations;
- ★ To provide for a brief description of the programs of a municipal corporation and the fiscal policy which is to accomplish these programs;
- ★ To provide for estimation of revenues, expenditures and proposed taxes;
- ★ To provide specific methods for obtaining public views in the preparation of fiscal policy;
- ★ To provide for the control of revenues and expenditures for the promotion of efficiency and economy in the expenditure of public funds; and,
- ★ To enable the public, taxpayers and investors to be apprised of the financial policies and administration of the municipal corporation in which they are interested.

#### The Budget Committee

The Budget Committee consists of the City Council and an equal number of appointed citizen members who are legal voters. In accordance with state law (ORS 294.336), all local governments in Oregon are required to establish a budget committee. Manzanita's committee includes ten members, with each member having an equal vote in the budget review process. Throughout the year, the Budget Committee meets periodically to review financial information and discuss budgetary matters. The formal review process begins when the City Manager presents the proposed budget to the committee, making it publicly available. At this stage, the committee evaluates the budget, and may approve it as presented or make modifications before granting final approval. The approved budget by the Budget Committee is then recommended to City Council.

#### **City Council**

Once the Budget Committee approves the proposed budget, it is forwarded to the City Council for final consideration. Following the completion of all required public notices and compliance with Oregon's Local Budget Law, the City Council formally adopts the budget prior to the June 30 deadline.

#### **Budget Amendments**

The City Council may approve adjustments to the adopted budget through a supplemental budget resolution. When necessary, supplemental budgets follow a similar process to the regular budget, including public hearings, and must be adopted within the same budget period. However, they cannot be used to authorize a tax levy.

Appropriation transfers may occur when the adopted budget does not include authority for specific expenditures or when the city receives unexpected revenues. In accordance with budget law, an appropriation transfer is less than 10% of originally adopted appropriations. In such cases, a budget transfer allows the city to allocate funds appropriately and authorize necessary expenditures within the current budget period.





# **City Budget Calendar**

#### January - March

City departments prepare proposed budgets and supporting analysis.

#### March 5, 2025

City Council Regular Session to adopt salary schedules and the Master Fee Schedule.

#### **April 2025**

April 9<sup>th</sup> City Council Regular Session to adopt the FY25 supplemental budget; and April 29<sup>th</sup> is the first Budget Committee meeting to review the proposed budget.

# April 30, 2025

Second Budget Committee meeting to review proposed budget.

# May 6, 2025

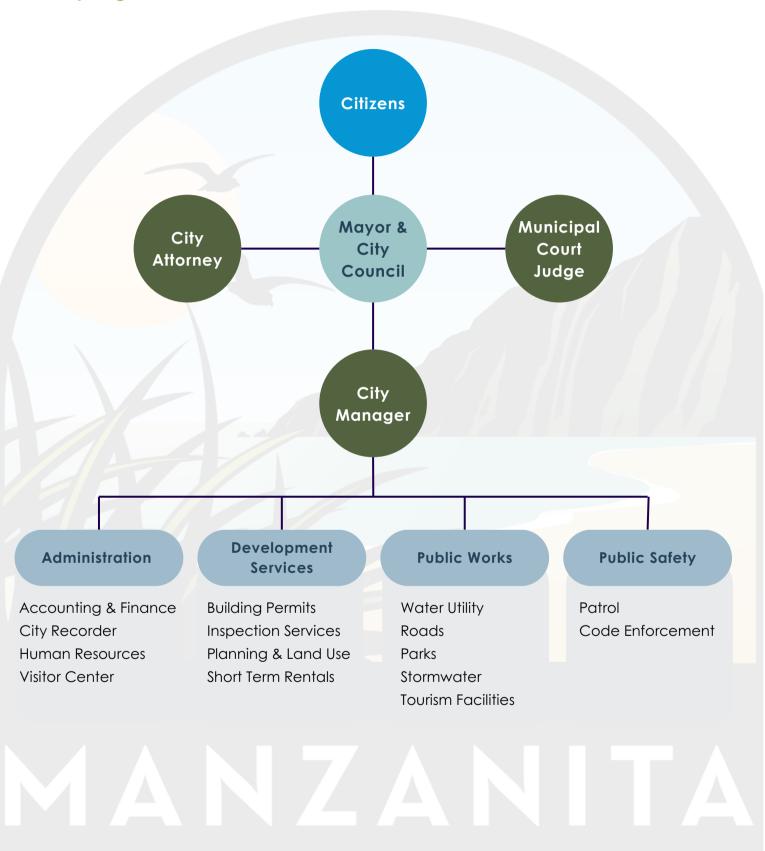
Third Budget Committee meeting to review the proposed budget and public hearing for proposed State Shared Revenue uses.

#### May 28, 2025

Special Council Meeting and Public Hearing to review Approved Budget. The resolutions to adopt the budget and declare the tax rates are presented at this meeting.



# **City Organizational Chart**







#### **Citywide Financial Architecture**

The architectural components of the city's financial framework are built upon a structured system of fund accounting, governmental accounting standards, and budgetary principles that guide fiscal decision-making. This system ensures that financial transactions are recorded and reported in compliance with established accounting guidelines, providing a clear picture of the city's financial health. Through responsible management of funds, adherence to accounting standards, and strategic planning, the city maintains transparency, sustainability, and regulatory compliance while addressing both immediate operational needs and long-term capital investments.

The City of Manzanita utilizes fund accounting to budget and report its financial position, ensuring transparency and accountability in municipal operations. This system demonstrates compliance with legal requirements and supports financial management by organizing city functions into distinct, self-balancing funds. These funds are structured in accordance with state and local regulations, as well as any applicable restrictions or limitations.

The city's funds are classified into three primary categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category contains specific fund types designed to manage different aspects of financial operations.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds account for most of the City's general operations, including revenue collection, expenditures, and long-term financial obligations. These funds include:

- General Fund The City's primary operating fund, used for general services and activities that do not require separate fund accounting.
- Special Revenue Funds Used to track revenue designated by law for a specific purpose.
   These funds are restricted for specific uses such as the revenue from state gas taxes can only be used for funding street maintenance, road repairs, and other transportation related uses.
- Capital Projects Funds Dedicated to the financing of major infrastructure projects, such as road improvements, public facilities, or equipment purchases. These funds exist only for the duration of the project and therefore are temporary.
- Debt Service Funds Manage the repayment of principal and interest on long-term debt, including bonds issued for capital projects. Proprietary fund debt is serviced directly within those funds rather than through a separate debt service fund.

• Permanent Funds – Account for financial resources in which only the earnings, not the principal, may be expended for the benefit of the government and its residents. Currently, the City of Manzanita does not maintain any permanent funds.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds operate similarly to private-sector businesses, tracking revenues and expenses to determine net income. These funds are used when municipal services generate revenue through user fees. The City follows applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, as well as all subsequent Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements.

• Enterprise Funds – Account for services provided to the public on a fee-for-service basis, such as water utilities.

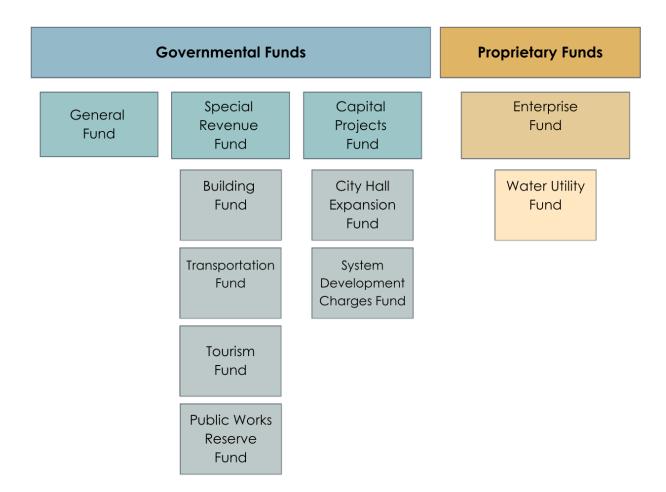
#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds manage assets that the City holds in a trustee or agency capacity on behalf of external parties, such as other governments or individuals. These funds are not available for city operations and as such, there is no budgetary information regarding these funds.



#### City's Fund Structure

The use of fund accounting under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) serves as the foundation for local government financial management, ensuring transparency, legal compliance, and accountability in the stewardship of public resources. Each fund operates under specific guidelines and legal requirements, making an annual review of the fund structure essential to maintaining compliance. To improve efficiency and strengthen financial oversight, the city undertook a major fund restructuring in fiscal year 2025, consolidating fifteen funds into eight. This streamlining effort reduces administrative complexity, enhances operational efficiency, and ensures a more strategic allocation of resources to support the city's long-term financial sustainability. The current funds that the city maintains budgetary control include:



#### **General Fund**

The General Fund supports core city operations, including Administration, Public Safety (Police), Municipal Court, Parks, and Development Services. It also provides partial funding for public works staff and, when necessary, supplements the Transportation Fund and the Stormwater SDC Fund. The primary revenue sources include license and permit fees, transient lodging taxes, intergovernmental transfers, and property tax levies.

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenue sources that are legally or administratively restricted for specific purposes. These funds ensure that dedicated revenues, such as fuel taxes, building permit fees, and tourism-related taxes, are used exclusively for their intended functions. The city has four special revenue funds.

#### **Building Fund**

Revenues in this fund come from building inspection fees and plan review charges, which are legally restricted to cover expenses related to building department operations.

#### **Transportation Fund**

This fund manages the city's share of the State of Oregon's gas tax revenues, which are restricted to street maintenance, repairs, and other transportation-related investments such as trails. Additional funding sources include franchise fees, grants, and transfers from the General Fund.

#### **Tourism Fund**

Established in 2012, this fund accounts for 70% of the revenues from a 2% increase in the transient lodging tax. State law mandates that these revenues be used exclusively for tourism promotion and the development or maintenance of tourist-related facilities.

#### **Public Works Reserve Fund**

The city maintains an additional fund type that is primarily used for tracking purposes. The Public Works Reserve Fund is designated for the purchase of equipment that supports essential public works operations, including water, stormwater, roads, and parks. It ensures that necessary infrastructure and maintenance equipment are funded and available to sustain city services efficiently.

#### **Capital Project Funds**

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources dedicated to major infrastructure improvements, construction, or the acquisition of long-term assets. These funds ensure that revenue sources such as grants, system development charges, and bond proceeds are allocated specifically for capital investments like roads, public buildings, and utility infrastructure. The City of Manzanita maintains two capital projects funds: the City Hall Expansion Fund, designated for the construction of a new city hall, and the System Development Charges (SDC) Fund, which supports infrastructure expansion for water, stormwater, and parks.

#### City Hall Expansion Fund

This fund is designated for expenses related to the construction of the new city hall. While the majority of construction is expected to take place during fiscal year 2025, some expenditures may carry over into the following budget cycle. At the conclusion of fiscal year 2026, this fund is planned for closure, with any remaining balance transferred to the General Fund to reimburse cash transfers made from fund reserves or other sources.

#### System Development Charge (SDC) Fund

The city collects System Development Charges (SDCs) for water, stormwater, and parks. An SDC is a one-time fee that the city collects when new homes, businesses, or developments are built. This fee helps pay for the additional demand these new developments place on essential public services, such as roads, parks, water, and stormwater systems.

For auditing purposes, the SDC Fund is consolidated; however, each SDC is accounted for separately and detailed within this budget. This approach enhances both efficiency and transparency by streamlining financial management while clearly tracking revenue and expenditures for each SDC. It also allows flexibility for future additions if the city implements new SDCs.

More detailed information on the SDC funds, along with all other city funds, is provided within each respective budget section, organized by fund and department.

#### **Accounting Standards and Practice**

The City follows established accounting standards and practices to ensure accurate financial reporting, fiscal responsibility, and compliance with state and federal regulations. These standards provide a structured framework for budgeting, auditing, and financial management, promoting transparency and accountability in the stewardship of public funds. The city adheres to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), ensuring consistency in financial reporting and decision-making. This section outlines the key accounting methodologies, financial controls, and reporting practices that guide the city's fiscal operations.

#### **Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

In accordance with governmental accounting standards, there are three primary bases for budgeting: cash, modified accrual, and accrual. The method used determines when revenues and expenditures are recognized in financial reporting and budget preparation.

Cash basis is the method under which revenues and expenditures are recorded only
when cash is received or paid. There are no adjustments to account for expenditures in
the fiscal period when goods or services are received, nor are revenues recorded in the
period they are earned.

- Modified accrual basis records expenditures, except for accrued interest on general long-term debt, when liabilities are incurred. Revenues are generally recognized when received in cash, except for significant or available revenues, which are accrued to properly reflect taxes levied and revenue earned.
- Accrual basis records revenues when earned and expenditures as soon as they create
  a liability for benefits received, even if the actual cash transaction occurs in a different
  accounting period.

The City follows the cash basis of accounting for budgeting and financial reporting, meaning that revenues are recognized when received, and expenditures are recorded when paid. This method provides a straightforward representation of the city's financial position by focusing on available cash resources.

#### **Budgetary Reserves**

Budgetary reserves are funds set aside to ensure financial stability and continuity of services during periods of economic uncertainty or unexpected expenses. In accordance with governmental accounting practices, the City maintains targeted reserve balances to safeguard operations and prevent service disruptions. Adequate reserves are essential to sustaining city services without significant disruption.

There are two primary types of reserves:

- Contingency reserves are funds set aside for unforeseen or unexpected expenses that
  may arise during the budget period. Use of contingency reserves requires approval by
  the City Council through a supplemental or transfer budget process depending on
  materiality thresholds set by Local Budget Law.
- Unappropriated ending fund balance reserves are intended for use in future years, unless significant, unforeseen issues arise that require management action.

Without sufficient reserves, the city may need to borrow funds internally or externally to cover operational costs resulting in additional expenses, either through interest payments on external borrowing or lost interest earnings from internal financing.

Bond rating agencies evaluate a city's reserve levels when determining credit ratings for municipal bond sales. A higher credit rating can lead to lower interest rates on city debt, ultimately reducing borrowing costs and saving taxpayer dollars.

#### **Reserve Policies**

The City maintains sufficient contingency and reserve balances within the General Fund to ensure financial stability and operational continuity.

Reserves provide the ability to:

- a) Maintain a positive fund balance at all times.
- b) Mitigate short-term volatility in revenues.
- c) Address short-term economic downturns lasting two years or less.
- d) Absorb unanticipated operating needs that arise during the fiscal year but were not anticipated during the budget process.
- e) Sustain city services in the event of an emergency.
- f) Meet operating cash flow requirements before the collection of property taxes, grant proceeds, and other revenue sources.
- g) Absorb unexpected claims or litigation settlements.
- h) Fund major facility and equipment repair and replacement needs.
- i) Meet requirements for debt reserves.

Currently, the General Fund has an undesignated reserve that was established by resolution in fiscal year 2022<sup>1</sup>. The fund balance reserve amount follows that policy as set by City Council.

General Fund – Undesignated reserves in the General Fund should be sufficient to meet expenditure requirements without the need for short-term borrowing. The target reserve level is twenty-five percent (25%) of General Fund operating expenditures. This reserve policy was established with gradual increases starting at 15% in 2022 while increasing annually by 2.5% until the operating reserve reaches 25%. This fiscal year 2026 budget reserve is set to 23%.

All Other Funds – Operating funds for Building and the Water Utility Funds have not been established by resolution.

Additionally, the city has established a contingency reserve as part of the annual budget process. Funds cannot be disbursed directly from the contingency reserve; instead, they must be reallocated into a spendable budget category through a supplemental or transfer budget process depending on materiality thresholds set by Local Budget Law.

City of Manzanita, Oregon | FY 2025-2026 Adopted Budget

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See City Council Resolution No. 22-13, adopted June 15, 2022.

#### **Financial Reporting**

In accordance with state law, a comprehensive financial audit, including an audit of federal grants will be performed annually by an independent public accounting firm with the objective of expressing an opinion on the City's financial statements and assessing the accounting principles used and evaluating the internal controls in place. As issued in the financial audits, the City complies with the following accounting and reporting standards:

- Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) developed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board;
- Government Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting standards prescribed by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA);
- Government Accounting Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States;
- Oregon Revised Statutes relating to Municipal finance; and
- U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133.

In financial reporting, there are certain policies that are maintained as a basis for fiscal management, including fund balance policies, fee schedules, indirect costing and capitalization policies.

Fund balance policies establish guidelines for maintaining sufficient reserves within each fund to provide financial stability and mitigate risks associated with revenue fluctuations, emergencies, and economic downturns. These policies help ensure that adequate resources are available to sustain city operations, meet cash flow requirements, and support future capital needs. The city has not formally adopted a minimum fund balance policy; however, the city uses the accounting standards approach.

Each year, the City Council adopts a Master Fee Schedule that sets the rates and fees for city services. City staff conduct an analysis of the fee schedule and present it to the City Council for discussion and review. Upon approval by resolution, the updated fee schedule is established for the upcoming fiscal year and incorporated into the budget process.

Indirect costs and the methodology used to determine the costs and transfers were set by a City Council resolution<sup>2</sup> that ensures the cost of administrative overhead are allocated to the General Fund as part of the city's annual budgeting process.

Capitalization policies define the criteria for recognizing and accounting for capital assets, ensuring consistency in financial reporting and long-term asset management. These policies establish thresholds for capitalizing expenditures related to land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment, distinguishing them from routine operating expenses. The city's capitalization

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Council Resolution No. 23-01, dated 3/9/2023 establishes and adopts the indirect cost methodology to account for General Fund administrative services.

policy (currently set at \$5,000 with a useful life in excess of one year) ensures that significant investments in public assets are properly recorded, depreciated over time, and incorporated into financial planning for maintenance and replacement.

#### Fund Revenue and Expenditure Summary

The funds budgetary schedules organize revenues and expenditures into distinct categories to ensure clarity and effective resource allocation.

Revenues are derived from various sources, including property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, licenses and permits, charges for services, and other miscellaneous income. These funding streams support essential city operations, capital improvements, and long-term financial sustainability.

Expenditures are categorized based on the nature of city operations and financial obligations. Personnel services account for salaries and benefits, while materials and services cover operational costs, maintenance, and contracted services. Capital outlay funds major infrastructure projects and equipment purchases, ensuring the city's assets are maintained and expanded as needed. Debt service includes principal and interest payments on outstanding obligations, ensuring responsible financial management. This structured approach ensures that resources are allocated effectively to maintain city operations, fund long-term investments, and support the community's evolving needs.









## **Financial Trends**

When establishing budget criteria and baselines, the city evaluates current financial trends to develop a forward-thinking and sustainable budget strategy. Key factors such as the local economy, population growth, historical revenue and expenditure patterns, debt service obligations, and personnel costs are carefully analyzed. These elements are reviewed to ensure a balanced budget for the current fiscal year while maintaining long-term financial stability for future years.

## **Manzanita's Economy**

Manzanita, Oregon, is a small coastal city located in Tillamook County, known for its picturesque beaches and vibrant tourism industry.

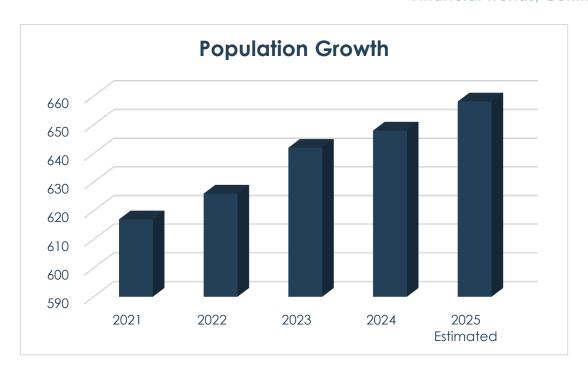
The city's economy is predominantly driven by tourism, attracting visitors to its scenic landscapes and recreational opportunities. This influx of tourists supports local businesses, including accommodations, restaurants, and retail shops. However, this reliance on tourism presents fiscal challenges, as the city's property tax rate is among the lowest in Oregon, limiting revenue from local residents. Consequently, Manzanita depends heavily on transient lodging taxes (TLT) collected from visitors staying overnight. While TLT revenue contributes significantly to the city's budget, 70% of increases in TLT must be allocated to tourism promotion or related facilities, restricting its use for other municipal services.

The local job market reflects this tourism-centric economy, with a notable portion of employment in accommodation and food services. The unemployment rate stands at 7.2%, higher than the national average of 6.0%. However, this rate may be influenced by several factors, including a significant retirement population, a high number of vacation and second homes, and seasonal employment fluctuations driven by peak tourism periods, all of which impact traditional labor force statistics.

### **Population**

The population for the city has experienced modest growth over the past five years reflecting on the city's ongoing appeal as both a tourist destination and a residential community. The average annual growth rate is approximately 1.57% or about ten new residents a year<sup>1</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Portland State University Annual Population Reports



## **Consumer Price Index**

The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) monitors the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for various regions, including the Western Region, to measure inflation as a key indicator of the cost of living and economic health. The Western Region's CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) has averaged approximately 4.24% over the past five years, however the city uses the current rate for budgeting purposes. As of January 2025, the CPI-U in the Western Region of the United States was 2.4%.

## **Major Revenue Sources**

City revenues, whether from governmental or proprietary funds, are categorized into the following groups: Taxes, Fees & Charges, Intergovernmental, Fines & Forfeitures, Other Resources, and Transfers from Other Funds. Budget assumptions for all revenue sources are based on several key factors, such as but not limited to:

- Historical actuals Past revenue trends, including received amounts and projected increases or decreases.
- Known factors Anticipated changes such as the expiration of intergovernmental agreements or planned asset sales.
- Fee schedules Adjustments to existing rates and the introduction of new fees.
- Calculation Estimates Estimated figures, such as property tax projections provided by the county.
- Programming changes The addition or removal of programs expected to impact the upcoming fiscal year.

These revenue sources and assumptions serve as the foundation for the city's budget. The General Fund is the primary funding source for most city operations, supporting essential services and administrative functions. For the purposes of this section, details regarding General Fund revenues are outlined below, while individual funds are explained in their respective sections.

## **General Fund Revenue Sources**

The General Fund relies on a combination of tax revenues, intergovernmental allocations, and other financing mechanisms to sustain city operations. The primary revenue streams include:

## **Transient Lodging Tax**

The Transient Lodging Tax (TLT) is a significant revenue source, derived from taxes imposed on short-term accommodations such as hotels, vacation rentals, and other lodging establishments.

This tax is vital for funding tourism-related services, infrastructure maintenance, and general government operations. A portion of these revenues is legally restricted for tourism promotion and facility improvements, while the remainder supports broader city functions.

TLT is a tax applied to the total retail price paid for occupancy in transient lodging, which includes short-term rentals. The City of Manzanita imposes a 9% TLT, which is collected and processed locally before remitting the required portion to the state.

## Application of the 9% TLT collected:

- 7% remains entirely with the City of Manzanita for general fund purposes.
- The remaining 2% is distributed as follows:
  - o 30% is retained in the General Fund.
  - o 70% is allocated to the Tourism Promotion Fund, which is legally restricted for tourism-related purposes as defined by state statute.

## Transient Lodging Providers & Intermediaries:

- A transient lodging provider is any person or entity that offers temporary overnight accommodations.
- A transient lodging intermediary is any entity that facilitates the booking and charges for transient lodging without directly providing the accommodation. This includes online travel agencies, travel agents, and tour companies.

Types of Transient Lodging Subject to TLT:

Transient lodging encompasses a wide range of temporary accommodations, including:

- Hotels and motels
- Bed and breakfast establishments
- RV sites in parks and campgrounds
- Resorts and inns
- Lodges and guest ranches
- Cabins
- Condominiums

- Short-term rental apartments and duplexes
- Vacation rental homes
- Tent sites and yurts in private and public campgrounds
- Any other dwelling unit, or portion thereof, used for temporary overnight stays

This tax plays a vital role in funding city services while supporting tourism-related initiatives in compliance with state regulations.

#### **State Shared Revenues**

State Shared Revenues consist of funds distributed by the State of Oregon to municipalities based on statutory formulas. These include revenues from sources such as the state gas tax, cigarette tax, marijuana tax and liquor revenue sharing. These funds help finance public safety, road maintenance, and other essential services.

State funds are distributed to cities based on formulas outlined in state statutes, which consider factors such as population and per capita income. The League of Oregon Cities provides the data used for State Revenue Sharing projections.

Under ORS 221.770, the city must formally elect to receive its allocated share of state-distributed revenues each fiscal year. Additionally, ORS 221.760 requires that cities must provide at least four of the following services to qualify for state-shared revenue: police protection, fire protection, street maintenance, sanitary services, storm sewer services, planning, and at least one utility service.

The City of Manzanita provides police protection, street maintenance, planning services, and water utility services. By meeting these service requirements and completing the necessary certification, the city qualifies to receive annual state-shared revenues.

## **Property Taxes**

Property tax revenue is one of the most stable and significant funding sources for the General Fund. It is based on assessed property values within city limits and is subject to limitations set by state law. These funds primarily support core services such as public safety, parks, and general government operations. The city's permanent property tax rate is \$0.4233 per \$1,000 of assessed value. This rate has remained unchanged since 1997 due to property tax limitations as set by Measures 5 and 50 of the State constitution. Tax revenues are constrained to this level, even when real market values are increasing. With property values increasing substantially over the past several years, the city's actual property tax revenues are unable to benefit from those increase. The city's tax rate is considered one of the lowest in the state and on average, the city receives about \$127 per household. The median home value is approximately \$823,800 within the city limits<sup>2</sup>. Because of Measures 5 and 50, the city is constrained to a 3% property tax increase as set by the county assessor's office.

#### **Debt Proceeds**

Debt proceeds represent funds obtained through bond issuances or other financing mechanisms to support capital projects and major infrastructure investments. While these funds provide immediate resources for large-scale initiatives, they require long-term repayment through future revenues.

### Transfers In – Direct and Indirect Costs

There are two types of transfers and they are based on moving resources related to specific proposes and the other related to indirect cost allocation where resources are transferred from one fund to another for administrative functions.

Direct costs involve the movement of resources for specific purposes, such as funding designated projects or fulfilling interdepartmental agreements. Within this budget, several transfers are allocated to meet these obligations and are distinctly categorized separately from indirect cost transfers.

Indirect cost transfers represent reimbursements from other city funds to cover shared administrative expenses, such as payroll processing, human resources, and financial management. These transfers help ensure that enterprise funds and other self-sustaining operations contribute proportionally to the overhead costs of running the city. Indirect costs and calculations are discussed further in its own section of Indirect Costs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Realtor.com and Zillow.com comparisons of median home values as of early 2025.

## **Citywide Expenditures**

Like revenues, all city funds categorize expenditures into distinct classifications to ensure transparency and effective financial management. These categories include:

## **Personnel Services**

Salaries, wages, and benefits for city employees, including health insurance, retirement contributions, and payroll taxes. This category represents a significant portion of operating costs, particularly in departments that provide direct public services such as public safety, public works, and administration.

The city currently employs sixteen full-time-equivalent (FTE) employees, there are currently open positions for a total of eighteen FTE to maintain sufficient obligations and essential functions of the city. Many staff members are cross-trained to perform a variety of functions and must operate at a high-level of efficiency in order to meet the growing demands of the city with limited resources.

Increases to personnel services are based on the CPI-U as described earlier. City Council authorizes annual adjustments to staff salaries with a resolution presented in April to account for Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA). This budget includes a COLA adjustment for all current employees of 3% based on the CPI-U and Council resolution adoption.

The following table outlines the adopted salary schedule for fiscal year 2026 and incorporated into this budget.

FY 26 Propos	ed Salary So	hedule			
Position	Step A	Step B	Step C	Step D	Step E
Police Chief	8,316	8,732	9,167	9,626	10,107
Police Sergeant	7,056	7,408	7,779	8,167	8,575
Public Works Director	7,210	7,571	7,949	8,347	8,763
Development Services Manager	7,210	7,571	7,949	8,347	8,763
Accounting Manager	6,086	6,391	6,709	7,045	7,397
Police Officer	5,548	5,826	6,116	6,422	7,031
Assistant City Recorder	4,817	5,058	5,312	5,576	5,857
STR/TLT Program Manager	4,817	5,058	5,312	5,576	5,857
Code Enforcement Officer	4,817	5,058	5,311	5,577	5,857
Planning & Permit Tech	4,603	4,832	5,074	5,328	5,594
Public Works Utility Clerk	4,554	4,780	5,020	5,271	5,534
Utility Worker	4,126	4,332	4,548	4,776	5,015
Senior Utility Worker	4,817	5,058	5,312	5,576	5,857
Operations Manager	5,438	5,710	5,996	6,295	6,611
Project Manager	5,058	5,312	5,576	5,857	6,149

## **Materials and Services**

Costs related to day-to-day operations, including supplies, utilities, professional services, contracted work, maintenance expenses, and other essential operating costs. This category supports the ongoing functionality of city departments and infrastructure.

Increase over the prior fiscal year are based on known expenditure increases. Departmental narratives provide key information on any notable increases in spending as compared to the prior budget. The majority of budgets remained stable although costs for items such as fuel and other professional services to implement policies have increased over prior year. Each department accounts for specific memberships, legal, IT hardware and supply needs based on the departments structure. Department heads are responsible for tracking and ensuring that budgets are within the appropriation limits.

### **Debt Service**

Payments on outstanding debt obligations, including principal and interest on bonds, loans, or other financial instruments used to fund capital projects or essential infrastructure improvements. Managing debt service ensures the city maintains a strong financial position and meets long-term obligations. The city's outstanding debt is further explained in the subsequent section.

## **Capital Outlay**

Expenditures for major infrastructure projects, facility upgrades, equipment purchases, and other long-term investments that enhance city services. These projects typically include road improvements, utility upgrades, public buildings, and technology enhancements. This budget represents capital expenditures on projects found in the Capital Improvement Plan in addition to expenditures above the capitalization threshold (such as vehicles) are located at the fund department level.

## Transfers Out – Direct and Indirect Costs

As previously discussed, transfers fall into two categories: direct transfers and indirect cost transfers. Direct transfers involve the movement of resources for specific purposes, such as funding designated projects or fulfilling interdepartmental agreements. Indirect cost transfers allocate resources between funds to cover shared administrative functions, such as payroll processing, human resources, and financial management. These allocations are determined using a materials and services cost allocation methodology to ensure equitable distribution of costs. Additional details on indirect costs are provided in the subsequent section. It is important to note that Transfers In and Transfers Out in the citywide budget must balance and net to zero to maintain financial equilibrium.



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## **Key Budget Drivers**

The budget includes key financial elements that reflect city-wide initiatives while looking at the bigger picture of city for the long-term. There are several budget drivers that are taking into consideration but the primary factors are outstanding debt and the associated costs because these are obligations of the city. The second component is operating costs to maintain a city with service level standards. Each plays a critical role in maintaining a balanced budget while ensuring transparency and alignment with the city's broader financial goals. These factors help uphold fiscal responsibility and demonstrate a commitment to the prudent use of taxpayer dollars.

## **City Debt (Current & Future)**

Debt is a crucial factor in maintaining a healthy and sustainable budget because it allows the city to invest in critical infrastructure and long-term capital projects while managing cash flow and preserving reserves. Responsible debt management ensures that borrowing remains affordable, does not overburden future budgets, and aligns with the City's overall financial stability and goals.

### **Current Debt**

The table below provides a summary of the City's current outstanding debt, including details on the purpose, due date, interest rate, outstanding balance including interest, and annual debt service for the coming fiscal year. This table reflects existing debt and does not include the planned debt proceeds for the City Hall project.

## **OUTSTANDING DEBT**

Purpose	Fund Source	Due	Interest Rate	Outstanding Amount including interest		nual Debt Service
Water Revenue Bond	Water Utility Fund	2045	3% - 4%	\$	3,423,489	\$ 170,556
Underhill Plaza	General Fund	2025	2.75%		338,332	155,332
Visitors Center	Tourism Fund	2025	3.35%		127,169	50,868
			-	\$	3,888,990	\$ 376,756

## **Future Debt**

The City has been incurring debt on a reimbursement basis for the City Hall project through a Special Public Works Fund construction loan through the Oregon Business Development Department. The maximum anticipated debt that will be drawn is \$4.1 million. The debt carries a 2.10% interest rate that accrues as funds are drawn. Ultimately the loan will be sold to the Oregon Bond bank at which time the interest rate, payment amount and 1st repayment date will be set. The maturity date for this loan is defined as 3 years + 90 days from the contract execution date, in this case the contract was signed on 2/13/2024 so maturity date is 5/14/2027. The next bond sale is likely to occur before this maturity date. Staff have proposed an estimated debt service payment in the event the bond sale does occur within FY 2025-2026. If not, these funds can be used to prepay accrued interest and possibly principal prior to the sale to the Bond Bank.

## **Operating Costs**

Operating costs encompass the day-to-day expenses required to maintain city services, facilities, and infrastructure. These costs are influenced by service demands, resource availability, and external factors such as inflation and economic conditions. Managing operating costs efficiently is essential to ensuring fiscal sustainability while maintaining quality services for city residents.

## **Key Components of Operating Costs**

The City of Manzanita's operating costs encompass a wide range of essential expenses that support daily operations, infrastructure maintenance, and service delivery. These costs reflect the resources needed to sustain city functions, meet regulatory requirements, and provide reliable services to the community. The City's operating costs fall into several broad categories:

Personnel & Benefits – Salaries, health insurance, retirement contributions, and payroll taxes represent a significant portion of the city's budget. Workforce retention and competitive compensation remain critical to maintaining service levels.

Contracted & Professional Services – In a small city like Manzanita, contracted vendors and professional services are essential for delivering critical functions that do not justify full-time, inhouse staffing. The city relies on specialized expertise for services such as information technology, finance, and building inspections to maintain operational efficiency and regulatory compliance. Some contracts, such as audits and inspections, are required obligations, while others support cost-effective service delivery. Rising costs of new contracts and renewals directly impact budget planning, requiring careful evaluation of service priorities and financial sustainability.

Utilities & Facility Operations – Electricity, water, and telecommunications expenses for city buildings, streetlights, and infrastructure must be budgeted annually. The new City Hall will result in increased costs due to its larger square footage and maintenance requirements; however, the building has been designed with efficiency standards to help offset some of these expenses. Conservation measures and operational efficiencies have been incorporated into this budget to manage costs effectively.

Supplies & Equipment – Routine purchases such as office supplies, safety gear, maintenance materials, and technology upgrades contribute to overall operating expenses. Supply chain issues and cost increases may impact procurement decisions.

Vehicle & Fleet Maintenance – The upkeep of city-owned vehicles, including fuel, repairs, and replacement schedules, ensures public works and emergency services can operate effectively. Rising fuel prices and aging equipment influence this budget area.

General Liability, Insurance, & Risk Management – Coverage for city-owned properties, employees, and liability claims is a necessary operating expense. Insurance premiums fluctuate based on market trends and claim history. Annually, insurance costs continue to rise because of market-wide adjustments driven by inflation, economic conditions, and changes in the insurance industry.

To ensure the long-term financial health of the city, Manzanita employs several strategies to manage operating costs, including cost containment measures that identify efficiencies in staffing, procurement, and energy usage to reduce expenses without impacting service delivery. Additionally, the city utilizes multi-year planning and revenue alignment to anticipate operating needs, analyze cost trends, and allocate funding strategically.

## **Personnel Overview**

As previously noted, annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) are tied to the CPI-U and adopted through City Council resolution. This section evaluates personnel-related needs and their financial impact on each department while ensuring the city maintains a high level of service.

In a small organization, staffing levels may not change frequently, making cross-training and the ability to allocate resources internally even more essential. Throughout the fiscal year, positions may shift, transfer, or be adjusted as necessary by city management. Staffing levels are also influenced by the creation or elimination of positions, which play a key role in overall workforce planning.

This budget reflects the addition of one full-time equivalent (FTE) position added in the previous fiscal year and are outlined in the department budgets. There are no new positions included in this budget.



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## **Indirect Costs**

The City utilizes the Indirect Cost Allocation approach and plan to ensure that the citywide support services, housed within the General Fund, are appropriately distributed across all departments. This process allows direct service departments to fairly account for the administrative and operational support they receive.

## **Accounting of Indirect Costs**

## **Understanding Direct and Indirect Costs**

Direct costs are those that can be clearly attributed to a specific service, project, or function. These costs are easily identifiable as belonging to a particular activity or department. An example of a direct cost in this budget would be the transfer of the debt proceeds to the City Hall Expansion Fund. The debt proceeds are tied specifically to the capital project.

Indirect costs are the necessary expenses of running a city or organization that cannot be directly linked to a specific department, program, or service. These costs support the overall operations but are not easily or logically assigned to just one function. Think of them as the behind-the-scenes expenses—critical to keeping things running smoothly, but not tied to any one activity. While departments may have both types of costs, it's important to differentiate between them when building a budget or evaluating the true cost of providing a service. Properly identifying direct and indirect costs helps ensure fair and transparent allocation of resources.

For example, while the Building Fund and department might pay directly for permitting software (a direct cost), they also rely on services like IT support and HR functions, which are shared across the city and therefore considered indirect costs. Those costs are transferred out of the Building Fund and into the General Fund, where the IT support and HR functions are paid out of.

## **Understanding Transfers in Technical Terms**

The City adheres to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and the standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These principles serve as the foundation for how local governments must record, report, and ensure accountability in their financial practices.

Under GASB Statement No. 34, which governs governmental financial reporting, interfund transfers, including those related to indirect cost allocations, must be reported separately from operational expenditures. This standard is the same with governmental and enterprise funds.

These transfers are classified as:

**Other Financing Sources (OFS)** – representing incoming resources to a fund, such as Transfers In, that originate from another internal fund and are not considered revenue (e.g., not derived from taxes, fees, or grants).

**Other Financing Uses (OFU)** – representing outgoing resources, such as Transfers Out, to another internal fund that do not reflect direct expenditures tied to the transferring fund's operations.

These transfers are part of the City's internal accounting structure and are necessary for managing shared services, supporting capital projects, or allocating restricted revenues. However, they are not operational expenditures and must not be included in categories such as Personnel Services or Materials and Services. GASB standards intentionally separate these items to preserve financial transparency and prevent the misrepresentation of a fund's operational costs.

Reporting transfers under OFS and OFU ensures compliance, clarity, and consistency across funds. On City-wide (Government-wide) financial statements, all Transfers In and Transfers Out must net to zero, accurately reflecting that while funds may exchange resources, the City's overall financial position remains balanced.



In alignment with GAAP and GASB standards, indirect cost allocations must be reported as Other Financing Uses (OFU) and not included in operational categories such as Personnel Services or Materials and Services, where they are neither appropriate nor compliant.

## **Principles & Standards**

The principles for cost allocation are outlined in the Code of Federal Regulations Title II, Part 200, which establishes uniform administrative requirements, cost principles, and audit standards for federal awards. While these guidelines are specific to federal funding, they serve as a widely recognized framework for cost allocation at the local, county, and state levels.

Additionally, best practices recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) support the use of an indirect cost approach under best practices<sup>1</sup>. However, GFOA emphasizes that indirect cost allocation must be tailored to an organization's specific needs, as a one-size-fits-all method is rarely effective.

## City Policy

The city adopted its current indirect cost allocation method following a comprehensive study conducted by FCS Group in 2020, with an update completed in 2022. This study reviewed the City's organizational structure and developed cost allocation principles tailored specifically to Manzanita's operations. The resulting methodology and allocations were formally adopted by City Council through Resolution #23-01, which now serves as the guiding policy.

Each year during the budget process, the City reviews and updates these allocations in accordance with the adopted methodology. In prior years, the Budget Committee received allocation details through a memo, which was also included in the prior year budget appendix section of those budgets.

This enhanced level of transparency supports the City's commitment to ongoing evaluation and refinement of indirect cost allocations and allows for data-driven adjustments to ensure accuracy and fairness in the budgeting process.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> GFOA: Best Practice Indirect Cost Allocation; 2022. (www.gfoa.org/materials/indirect-cost-allocation)

## Methodology

The City's indirect cost allocation methodology is rooted in best practices and is consistent with GAAP and GASB standards. The process applies a structured five-step process to determine and allocate administrative indirect costs across all operating funds receiving the benefit.

City funds that receive general administrative support services include the Building Fund and the Water Fund. These funds do not maintain their own dedicated administrative resources as defined in the City's five-step allocation methodology and therefore rely on support from central services housed within the General Fund. Capital project funds, such as the City Hall Expansion Fund, are excluded from the indirect cost allocation. This is because these projects are of limited and short-term nature.

This methodology follows the principles outlined in the City's Indirect Cost Allocation Plan and aligns with GAAP and GASB requirements for reporting and transparency. The allocation is based on a combination of administrative staffing (FTE) and actual administrative overhead costs, distributed proportionally based on each fund's share of Materials and Services (M&S) activity over time. The methodology follows a five-step approach as illustrated below.



## Step 1: Calculate Administrative Personnel Costs (FTE-Based)

The first step is identifying which administrative positions provide general support services across the organization. The city has identified the following positions and associated time allocations as contributing to citywide administrative functions:

- 100% of the Accounting Manager's time
- 30% of the City Manager's time
- 25% of the Assistant City Recorder's time

These percentages represent the estimated portion of time each position devotes to general administrative duties, separate from any department-specific responsibilities. Combined, this results in a total of 1.55 full-time equivalents (FTE).

Personnel costs include salaries and benefits, such as medical coverage and retirement contributions. The total cost of these administrative support positions is used as the basis for the indirect cost allocation. Each position's share is calculated as a percentage of the total personnel costs.

The anticipated administrative personnel cost for allocation purposes in the Fiscal Year 2026 budget is \$252,966.

	% of	FY	FY 2026				
<b>Administrative</b>	Time	Alloca	tion Total				
Accounting Manager	100%						
City Manager	30%	- \$	252,966				
Assistant City Recorder	25%						

## Step 2: Identify Administrative Overhead Costs (Materials & Services-Based)

Administrative costs within the Materials & Services (M&S) category are calculated using the most recent audited financial statements and detailed trial balance data. Only recurring, operational expenditures are included in the allocation. One-time or non-operational items, such as legal costs for specific projects or council-related initiatives, are excluded to maintain accuracy and compliance with cost allocation standards.

The anticipated administrative overhead cost for M&S included in the Fiscal Year 2026 budget for allocation purposes is \$234,425.

## **Step 3: Summarize Total Administrative Allocation Costs**

The combined total from Steps 1 and 2 represents the full administrative overhead to be allocated across departments and funds for the fiscal year.

Fiscal Year 2026 anticipated Administrative Costs:

Total Administrative CostsPersonnel (Step 1)\$ 252,966Materials & Services (Step 2)234,425					
Personnel (Step 1)	\$	252,966			
Materials & Services (Step 2)		234,425			
Total Administrative Costs	\$	487,391			

## **Step 4: Determine Department and Fund Allocation Percentages**

To allocate costs equitably, the City uses a five-year average of audited Materials & Services (M&S) expenditures by fund or department. This multi-year averaging approach helps smooth year-to-year fluctuations and provides a more stable and reliable basis for determining allocation percentages. Each fund's average M&S expenditure is calculated as a proportion of the citywide total, forming the basis for its share of indirect costs.

## Five-Year Average

Materials & Services	Audited Financials									2020-2024		FY 2026	
Operating Costs Only*		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024	Α	verage	% Allocation
General Funds													
Muncipal Court	\$	12,686	\$	8,252	\$	8,760	\$	6,731	\$	5,400	\$	8,366	1.16%
Parks		20,101		28,910		15,966		8,629		9,383		16,598	2.30%
Public Safety		52,283		59,447		48,231		61,456		66,230		57,529	7.97%
Non-departmental		100		1,378		-		-		3,232		942	0.13%
Total General Fund	\$	87,190	\$	100,008	\$	74,979	\$	78,839	\$	86,269	\$	83,435	11.55%
Other City Funds													
Building	\$	33,117	\$	23,364	\$	42,782	\$	35,281	\$	50,972	\$	37,103	5.14%
Water Utility		404,151		327,937		355,417		260,579		237,656		317,148	43.91%
Transportation		28,895		44,526		63,712		32,826		35,024		40,997	5.68%
Tourism		90,801		53,038		39,880		66,716		62,338		62,555	8.66%
City Hall Expansion		79,630		39,550		76,479		217,772		386,154		159,917	22.14%
Timber Management (CLOSED)		67,329		-		-		-		-		13,466	1.86%
System Development Charges		11,014		4,770		1,173		15,837		5,326		7,624	1.06%
Total Other City Funds		714,937		493,185		579,443		629,011		777,470		638,809	88.45%
Total Of All Funds	\$	802,127	\$	593,193	\$	654,422	\$	707,850	\$	863,739	\$	722,244	100.00%

<sup>\*</sup>Operating costs are ongoing items exclusive of any one-time expense.

## **Step 5: Apply Indirect Cost Shares**

Each fund's allocation percentage from Step 4 is applied to the total indirect cost amount calculated in Step 3 to determine its proportional share. This approach ensures that funds receiving a higher level of operational support contribute an equitable portion of the administrative overhead.

Fund/Departments	Personnel Costs	M&S Costs	Total Costs	% Allocation	Allocation of Expenses to	
,	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Budget Transfers	Allocation of Expenses to
	\$ 252,966	\$ 234,425	\$ 487,391	100%	(Rounded to nearest \$100)	Budget Transfers
General Funds						
Muncipal Court	\$ 2,930	\$ 2,715	\$ 5,645	1.16%	\$ -	
Parks	5,813	5,387	11,201	2.30%	-	These costs are already in
Public Safety	20,150	18,673	38,822	7.97%	-	the General Fund
Non-departmental	330	306	636	0.13%		
Total General Fund	29,223	27,081	56,304	11.55%	-	

#### Other City Funds

Building	1	2,995	12,045	25,040	5.14%	25,040	Special Revenue Fund
Water Utility	11	1,081	102,938	214,020	43.91%	214,020	Enterprise Fund
Transportation	1	4,359	13,307	27,666	5.68%	-	General Fund Supported
Tourism	2	1,910	20,304	42,214	8.66%	-	Self Supported Fund <sup>2</sup>
City Hall Expansion	5	6,011	51,906	107,917	22.14%	-	Capital Projects Funds <sup>1</sup>
Timber Managemer	nt (CLOSED)	4,716	4,371	9,087	1.86%	-	Closed into General Fund
System Developme	nt Charges	2,670	2,475	5,145	1.06%	-	Capital Projects Funds <sup>1</sup>
Total Other (	City Funds 22	3,743	207,345	431,088	88.45%	239,060	_ Total Transfers to the General
Total Of	All Funds \$ 25	2,966 \$	\$ 234,426	\$ 487,392	100.00%	\$ 239,060	Fund

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Capital Projects Funds are excluded as these funds do not have ongoing operational activity, staffing, or administrative support needs. As such, they are not considered beneficiaries of citywide administrative services and are not included in the allocation process.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Tourism Fund is a Special Revenue Fund and is currently self-supported through dedicated revenue sources. Administrative staff time associated with managing the visitors center and tourism related activities is charged directly to the fund, eliminating the need for an indirect cost allocation. Because the fund independently supports its operational needs, it is excluded from the City's indirect cost allocation.

## **Historical Trend & Comparative Analysis**

Following the methodology adopted by City Council and grounded in national best practice standards, the city applies a consistent and transparent approach to allocating indirect costs. This section takes a two-part look at the effectiveness and reasonableness of that approach. First, it reviews historical trends within the City of Manzanita over the past three budget cycles, highlighting how indirect cost allocations have evolved in response to organizational changes, refined estimates, and updated expenditure data. This internal review ensures the methodology remains accurate, equitable, and aligned with City operations.

Second, the city conducts a comparative analysis with peer jurisdictions to provide context for how Manzanita's allocations align with broader practices across the region and state. While recognizing that no two cities allocate indirect costs in exactly the same way, this high-level review helps validate that the City's overall approach remains in line with both professional standards and reasonable benchmarks.

## **Historical Trends**

Over the past three budget cycles, the City has continued to apply a consistent methodology to indirect cost allocation, beginning with the implementation of the formal Indirect Cost Allocation Plan in 2022. Since then, the total administrative overhead allocated across funds has reflected annual adjustments based on staffing changes, refined FTE estimates, and updated Materials & Services activity.

For this comparative analysis, fund balance is used as the base for evaluating indirect cost allocations. While fund revenue is typically used for operational comparisons, fund balance provides a broader view of a fund's financial position and its capacity to support administrative overhead. This perspective helps contextualize the reasonableness of indirect cost transfers in relation to each fund's overall financial resources.

Year-Over-Year Trend By Fund	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
Building	\$ 27,332	\$ 22,475	\$ 25,040
Water Utility	191,000	199,357	214,020
	\$ 218,332	\$ 221,832	\$ 239,060
% of Change	-	2%	8%

#### Total Fund Balance as a % of Indirect Cost Allocations

	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026		
Building Fund	\$ 257,765	\$ 277,200	\$	231,160	
% of Fund Balance	11%	8%		11%	
Water Utility Fund	\$ 1,168,107	\$ 824,160	\$	1,505,090	
% of Fund Balance	16%	24%		14%	

## **Comparative Analysis**

As a final step in the evaluation process, the City conducted a comparative analysis to assess how its indirect cost allocations align with those of neighboring and similarly sized cities across Oregon. The primary goal of this comparison is to ensure that administrative support services are being fairly and equitably recovered, with each fund contributing its proportional share—while maintaining compliance with GAAP and GASB standards.

It is important to recognize that each city operates under a unique structure, with different service models, staffing levels, and internal accounting practices. Allocation methodologies and presentation formats also vary widely, making direct comparisons challenging. To provide a meaningful benchmark, the City focused on comparing total indirect cost allocations as a percentage of overall fund balance and transfer activity.

While each peer jurisdiction approaches cost allocation differently, the comparison below illustrates that Manzanita's practices remain well within the range of reasonable and accepted standards observed across similar cities.

While each city uses a slightly different allocation method, the comparison below shows that Manzanita's approach remains well within the range of peer practices.

Cities and Comparing Funds	Fui	Audited FY 2024 nd Balance	 rent Transfer to eneral Fund*	% Allocation by Fund Balance
Manzanita				
Building	\$	266,055	\$ 25,040	9%
Water Utility		1,168,107	214,020	18%
Astoria				
Building		104,635	20,800	20%
Water Commingled with other funds		-	248,760	0%
Depoe Bay				
Building no designated fund		-	-	0%
Water		794,346	365,729	46%
Seaside				
Building no designated fund		-	-	0%
Water		2,375,471	156,444	7%
Warrenton				
Building		341,153	14,666	4%
Water		645,588	403,755	63%

<sup>\*</sup>Every City allocates indirect costs differently based on the City's methodology and needs. It is also important to note that not every City displays transfers for indirect costs as the same. This table is for comparison only and may or may not be a complete actual of the represented cities.

## Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

**Indirect Costs, Continued** 

Several additional cities were reviewed as part of this comparison, including Cannon Beach, Gearhart, Powers, and select cities in the Portland Metro Area with larger populations. The cities listed in the table represent the best available comparisons. As noted earlier, each city uses a different allocation methodology and operates under unique conditions, making direct comparisons challenging. Still, this broader review offers valuable context for understanding how Manzanita's practices align with common municipal approaches.



## **CITYWIDE**

## Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

## CITY-WIDE OVERALL BUDGET TOTAL OF ALL FUNDS COMBINED

CATEGORY	HISTORICA	L ACTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL	YEAR 2024/2025		BUDGET 2025/2026	
CATEGORT	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Final Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
	2022/2023	2023/2024	Budget	Actuals	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Bod
ESOURCES							
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$ 8,465,870	\$ 8,673,510	\$ 8,304,190	\$ 9,723,304	\$ 10,300,130	\$ 10,300,130	\$ 10,300,13
Room Tax Collections	1,879,874	1,841,968	1,690,000	1,860,400	1,835,000	1,835,000	1,835,0
Fees & Charges	1,753,097	2,419,414	2,460,861	2,624,436	2,469,100	2,469,100	2,469,1
Property Taxes	252,722	269,775	265,260	276,500	273,500	273,500	273,5
Intergovermental	280,596	215,442	3,007,389	611,416	2,574,980	2,574,980	2,574,9
Fines & Foreitures	33,768	90,808	60,000	30,000	45,000	45,000	45,0
Interest	268,460	464,983	55,158	318,454	201,200	201,200	201,2
Miscellaneous	18,661	31,809	192,118	185,420	7,500	7,500	7,5
Proceeds from Debt Issuance	-	663,056	3,436,944	3,436,944	-	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	9,112	638,351	17,000	-	-	-	-
Transfers from Other Funds	589,972	1,911,503	4,422,476	4,422,476	306,785	306,785	306,7
TOTAL RESOURCES	13,552,132	17,220,619	23,911,396	23,489,350	18,013,195	18,013,195	18,013,1
EQUIREMENTS	1.0/0.00/	0.000.001	0.451.050	0.101.417	0.770.010	0.770.010	
Personnel Services	1,868,896	2,039,081	2,451,852	2,191,617	2,773,210	2,773,210	2,773,2
Materials & Services	1,079,530	1,404,130	1,832,061	1,365,334	1,600,380	1,600,380	1,600,3
Debt Service	376,556	379,256	386,240	386,240	681,240	681,240	681,2
Capital Outlay	963,668	1,767,925	7,883,840	4,823,552	3,628,465	3,628,465	3,628,4
Transfers to Other Funds	589,972	1,906,923	4,422,476	4,422,477	306,785	306,785	306,7
TOTAL EXPENDITURES BEFORE RESERVES	4,878,622	7,497,315	16,976,469	13,189,220	8,990,080	8,990,080	8,990,0
ESERVES							
Contingency	-	-	315,000	-	270,000	270,000	270,0
comingency	8.673.510	9,723,304	6,619,927	10,300,130	8,753,115	8,753,115	8,753,1
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance	8,6/3,510	7,7 20,004					
<i>o</i> ,		9,723,304	6,934,927	10,300,130	9,023,115	9,023,115	9,023,1

## Citywide Budget, Continued

	Government	S	pecial Revenue			Capital		Enterprise	
Category	General	Transportation	Building	Tourism	City Hall	SDC's	Public Works Reserve	Water	TOTAL BUDGET
RESOURCES BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$ 3,854,735	\$ 652,600 \$	281,780 \$	684,890	\$ 47,725 \$	3,061,435 \$	211,875	\$ 1,505,090	\$ 10,300,130
Transient Lodging Tax	1,550,000	-	-	285,000	-	-	-	-	1,835,000
Fees & Charges	413,500	93,000	194,000	-	-	95,600	-	1,673,000	2,469,100
Property Taxes	273,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	273,500
Intergovermental	174,600	2,029,360	-	-	-	-	-	371,020	2,574,980
Fines & Foreitures	45,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,000
Interest	100,000	10,000	5,000	15,000	-	47,700	3,500	20,000	201,200
Miscellaneous	5,000	500	-	-	-	-	-	2,000	7,500
Transfers from Other Funds	286,785	-		-	-		20,000	-	306,785
TOTAL RESOURCES	6,703,120	2,785,460	480,780	984,890	47,725	3,204,735	235,375	3,571,110	18,013,195
REQUIREMENTS									
Personnel Services	1,706,000	87,000	169,000	167,500	-	-	-	643,710	2,773,210
Materials & Services	721,980	72,800	31,000	114,700	-	42,000	-	617,900	1,600,380
Debt Service	450,340	-	-	50,900	-	-	-	180,000	681,240
Capital Outlay	9,000	2,145,365	-	5,000	-	869,100	75,000	525,000	3,628,465
Transfers to Other Funds	-	-	25,040	-	47,725	-	-	234,020	306,785
TOTAL EXPENDITURES BEFORE RESERVES	2,887,320	2,305,165	225,040	338,100	47,725	911,100	75,000	2,200,630	8,990,080
RESERVES									
Contingency	100,000	100,000	20,000	5,000	-	20,000	-	25,000	270,000
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance	3,715,800	380,295	235,740	641,790	-	2,273,635	160,375	1,345,480	8,753,115
TOTAL RESERVES-ENDING FUND BALANCE	3,815,800	480,295	255,740	646,790	-	2,293,635	160,375	1,370,480	9,023,115
TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$ 6,703,120	\$ 2,785,460 \$	480,780 \$	984,890	\$ 47,725 \$	3,204,735 \$	235,375	\$ 3,571,110	\$ 18,013,195

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	G	eneral	PW	Reserve	Total
<u>Transfers Out</u>					
Building	\$	25,040	\$	-	\$ 25,040
City Hall		47,725		-	47,725
Water		214,020		20,000	234,020
TOTAL	\$	286,785	\$	20,000	\$ 306,785

## **GENERAL FUND**

## Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

## **Core Services**

The General Fund serves as the primary operating fund for the City, supporting most local government activities except those related to the Water Utility Fund. Departments within the General Fund include Administration, Municipal Court, Parks, Public Safety, and General Government services, the latter of which are reported under Non-Departmental. The Administration is funded by the General Fund but has oversight and responsibility for all funds and activities, including the water utility and building funds. Each department is reflected in the General Fund summary, organized both by program and by department.

## Revenue

The General Fund is supported by several key revenue sources that enable the City to maintain ongoing operations and essential services. These sources include lodging taxes, property taxes, intergovernmental agreements, state-shared revenues, and various licenses, permits, and service charges.

## **Transient Lodging Tax**

The Transient Lodging Tax (TLT) is the primary revenue source for the General Fund and a vital stream that supports the City's core operations. Historically, TLT revenue has shown steady growth due to continued tourism activity. However, revenue projections remain conservative, as tourism can be sensitive to market fluctuations.

The City experienced an unusual spike in TLT revenue in 2020 during the COVID-19 pandemic, as travel patterns shifted and tourism to the area increased. This one-time increase contributed to a healthier fund balance and provided added financial stability at a critical time. Recognizing the unique nature of that event, the City has taken a prudent approach to future revenue forecasting, estimates are closer to recent trends but overall maintaining conservative estimates in this budget cycle.

## **Property Taxes**

Property tax revenue is a key funding source for local government operations. The City's permanent tax rate is \$0.4233 per \$1,000 of assessed value, which is the lowest in Tillamook County and among the lowest in the state of Oregon. Estimated property tax revenue is constrained by Oregon's constitutional Measures 5 and 50, which limit annual assessed value increases to 3%, as determined by the County Assessor.

## **Intergovernmental**

There are three main resources for intergovernmental revenue in the General Fund in addition to smaller agreements. The three main revenue sources include police agreements, grants and state shared revenues.

## **Police Agreements**

Intergovernmental agreements with the cities of Wheeler and Nehalem are renewed annually and include adjustments for inflation. These agreements help ensure the provision of police services to the Oregon Parks and Recreation District and offset a portion of the City's public safety costs.

### **Grants**

The City has received several grants that help offset expenditures. First, grants received from the Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) have provided funding to offset costs associated with the update of the Comprehensive Plan. Secondly, through SB 1530 the State of Oregon allocated \$2.709 million dollars to the city for the design and construction of the Classic Street Connection project. Staff are always seeking opportunities for grant funding for projects and programs to help offset costs to the City.

## State Revenue Sharing (including Cigarette and Liquor Tax)

State revenues are distributed to cities based on state statute, which defines formulas incorporating population and per capita income. The League of Oregon Cities provides the source data for State Revenue Sharing projections.

Pursuant to ORS 221.770, the City of Manzanita must elect to receive its proportionate share of the revenues to be apportioned to the cities by the State of Oregon for the fiscal year. Further, ORS 221.760 provides that city located in a county having more than 100,000 inhabitants according to the most recent federal decennial census, can disburse state shared revenue funds only if the city provides four or more of the following services: police protection; fire protection; street construction, maintenance, and lighting; sanitary sewer; storm sewers; planning, zoning, and subdivision control; one or more utility services.

The City of Manzanita provides several of these qualifying services and therefore remains eligible to receive state revenue sharing funds.

## Fees & Charges

Fees and charges mainly include licenses, permits, business and short-term rental licenses. Fees related to inspection, land use, and technology fees attribute most of this category. These fees for service allow the City to recover some costs associated with administering programs. The City conducted an extensive study of all fees and created a Master Fee Schedule that was adopted by City Council. A copy of the most recent resolution is included in the appendix of this budget.

## **Expenditures**

Expenditures are outlined in each of the five departments of the General Fund.

## **GENERAL FUND**

		LUCTORICAL	ACTUALC		CURRENT FIG. A.	VEAD 000	4 (0005	BUDGET		
CATEGORY		HISTORICAL iscal Year	Fiscal Year		CURRENT FISCAL		14/2025 nated		2025/2026	Adopted
		2022/2023	2023/2024		Final Adopted Budget		vals	Proposed by Budget Officer	Approved by Budget Committee	•
RESOURCES		2022/2023	2023/2024		bougei	ACI	ouis	by bodger Officer	by boager Comminee	by Governing Body
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE <sup>1</sup>	\$	2,549,138	\$ 3,242,1	46 \$	3,283,165	\$	3,789,740	\$ 3,854,735	\$ 3,854,735	\$ 3,854,735
Transient Lodging Taxes		1,589,891	1,556,0	91	1,450,000		1,575,400	1,550,000	1,550,000	1,550,000
Property Taxes		252,722	269,7	75	265,260		276,500	273,500	273,500	273,500
Fees & Charges		134,354	82,2	215	70,000		88,500	77,500	77,500	77,500
Franchise & Utility Agreements		72,354	63,5	501	65,000		63,000	61,000	61,000	61,000
Business & Short-Term Rental Licenses		74,661	252,7	753	248,000		285,000	275,000	275,000	275,000
Intergovermental:										
Police Agreements		73,980	61,2	200	74,400		75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000
Grants		73,409	6,0	)20	50,000		30,000	63,000	63,000	63,000
State Revenue Sharing		33,325	25,0	)59	33,000		20,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
Cigarette & Liquor Taxes		12,579	12,0	)77	13,789		11,400	10,400	10,400	10,400
Neah-Kah-Nie Excise Tax		1,216	1.3	335	1,200		1,400	1,200	1,200	1,200
Fines & Foreitures		33,768	90,8	308	60,000		30,000	45,000	45,000	45,000
Interest		149,076	254,7	720	35,000		100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Miscellaneous		4,778	5,8	368	4,998			5,000	5,000	5,000
Miscellaneous Proceeds From Closed Funds		-			177,540		177,540	-	_	-
Proceeds from Debt Issuance		-	663,0	)56	3,436,944		3,436,944	-	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		_	638,3	351	_		_	-	_	_
Transfers from Other Funds		198,261	246,1		221,832		221,832	286,785	286,785	286,785
TOTAL RESOURCES	\$	5,253,512	\$ 7,471,1	42 \$	9,490,128	\$ 1	10,182,256	\$ 6,703,120	\$ 6,703,120	\$ 6,703,120
EXPENDITURE REQUIREMENTS BY CATEGORY										
Personnel Services	\$	1,166,928	\$ 1,270,1	12 \$	1,436,896	\$	1,355,486	\$ 1,706,000	\$ 1,706,000	\$ 1,706,000
Materials & Services	Ψ	458.897	624,7		864,670	Ψ	632,750	721,980	721,980	721,980
Debt Service		430,077	024,7	75	155,340		155.340	450,340	450.340	450,340
Capital Outlay		5,726	123,6	224	9,000		9,000	9,000		9,000
Contingency		5,726	123,0		150.000		7,000	100,000	100.000	100,000
Transfers to Other Funds		379,815	1,662,8	001	4,174,944		4,174,945	100,000	100,000	100,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES BY CATEGORY	-	2,011,366	3,681,4		6,790,850		6,327,521	2,987,320	2,987,320	2,987,320
		,- ,	-,,,					, , , ,	, ,	,,
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance		3,242,146	3,789,7	40	2,699,278		3,854,735	3,715,800	3,715,800	3,715,800
TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$	5,253,512	\$ 7,471,1	42 \$	9,490,128	\$ 1	10,182,256	\$ 6,703,120	\$ 6,703,120	\$ 6,703,120

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The beginning fund balances presented in the budget differ from the audited amounts, as they incorporate the balances of funds that were closed during the FY 2023–2024 adopted budget. In accordance with budgetary practice, these closed funds are not required to be displayed separately or with historical detail.

	FY 2022/2023	FY 2023/2024	Final Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
Reserves:							
Debt Service	-	-	155,340	155,340	450,340	450,340	450,34
Public Safety Equipment (Dept. 125)	131,468	41,480	105,480	73,480	105,480	105,480	105,48
CDBG Housing Grant (Dept. 190)	110,660	115,730	30,000	115,730	30,000	30,000	30,00
Total Reserves	242,128	157,210	290,820	344,550	585,820	585,820	585,82
Policy Requirements:							
Contingency & Ending Fund Balance	3,242,146	3,789,740	2,849,278	3,854,735	3,715,800	3,715,800	3,715,80
Less designated reserves	(242,128)	(157,210)	(290,820)	(344,550)	(585,820)	(585,820)	(585,82
Less policy requirements*	(243,000)	(341,000)	(460,000)	(397,000)	(558,000)	(558,000)	(558,00
AMOUNT OVER (UNDER) POLICY REQUIREMENT	2,757,018	3,291,530	2,098,458	3,113,185 \$	2,571,980 \$	2,571,980 \$	2,571,980

## General Fund, Continued

	HISTORICA	LAC	CTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL	YEA	R 2024/2025		В	UDG	ET FOR 2025/202	26	
SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENT	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year	Final Adopted		Estimated		Proposed		Approved		Adopted
	2022/2023		2023/2024	Budget		Actuals	by	Budget Officer	by E	Budget Committee	by	Governing Body
OPERATING EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENT												
Administration	\$ 861,986	\$	1,089,846	\$ 1,276,900	\$	1,140,367	\$	1,330,100	\$	1,330,100	\$	1,330,100
Municipal Court	30,507		41,573	49,695		43,158		51,400		51,400		51,400
Parks	25,445		19,846	29,651		25,874		29,500		29,500		29,500
Public Safety	668,111		735,536	846,650		763,837		915,250		915,250		915,250
Non-departmental	 39,776		8,084	98,670		15,000		101,730		101,730		101,730
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,625,825	\$	1,894,885	\$ 2,301,566	\$	1,988,236	\$	2,427,980	\$	2,427,980	\$	2,427,980
Policy Reserve %	 15%		18%	20%		20%		23%		23%		23%
Policy Reserve Required	\$ 243,000	\$	341,000	\$ 460,000	\$	397,000	\$	558,000	\$	558,000	\$	558,000
NONOPERATING EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENT												
Administration	5,726		5,803	9,000		9,000		9,000		9,000		9,000
Public Safety	-		117,823	-		-		-		-		-
Non-departmental	379,815		1,662,891	4,480,284		4,330,285		550,340		550,340		550,340
TOTAL NONOPERATING EXPENDITURES	 385,541		1,786,517	4,489,284		4,339,285		559,340		559,340		559,340
TOTAL BY DEPARTMENT												
Administration	867,712		1,095,649	1,285,900		1,149,367		1,339,100		1,339,100		1,339,100
Municipal Court	30,507		41,573	49,695		43,158		51,400		51,400		51,400
Parks	25,445		19,846	29,651		25,874		29,500		29,500		29,500
Public Safety	668,111		853,359	846,650		763,837		915,250		915,250		915,250
Non-departmental	419,591		1,670,975	4,578,954		4,345,285		652,070		652,070		652,070
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 2,011,366	\$	3,681,402	\$ 6,790,850	\$	6,327,521	\$	2,987,320	\$	2,987,320	\$	2,987,320

SUMMARY OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT	HISTORICA	L ACTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL Y	EAR 2024/2025	BUDGET FC	PR 2025/2026	
EMPLOYEES BY DEPARTMENT	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Final Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
	2022/2023	2023/2024	Budget	Actuals	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body
Administration	4.30	4.60	4.00	4.00	5.50	5.50	5.50
Municipal Court	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
Parks	0.16	0.12	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.10
Public Safety	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.25	4.25	4.25
TOTAL GENERAL FUND FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT	8.86	9.12	8.49	8.49	10.25	10.25	10.25



# GENERAL FUND Administration Department

Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

## **Core Services**

The Administration Department is responsible for providing oversight of all departments and ensuring the effective implementation of council policy goals and objectives.

## **Expenditures**

The department is home to five and half (5.5) full-time equivalent employees. These positions include 100% of the City Manager(1) and Accounting Manager (1) positions, the Project Manager (1) position Short Term Rental Program Manager (1) in addition to a portion of the Assistant City Recorder (.6), Development Services Manager (.4) and Planning portion of the Planning and Building Permit Tech (.5).

## **Professional Services**

Professional services are split between operational needs and any services towards implementing council goals and objectives. Approximately half of the professional service line item is associated with general operations and includes funding for an Information Technology Professional, Finance Advisor, City Attorney, City Planner, and the Auditor.

The other half of the Professional Service includes funds to develop and enhance policies and procedures, including new procedures to separate financial duties. Professional services also include the funding required for the Comprehensive Plan update and Housing Ordinance adoption, the development of a Municipal Code and a Salary Survey that the city conducts every four years.

## **Planning and Zoning Services**

These reflect the costs for related to the review of certain land use applications by the city's contract planner. These funds are recovered through fees for service but are accounted for in the Administration Department budget.

### **Dues and Subscriptions**

Reflect the costs associated with operations, including, but not limited to professional organization fees, financial software services, postage, technology related fees, bank services fees, copier lease fees.

## **Building Operations**

Reflects costs associated with the new city hall facility and includes building operations costs that were formerly carried in the police station budget. This line item also includes costs associated with maintaining the existing police station and city hall building.

# GENERAL FUND ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT (#110)

	HISTORICAL ACTUALS					CURRENT FISCAL	ΥE	AR 2024/2025	BUDGET	202	5/2026		
CATEGORY		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		Adopted		Estimated	Proposed		Approved	Α	dopted
		2022/2023		2023/2024		Budget		Actuals	by Budget Officer	by	Budget Committee	by Go	verning Body
PERSONNEL SERVICES													
Salaries & Wages	\$	327,192	\$	358,639	\$	378,000		392,039	495,000	)	495,000		495,000
Employee Benefits		192,489		195,531		256,000		237,678	337,500	)	337,500		337,500
TOTAL PERSONNEL SERVICES	\$	519,681	\$	554,170	\$	634,000	\$	629,717	\$ 832,500	\$	832,500	\$	832,500
# of Full Time Equivalent Positions		4.30		4.60		4.00		4.00	5.50		5.50		5.50
MATERIALS & SERVICES													
Contractual Services:													
Professional Services		268,193		436,780		525,000		400,000	350,000	)	350,000		350,000
Planning & Zoning Services		12,934		22,662		25,000		25,000	25,000	)	25,000		25,000
Building:													
Operations		10,485		9,058		14,900		16,900	20,600	)	20,600		20,600
Maintenance & Supplies		1,579		36		4,000		4,000	4,000	)	4,000		4,000
Advertising		923		731		2,000		750	1,000	)	1,000		1,000
Dues & Subscriptions		28,134		32,632		42,000		35,000	60,000	)	60,000		60,000
General Office Supplies		8,049		11,818		9,000		10,500	13,000	)	13,000		13,000
Travel & Training		6,597		7,831		10,000		9,000	12,000	)	12,000		12,000
Liability Insurance		4,828		5,844		8,000		7,500	9,000	)	9,000		9,000
Miscellaneous		583		8,284		3,000		2,000	3,000	)	3,000		3,000
TOTAL MATERIALS & SERVICES		342,305		535,676		642,900		510,650	497,600	)	497,600		497,600
CAPITAL OUTLAY													
Office Equipment		5,726		5,803		9,000		9,000	9,000		9,000		9,000
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY		5,726		5,803		9,000		9,000	9,000	)	9,000		9,000
ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT	\$	867,712	\$	1,095,649	\$	1,285,900	\$	1,149,367	\$ 1,339,100	\$	1,339,100	\$	1,339,100



# GENERAL FUND Municipal Court Department

Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

## **Core Services**

The Municipal Court department manages all court related activities including processing citations, answering questions, and running a monthly court while maintaining documents and other related responsibilities. Personnel services include .4 FTE of the Assistant City Recorder position. Expenses also include a Municipal Judge and resources necessary for the functions associated specifically with the court division including financial software specific to court operations.

## **Expenditures**

All expenditures remain consistent with prior year.

## GENERAL FUND MUNICIPAL COURT DEPARTMENT (#130)

		HISTORICAL	ACTUALS		CURRENT FISCAL	YEAR 2024/2025	В	UDGET 2	2025/2026	
CATEGORY		Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year		Adopted	Estimated	Propo	sed	Approved	Adopted
		2022/2023	2023/2024		Budget	Total	by Budget	Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body
PERSONNEL SERVICES										
Salaries & Wages	\$	18,294 \$	23,180	\$	26,000	25,122		28,000	28,000	28,000
Employee Benefits		5,482	12,993 15,09		15,095	12,436	16,500		16,500	16,500
TOTAL PERSONNEL SERVICES	23,776		36,173		41,095	37,558		44,500	44,500	44,500
# of Full Time Equivalent Positions	0.40		0.40	0.40		0.40	0.40	)	0.40	0.40
MATERIALS & SERVICES										
Contractual Services:										
Municipal Judge		4,400	4,400		5,200	4,400		5,200	5,200	5,200
Other		-	-		500	-		500	500	500
Dues & Subscriptions		2,331	987		2,500	1,000		1,000	1,000	1,000
General Office Supplies		-	13		400	200		200	200	200
TOTAL MATERIALS & SERVICES		6,731	5,400		8,600	5,600		6,900	6,900	6,900
		•								_
MUNICIPAL COURT DEPARTMENT	\$	30,507	\$ 41,573	\$	49,695	\$ 43,158	\$	51,400	\$ 51,400	\$ 51,400

# GENERAL FUND Parks Department

Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

## **Core Services**

The Parks Department includes funding to manage and maintain city parks. Personnel services cover a small portion of the Utility Worker positions in Public Works for parks maintenance. Materials and services are related specifically to grounds, building and vehicle maintenance.

## **Expenditures**

All expenditures remain consistent with prior year.

## GENERAL FUND PARKS DEPARTMENT (#135)

	HISTORIC	AL ACTUALS	CURRENT	FISCAL	YEAR 2024/2025	BUDGET	2025/2026	
CATEGORY	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Adopte	ed	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
	2022/2023	2023/2024	Budge	et	Total	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body
PERSONNEL SERVICES								
Salaries & Wages	\$ 8,25	3 \$ 6,384	\$	6,250	\$ 5,235	\$ 6,700	\$ 6,700	\$ 6,700
Employee Benefits	8,56	3 4,079		5,901	3,639	6,300	6,300	6,300
TOTAL PERSONNEL SERVICES	16,81	10,463		12,151	8,874	13,000	13,000	13,000
# of Full Time Equivalent Positions	0.16	0.12	0.09		0.09	0.10	0.10	0.10
MATERIALS & SERVICES								
Contractual Services:								
Grounds Maintenance	922	2 3,207		4,000	4,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Janitorial Supplies	409	9 137		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Building:								
Operations	3,38	3,572		4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Maintenance & Supplies	1,149	274		3,000	3,000	1,500	1,500	1,500
Vehicle Maintenance	1,572	2 637		3,000	2,500	2,000	2,000	2,000
Insurance	1,192	2 1,556		2,500	2,500	3,000	3,000	3,000
TOTAL MATERIALS & SERVICES	8,629	9,383		17,500	17,000	16,500	16,500	16,500
PARKS DEPARTMENT	\$ 25,44	5 \$ 19,846	\$	29,651	\$ 25,874	\$ 29,500	\$ 29,500	\$ 29,500

# GENERAL FUND Public Safety Department

Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

## **Core Services**

The Public Safety Department consists of a Police Chief a Police Sergeant, 2 Police Officers and includes the promotion of the Code Enforcement Officer to a certified Police Officer. The position will still focus on Code Enforcement but expands the Officers capability to respond to all calls and provide back up to other officers. The city provides limited coverage to Wheeler, Nehalem, and Nehalem Bay/Oswald West State Park by Intergovernmental Agreements. The Agreement with Oregon Parks and Recreation District is valid through 2028 and the Agreements with Wheeler and Nehalem are valid through June 2027.

## **Expenditures**

Materials and services expenditures have increased to account for inflation and other cost increases. The only notable increase is related to vehicle maintenance and a slight increase in personnel for the new Police Officer position. The majority of that position is covered by the Tourism Fund as the focus is and will remain on tourism related code enforcement issues. Building operations costs have decreased due to the new Police Station being located in City Hall. Those costs are now accounted for in the Administration's budget. The Public Safety Department budget now includes the cost of a Police Vehicle for the Code Enforcement Police Officer.



## GENERAL FUND PUBLIC SAFETY DEPARTMENT (#125)

	HISTORIC	CAL ACTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL	YEAR 2024/2025	BUDGET 2	2025/2026	
CATEGORY	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
	2022/2023	2023/2024	Budget	Actuals	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body
PERSONNEL SERVICES							
Salaries & Wages	\$ 363,45	0 \$ 398,044	\$ 429,000	414,966	464,000	464,000	464,000
Employee Benefits	243,20	5 271,262	320,650	264,371	352,000	352,000	352,000
TOTAL PERSONNEL SERVICES	606,65	5 669,306	749,650	679,337	816,000	816,000	816,000
# of Full Time Equivalent Positions	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.25	4.25	4.25
MATERIALS & SERVICES							
Contractual Services:							
Professional Services	49	9 973	3,200	1,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Building:	47	, ,,,	3,200	1,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Operations	7.98	2 8.188	9,400	3,500	4.500	4.500	4,500
Maintenance & Supplies	1.21	-,		3,300	4,500	4,000	4,300
Safety Equipment & Supplies	5,02		6,400	6,000	7,500	7,500	7,500
Uniform & Clothing Allowance	2,46		4,000	4,000	5,750	5,750	5,750
Vehicle Maintenance	14,36		27,500	22,500	27,500	27,500	27,500
Dues & Subscriptions	10,42			16,000	17,500	17,500	17,500
General Office Supplies	1.39	.,	4,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Travel & Training	6.44	, .	10,000	10.000	10.000	10,000	10,000
Liability Insurance	11,40	-,	16,000	19.000	22.000	22,000	22,000
Miscellaneous	24			500	500	500	500
TOTAL MATERIALS & SERVICES	61,45		97.000	84.500	99,250	99.250	99.250
		,	,555		11,200	,	,
CAPITAL OUTLAY							
Vehicles	=	117,823	=	=	-	=	-
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	-	117,823	-	-	-	-	-
PUBLIC SAFETY DEPARTMENT	\$ 668,11	1 \$ 853,359	\$ 846,650	\$ 763,837	\$ 915,250	\$ 915,250	\$ 915,250
<u>Public Safety Reserve</u>							
Beginning Reserve Balance	\$ 107,14		\$ 73,480	\$ 41,480	\$ 73,480	\$ 73,480	\$ 73,480
Additions	28,61			32,000	32,000	32,000	32,000
Reductions (Expenses)	(4,29	,		•	-	•	-
Ending Reserve Balance	\$ 131,46	8 \$ 41,480	\$ 105,480	\$ 73,480	\$ 105,480	\$ 105,480	\$ 105,480

# GENERAL FUND Non-Departmental Department

Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

## **Core Services**

The Non-Departmental budget accounts for expenses which do not pertain to a specific department of the General Fund.

## **Expenditures**

There are no personnel costs within this department, however, there are several key expenditures.

## **Emergency Preparedness**

The city has traditionally dedicated \$10,000 in new funding each year, and includes any funds not spent in the previous fiscal year. The proposed budget continues this tradition. Staff estimate that only \$3,000 will remain at the end of the Fiscal Year. However, the proposed budget includes an increase in the annual contribution to the Emergency Volunteer Corps of Nehalem Bay from \$2,000 to \$4,000 to assist with additional insurance coverage and support, and a potential satellite service that could provide internet during emergencies if the city's systems go down. Therefore, \$16,000 is proposed for FY 25-26 to account for the roll over, the additional proposed items and the annual allocation of \$10,000. The remaining funds are for use by the city for the purchase of mobile emergency management equipment. Purchases from this fund are recommended by the Police Sergeant acting his capacity as the city's Emergency Manager.

## **Debt Service**

The debt service on Underhill Plaza is included in the Non-Departmental budget. The debt for city hall is also included in this department. Staff have included an estimate for the anticipated debt service for the current fiscal year however it is possible that the debt will not be refinanced until the next fiscal year. The City has chosen to carry this debt within the General Fund rather than establish a separate debt service fund. This is because the debt will be repaid directly from General Fund revenues, and there is no legal or practical requirement for separate accounting. Debt service funds are typically required when a General Obligation Bond is issued and property tax revenues must be specifically tracked and applied to the related debt service. This requirement does not apply to the City Hall debt.

## Contingency

A contingency of \$100,000 is also included in the reserves. The undesignated reserve represents the remaining fund balance for General Funds that have not otherwise been allocated.

## GENERAL FUND NON-DEPARTMENTAL (#190)

	HISTORICAL	ACTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL Y	EAR 2024/2025	BUDGET 2	2025/2026	
CATEGORY	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
	2022/2023	2023/2024	Budget	Total	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body
MATERIALS & SERVICES							
CDBG Housing Grant Distribution	\$ - 5	\$ -	\$ 80,670	\$ -	\$ 85,730	\$ 85,730	\$ 85,730
Emergency Preparedness	38,985	8,084	18,000	15,000	16,000	16,000	16,000
Dues & Subscriptions (Citywide)	791	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL MATERIALS & SERVICES	39,776	8,084	98,670	15,000	101,730	101,730	101,730
DEBT SERVICE							
City Hall <sup>1</sup>	-	-	-	_	295,000	295,000	295,000
Underhill Plaza <sup>2</sup>	=	=	155,340	155,340	155,340	155,340	155,340
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE	-	-	155,340	155,340	450,340	450,340	450,340
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS							
Building Fund (Moved out of General Fund)	268,615	-	_	-	-	-	-
City Hall Expansion Fund	=	1,510,056	4,074,944	4,074,944	-	=	-
Transportation Fund	80,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	-	=	=
SDC Stormwater	5,000	25,000	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety Reserve Fund	26,200	27,835	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT	379,815	1,662,891	4,174,944	4,174,944	-	-	
CONTINGENCY							
Contingency	-	-	150.000	_	100.000	100.000	100.000
TOTAL CONTINGENCY		-	150,000	-	100,000	100,000	100,000
NON-DEPARTMENTAL	\$ 419,591	\$ 1,670,975	\$ 4,578,954	\$ 4,345,284	\$ 652,070	\$ 652,070	\$ 652,070

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Debt Service for City Hall Expansion begins in this budget based on completing the project in early FY26.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Debt Service for Underhill was previously recorded in the City Hall Expansion Fund. The debt service payments were moved to the General Fund in the prior budget.

CDBG Reserve							
Beginning Reserve Balance	\$ 109,275	\$ 110,660	\$ 110,670	\$ 115,730	\$ 115,730	\$ 115,730	\$ 115,730
Additions	1,385	5,070	-	-	-	-	-
Reductions (Expenses)	-	-	(80,670)	-	(85,730)	(85,730)	(85,730)
Ending Reserve Balance	\$ 110,660	\$ 115,730	\$ 30,000	\$ 115,730	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000

# TRANSPORTATION FUND

# Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

### **Core Services**

The Transportation Fund is a dedicated special revenue fund that restricts the use of revenues to the maintenance, repairs or construction of roads.

#### Revenue

Revenue for this fund is generated from multiple sources, including state motor vehicle fuel taxes and a franchise agreement with Tillamook PUD. Motor vehicle fuel taxes are distributed to all cities in Oregon on a per capita basis.

In addition to intergovernmental revenue, the Transportation Fund relies on a transfer from the General Fund to subsidize ongoing operational costs. There were sufficient carryover funds from last Fiscal Year from cost savings related to the Dorcas Street Project in the Transportation fund to support expenditures in the current fiscal year, so there is not a transfer from the General Fund included in this year's budget. In the current budget, the City is also expected to receive a grant from the State of Oregon to support the Classic Street Connection Project. Only a portion of the total grant proceeds will be accounted for in this fund. Additional details about the Classic Street Connection Project can be found in the City's Capital Improvement Plan.

## **Expenditures**

Expenditures related to Transportation Fund include a decrease in personnel services from .90 to .65 FTE to reflect the limited time staff spends on road maintenance and projects. Road maintenance supplies include a one time increase to build up reserves for essential materials specifically street signs. The capital outlay includes the estimated costs for all of the road, and portion of the stormwater infrastructure included in the Classic Street Connection project. Additional details of how those improvements are structured can be found in the City's Capital Improvement Plan.



# TRANSPORTATION FUND

	HISTORICAL	. ACTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL Y	EAR 2024/2025	BUDGET 2	2025/2026	
CATEGORY	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Final Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
	2022/2023	2023/2024	Budget	Actuals	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body
RESOURCES							
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$ 736,404	\$ 735,102	\$ 415,144	\$ 509,721	\$ 652,600	\$ 652,600	\$ 652,600
Fees & Charges:							
Franchise & Utility Agreements	87,543	96,633	85,000	95,000	90,000	90,000	90,000
Permit Fees	2,830	2,660	3,000	11,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Intergovernmental	47,966	49,751	1,592,000	261,880	2,029,360	2,029,360	2,029,360
Interest	11,976	23,182	2,000	19,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Miscellaneous	-	14,544	1,000	500	500	500	500
Transfers from Other Funds	80,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	-	-	-
TOTAL RESOURCES	966,719	1,021,872	2,198,144	997,101	2,785,460	2,785,460	2,785,460
REQUIREMENTS							
PERSONNEL SERVICES							
Salaries & Wages	43,756	46,787	55,000	45,350	45,000	45,000	45,000
Employee Benefits	37,435	33,921	47,134	35,010	42,000	42,000	42,000
TOTAL PERSONNEL SERVICES	81,191	80,708	102,134	80,360	42,000 <b>87,000</b>	87,000	87,000
# of Full Time Equivalent Positions	0.85	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.65	0.65	0.65
# OIT OII TIME EQUIVATEM TOSINONS	0.03	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.03	0.03	0.03
MATERIALS & SERVICES							
Contractual Services:							
Street Lighting	7,308	7,308	8.500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500
Other	6,919	1,800	20,000	6,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Road Maintenance:		,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,,,,
Supplies	6,046	11,773	30,000	10,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Signage	1,898	2,102	3,500	3,500	8,500	8,500	8,500
Building:	.,	_,	2,222	-,	2,222	-,	2,22
Operations	-	2,550	5,000	2,500	3,000	3,000	3,000
Uniform & Clothing Allowance	222	-,,,,,	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,20
Vehicle Maintenance	8,385	6,926	8,000	4,000	8,200	8,200	8,20
Travel & Training	-	72	1,000	500	500	500	50
Liability Insurance	2,038	2,407	3,500	2,024	2,400	2,400	2,40
Miscellaneous	10	85	500	337	500	500	500
TOTAL MATERIALS & SERVICES	32,826	35,023	81,200	38,561	72,800	72,800	72,800
CAPITAL OUTLAY							
Infrastucture	108,900	387,720	1,788,000	216,880	2,145,365	2,145,365	2,145,365
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	108,900	387,720	1,788,000	216,880	2,145,365	2,145,365	2,145,365
	100,700	30.7.20	1,1 00,000	210,000	2,110,000	2,1.0,000	2,1.10,000
PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS							
Transfers to Public Works Reserve Fund	8,700	8,700	8,700	8,700	-	-	
Contingency	-	-	20,000	-	100,000	100,000	100,000
TOTAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS	8,700	8,700	28,700	8,700	100,000	100,000	100,000
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance	735,102	509,721	198,110	652,600	380,295	380,295	380,295
TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$ 966,719	\$ 1,021,872	\$ 2,198,144	\$ 997,101	\$ 2,785,460	\$ 2,785,460	\$ 2,785,460

# **BUILDING FUND**

# Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

#### **Core Services**

The Building Fund is a dedicated special revenue fund used support the administration and enforcement of the State of Oregon Building Codes for all construction within city limits. This includes residential and commercial inspections, plan reviews, and code enforcement activities. The fund operates under the authority of ORS 455.210(3)(c), which restricts the use of revenues to the direct support of the building inspection program.

#### Revenue

Revenue for this fund is generated through building permit and plan review fees. These revenues are restricted and must be used exclusively to fund the building inspection program. All activities supported by this fund are focused on ensuring compliance with state-mandated building, mechanical, plumbing, and related codes.

## **Expenditures**

Expenditures within the Building Fund support .6 FTE of the Development Services Manager, who also serves as the city's certified Building Official. In this dual role, the manager performs inspections, reviews building plans, and provides technical oversight of all building-related services. The current year budget includes filling the Planning and Building Permit Technician position. Of that position .5 FTE will be funded by the Building Fund for Building related activities that will constitute half of that person's position.

The budget includes resources for necessary materials, supplies, and services essential to administer the city's building program. Contracted services are also budgeted to ensure continuity of inspections and plan reviews in the event that backup support or for commercial review of plans needed.

A transfer to the General Fund is included to account for administrative overhead and citywide support services provided by city staff in support of the Building Fund.



# **BUILDING FUND**

	HISTORIC	AL ACTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL	VEAP 2024/2025	RUDGET 3	2025/2026	
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Final Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
CATEGORY	2022/2023	2023/2024	Budget	Actuals	-	by Budget Committee	•
RESOURCES			3			_,	-,
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ 260,587	\$ 186,439	\$ 262,345	\$ 281,780	\$ 281,780	\$ 281,780
Fees & Charges	196,930	191,377	293,991	293,991	194,000	194,000	194,000
Interest	-	-	1,000	9,500	5,000	5,000	5,000
Miscellaneous	-	-	4,580	4,580	-	-	-
Transfers from Other Funds	281,115	4,580	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL RESOURCES	478,045	456,544	486,010	570,416	480,780	480,780	480,780
REQUIREMENTS							
PERSONNEL SERVICES							
Salaries & Wages	87,785	71,997	70,000	69,350	96,000	96,000	96,000
Employee Benefits	59,207	42,011	48,034	41,946	73,000	73,000	73,000
TOTAL PERSONNEL SERVICES	146,992	114,008	118,034	111,296	169,000	169,000	169,000
# of Full Time Equivalent Positions	1.30	1.25	0.80	0.80	1.10	1.10	1.10
MATERIALS & SERVICES							
Contractual Services:							
Assessments	21,393	14,257	20,000	15,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Inspections & Code Review	1,873	26,244	133,991	133,990	5,000	5,000	5,000
Other	892	1,053	5,000	-	1,000	1,000	1,000
Building:							
Operations	1,704	1,886	3,000	1,750	-	-	-
Uniform & Clothing Allowance	-	1,425	1,500	200	-	-	-
Vehicle Maintenance	3,887	3,384	3,000	3,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Dues & Subscriptions	2,900	2,020	4,000	-	500	500	500
General Office Supplies	1,818	1,692	2,000	500	-	-	-
Travel & Training	814	-	2,000	-	2,000	2,000	2,000
Liability Insurance	-	310	1,000	425	500	500	500
Miscellaneous	4,578	588	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL MATERIALS & SERVICES	39,859	52,859	175,491	154,865	31,000	31,000	31,000
CAPITAL OUTLAY							
Equipment	14,396	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	14,396	-	-	-	-	•	-
PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS							
Transfers to Other Funds	16,211	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to General Fund (Indirect Costs)	-	27,332	22,475	22,475	25,040	25,040	25,040
Contingency	-	-	20,000	-	20,000	20,000	20,000
TOTAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS	16,211	27,332	42,475	22,475	45,040	45,040	45,040
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance	260,587	262,345	150,010	281,780	235,740	235,740	235,740
TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$ 478,045	\$ 456,544	\$ 486,010	\$ 570,416	\$ 480,780	\$ 480,780	\$ 480,780

# **TOURISM FUND**

# Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

#### **Core Services**

The Tourism Fund is a dedicated special revenue fund that is restricted for tourism-related activities of the City.

#### Revenue

Revenue for this fund is generated from transient lodging tax collections. Currently the city collects a 9% TLT of which 2% of that is subject to ORS 320.300 which requires that 70% of that revenue must be used exclusively for tourism promotion and tourist-related facilities.

## **Expenditures**

Expenditures from the Tourism Fund support full-time equivalent (FTE) positions responsible for maintenance, operations of visitor facilities, and related code enforcement activities. The proposed budget includes an increase in staffing from 1.36 FTE to 1.60 FTE to account for the dedication of a public work staff person to the maintenance of the City's tourist facilities including an increase in public restrooms once the new City Hall facility opens

Additional expenditures include ongoing debt service associated with the construction of the City's visitor center. In late 2012, the City purchased a residential property, to develop a new visitor center in January 2014. The site also includes public restrooms with improved accessibility. To finance this project, the City issued a \$575,000 Full Faith and Credit Obligation Note with a 15-year term. Final payment is scheduled for Fiscal Year 2027–2028.



# **TOURISM FUND**

	HISTORICAL	A CTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL YE	EAR 2024/2025	RUDGET 2	025/2026	
CATEGORY	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year		Estimated		,	Adopted
	2022/2023	2023/2024	Final Adopted Budget	Actuals	Proposed	Approved	•
RESOURCES	2022/2023	2023/2024	boagei	ACIOUIS	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$ 441,790	\$ 585,558	S 590.182 S	649,663	\$ 684,890	\$ 684,890	\$ 684,890
BEGINNING TOND BALANCE	3 441,770	J 303,330	Ş 370,102 Ş	047,003	Ş 004,070	3 004,070	3 004,071
Transient Lodging Tax	289,983	285.877	240.000	285.000	285.000	285.000	285.00
Interest	3.701	6.387	2.000	23,000	15,000	15.000	15,00
THIO COST	0,7 0 1	0,007	2,000	20,000	10,000	10,000	10,00
TOTAL RESOURCES	735,474	877,822	832,182	957,663	984,890	984,890	984,89
REQUIREMENTS							
PERSONNEL SERVICES							
Salaries & Wages	15,771	76,407	84,000	77,291	101,000	101,000	101,00
Employee Benefits	11,103	34,114	55,381	42,082	66,500	66,500	66,50
TOTAL PERSONNEL SERVICES	26,874	110,521	139,381	119,373	167,500	167,500	167,50
# of Full Time Equivalent Positions	0.79	1.48	1.36	1.36	1.60	1.60	1.60
MATERIALS & SERVICES							
Contractual Services:							
Professional Services	41,903	43,406	55,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,00
Other	11,350	170	-	-	-	-	-
Tourism Grants	-	5,961	20,000	18,000	20,000	20,000	20,00
Building:							
Operations	3,067	3,698	4,000	4,000	4,200	4,200	4,20
Operating Materials & Supplies	10,097	8,565	40,000	25,000	40,000	40,000	40,00
General Office Supplies	300	539	2,000	500	500	500	50
TOTAL MATERIALS & SERVICES	66,717	62,339	121,000	97,500	114,700	114,700	114,70
PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS							
Debt Service: Visitors Center	50,868	50,868	50,900	50,900	50,900	50,900	50,90
Capital Outlay	5,457	4,431	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,00
Contingency	-	-	5,000	-	5,000	5,000	5,00
TOTAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS	56,325	55,299	60,900	55,900	60,900	60,900	60,90
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance	585.558	649,663	510,901	684.890	641,790	641.790	641,79
	,			,,,,,			
TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$ 735,474	\$ 877,822	\$ 832,182	957,663	\$ 984,890	\$ 984,890	\$ 984,89

# CITY HALL EXPANSION FUND

# Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

### **Core Services**

The City Hall Expansion Fund is a temporary Capital Project Fund established to track the sources and capital expenditures associated with the construction of the new City Hall.

#### Revenue

This fund does not generate revenue directly. Instead, it is supported by transfers from the General Fund, which include proceeds from the sale of the former City Hall, excess cash designated for the new facility, and debt proceeds.

## **Expenditures**

Expenditures in the current fiscal year are entirely capital-related. Upon completion of the project, any remaining fund balance is expected to be transferred back to the General Fund, and the City Hall Expansion Fund will be closed.

## **CITY HALL EXPANSION FUND**

		HISTORICAL	ACTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL	YEAR 2024/2025	BUDGET 2	2025/2026	
CATEGORY	Fisc	cal Year	Fiscal Year	Final Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
	20	22/2023	2023/2024	Budget	Actuals	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body
RESOURCES								
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	623,161	\$ 251,483	\$ 262,731	\$ 262,731	\$ 47,725	\$ 47,725	\$ 47,725
Intergovernmental		_	60,000	75,000	75,000		_	
Interest		1,426	2,491	1,908	25,050	_	_	_
Transfers from Other Funds		1,420	1,510,056	4,074,944	4,074,944			
il disiets from offici ronds			1,510,000	7,077,744	4,074,744			
TOTAL RESOURCES		624,587	1,824,030	4,414,583	4,437,725	47,725	47,725	47,725
DECUMPANTALES.								
REQUIREMENTS								
MATERIALS & SERVICES								
Contractual Services:								
Professional Contracted		58,256	377,221	20,000	20,000	-	-	-
Other		154,217	8,933	10,000	10,000	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		5,299	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL MATERIALS & SERVICES		217,772	386,154	30,000	30,000	-	-	-
Capital Outlay		_	1,019,813	4,260,000	4,260,000	_	_	_
Debt Service		155.332	155,332	-	-	_	_	_
Transfers to General Funds		-	-	_	_	47,725	47.725	47,725
Contingency		-	_	100,000	100,000	-	-	.,,=-
TOTAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS		155,332	1,175,145	4,360,000	4,360,000	47,725	47,725	47,725
		·					•	
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance		251,483	262,731	24,583	47,725	-	-	-
TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$	624,587	\$ 1,824,030	\$ 4,414,583	\$ 4,437,725	\$ 47,725	\$ 47,725	\$ 47,725

Fund Closes in FY 2026



# SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES FUND

Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

#### **Core Services**

The System Development Charges (SDC) Fund is established under state statute to account for revenues collected from building permit fees related to new homes or businesses. These developments place additional demand on public infrastructure, requiring system expansions to accommodate increased usage.

#### Revenue

The City collects SDC revenue from three sources: Water, Stormwater, and Parks. Each revenue stream is tracked and maintained separately through subsidiary funds, rather than by department. While each source is restricted by the type of system it supports, all SDC revenues are eligible to earn interest.

To support efficient financial reporting and streamline the annual audit process, these subsidiary funds are rolled into a single SDC Fund for presentation purposes. This consolidated approach provides a comprehensive view of all SDC activity across the City.

## **Expenditures**

Expenditures from the SDC Fund are restricted to capital projects that expand or improve the specific systems for which the revenues were collected. Funds must be used in alignment with their designated purpose, as defined by state law and the City's adopted SDC methodology.

The capital outlay funds included in the Water and Stormwater SDC funds are for the Classic Street Connection. There are additional funds in the Water SDC fund for the design and engineering portion of a replacement and expansion of infrastructure project on highway 101. More information can be found in the City's Capital Improvement Plan.



# SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES FUND

CATEGORY		HISTORICA	ACTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL Y	YEAR 2024/2025	BUDGET 2	2025/2026	
CATEGORI	Fis	cal Year	Fiscal Year	Final Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
	20	022/2023	2023/2024	Budget	Actuals	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body
RESOURCES								
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	3,516,585	\$ 2,841,172	\$ 2,617,872	\$ 2,892,886	\$ 3,061,435	\$ 3,061,435	\$ 3,061,435
System Development Charges								
Water		75,900	131,097	69,000	130,715	80,000	80,000	80,000
Stormwater		1,914	24,134	17,140	29,000	15,000	15,000	15,000
Parks		600	780	600	930	600	600	600
Interest		61,478	106,779	6,050	94,904	47,700	47,700	47,700
Transfers from Other Funds		5,000	25,000	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL RESOURCES		3,661,477	3,128,962	2,710,662	3,148,435	3,204,735	3,204,735	3,204,735
REQUIREMENTS								
Materials & Services		15,837	5,326	47,000	-	42,000	42,000	42,000
Capital Outlay		804,468	230,750	630,340	87,000	869,100	869,100	869,100
Contingency		-	-	20,000	-	20,000	20,000	20,000
TOTAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS		820,305	236,076	697,340	87,000	931,100	931,100	931,100
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance		2.841.172	2,892,886	2,013,322	3.061.435	2.273.635	2.273.635	2,273,635
- The second		,, ,,,,,			2,02.1,102			
TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$	3,661,477	\$ 3,128,962	\$ 2,710,662	\$ 3,148,435	\$ 3,204,735	\$ 3,204,735	\$ 3,204,735

# **SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES - WATER**

		HISTORICA	L ACTUALS		CURRENT FISCAL	YEAR 2024/2025	BUDGET 2	2025/2026	
CATEGORY		scal Year	Fiscal Year		Final Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
	20	022/2023	2023/2024		Budget	Actuals	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body
RESOURCES									
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	3,282,854	\$ 2,807,0	69	\$ 2,551,069	\$ 2,810,575	\$ 2,946,290	\$ 2,946,290	\$ 2,946,290
System Development Charges		75,900	131,	97	69,000	130,715	80,000	80,000	80,000
Interest		59,406	103,	59	6,000	92,000	47,000	47,000	47,000
TOTAL RESOURCES		3,418,160	3,041,	25	2,626,069	3,033,290	3,073,290	3,073,290	3,073,290
REQUIREMENTS									
Materials & Services		-			42,000	-	42,000	42,000	42,000
Capital Outlay		611,091	230,	750	630,340	87,000	787,920	787,920	787,920
Contingency		-		-	20,000	-	20,000	20,000	20,000
TOTAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS		611,091	230,	'50	692,340	87,000	849,920	849,920	849,920
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance		2,807,069	2,810,	75	1,933,729	2,946,290	2,223,370	2,223,370	2,223,370
TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$	3,418,160	\$ 3,041,3	25	\$ 2,626,069	\$ 3,033,290	\$ 3,073,290	\$ 3,073,290	\$ 3,073,290

# **SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES - STORMWATER**

04770077		HISTORICA	L ACTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL Y	EAR 2024/2025	BUDGET 2	025/2026	
CATEGORY	Fis	cal Year	Fiscal Year	Final Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
	20	22/2023	2023/2024	Budget	Actuals	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body
RESOURCES								
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	209,597	\$ 8,906	\$ 40,606	\$ 55,526	\$ 86,530	\$ 86,530	\$ 86,530
System Development Charges		1,914	24,134	17,140	29,000	15,000	15,000	15,000
Interest		1,609	2,812	-	2,004	200	200	200
Transfers from Other Funds		5,000	25,000	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL RESOURCES		218,120	60,852	57,746	86,530	101,730	101,730	101,730
REQUIREMENTS								
Materials & Services		15,837	5,326	5,000	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay		193,377	-	-	-	81,180	81,180	81,180
TOTAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS		209,214	5,326	5,000	-	81,180	81,180	81,180
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance		8,906	55,526	52,746	86,530	20,550	20,550	20,550
TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$	218,120	\$ 60,852	\$ 57,746	\$ 86,530	\$ 101,730	\$ 101,730	\$ 101,730

# **SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES - PARKS**

CATEGORY		HISTORICA	L ACTUALS	CURR	ENT FISCAL YE	AR 2024/2025	BUDGET 2	2025/2026		
CATEGORY	Fi	iscal Year	Fiscal Year	Final A	Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted	
	2	2022/2023	2023/2024	Bu	udget	Actuals	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body	
RESOURCES										
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	24,134	\$ 25,197	\$	26,197 \$	26,785	\$ 28,615	\$ 28,615	\$ 28,615	
System Development Charges		600	780		600	930	600	600	600	
Interest		463	808		50	900	500	500	500	
TOTAL RESOURCES		25,197	26,785		26,847	28,615	29,715	29,715	29,715	
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance		25,197	26,785		26,847	28,615	29,715	29,715	29,715	
		•	•		•					
TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$	25,197	\$ 26,785	\$	26,847 \$	28,615	\$ 29,715	\$ 29,715	\$ 29,715	



# **PUBLIC WORKS RESERVE FUND**

# Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

### **Core Services**

The Public Works Reserve Fund is a dedicated special revenue fund that restricts the use proceeds to the purchase of vehicles and equipment for the maintenance of water and storm drainage systems, as well as streets and park maintenance. This fund is authorized under ORS 294.525(1) and was established by the City through Ordinance 01-02, with renewal by Resolution 22-17b.

#### Revenue

Revenue for this fund is generated through annual transfers from the Transportation Fund and Water Utility Fund.

## **Expenditures**

Expenditures include capital outlay to replace an obsolete Public Works pickup truck with new service body utility truck.

## **PUBLIC WORKS RESERVE FUND**

	HISTORICAL	. ACTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL Y	YEAR 2024/2025	BUDGET 2	2025/2026	
CATEGORY	scal Year 022/2023	Fiscal Year 2023/2024	Final Adopted Budget	Estimated Actuals	Proposed by Budget Officer	Approved by Budget Committee	Adopted by Governing Body
RESOURCES							
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$ 144,775	\$ 159,663	\$ 176,663	\$ 188,111	\$ 211,875	\$ 211,875	\$ 211,875
Interest	1,571	2,748	200	7,000	3,500	3,500	3,500
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	9,112	-	17,000	-	-	-	-
Transfers from Other Funds	25,596	25,700	25,700	25,700	20,000	20,000	20,000
TOTAL RESOURCES	181,054	188,111	219,563	220,811	235,375	235,375	235,375
REQUIREMENTS							
CAPITAL OUTLAY							
Equipment	21,391	-	20,000	8,936	75,000	75,000	75,000
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	21,391	-	20,000	8,936	75,000	75,000	75,000
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance	159,663	188,111	199,563	211,875	160,375	160,375	160,375
TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$ 181,054	\$ 188,111	\$ 219,563	\$ 220,811	\$ 235,375	\$ 235,375	\$ 235,375



# WATER UTILITY FUND

# Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

#### **Core Services**

The Water Utility Fund is a proprietary fund that provides residents with potable water to support public health and sanitation. Services include meter installation, repair, system maintenance, and compliance with state and federal water quality regulations. The Fund is comprised of two departments:

## **Operations Department**

This department captures the administrative and operational components of the Water Utility Fund, including routine maintenance and repair of the City's water distribution system, billing, customer service, and general oversight.

## Well Field & Transmission Lines (WFTL) Department

This department is responsible for routine facility repairs and the maintenance of the City's water transmission infrastructure.

#### Revenue

The City collects a monthly base rate from residential users within City limits. A 2023 rate study recommended annual rate adjustment based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These recommended adjustments are included in the Master Fee Schedule and are subject to City Council review and adoption. City Council may elect to waive the CPI adjustment at their discretion prior to adopting the schedule. For FY 2024-2025 City Council waived the CPI adjustment, but adopted them for the 2025-2026 FY.

The City of Manzanita and the City of Wheeler share the responsibility for the operation and maintenance of water system wells and transmission lines. The City of Wheeler is currently named on the water right permit, and under a 2006 intergovernmental agreement with Wheeler, the City of Manzanita is responsible for staffing and oversight of the shared well site. Wheeler contributes a proportionate share of operational and personnel expenses of the shared transmission system, including those related to the staff member serving as the Direct Responsible Charge (DRC), as required by the State of Oregon. The Public Works Director currently serves in this DRC role.

The Water Utility Fund will also receive and expend a portion of the state grant awarded for the Classic Street Connection Project for a portion of the water system improvements associated with the project.

## **Expenditures**

Expenditures within the Operations Department include salary adjustments for utility workers, reflecting the proportionate share of staff time allocated across the Water Utility, Transportation, Tourism, and Parks departments. Capital outlay in this department includes costs related to the Classic Street Connection Project, design and engineering of the Highway 101 Project, improvements to the public works facility, the replacement of a generator for the city's reservoir. The expenditures related to the Classic Street Connection Project are offset by corresponding state grant revenue. Additional capital projects include ongoing system maintenance, such as upgrades to the treatment plant, improvements to the distribution system, meter replacements, and fire hydrant replacements.

Expenditures in the Well Field & Transmission Lines (WFTL) Department represent routine maintenance costs for the well site and transmission infrastructure. These costs are shared with the City of Wheeler based on a cost-sharing formula outlined in the intergovernmental agreement (IGA) between the two cities.

A transfer to the General Fund to account for administrative overhead and citywide support services provided by city staff in support of the Water Utility Fund. Additionally, there is a transfer to the Public Works Reserve Fund to set money aside for future replacement of vehicles and/or equipment.

## WATER UTILITY FUND

	LUCTORIOAL		CURRENT FIG. A.L. VE	. D. 0004/0005	NUDGET	005 (000 (	
CATEGORY	HISTORICAL		CURRENT FISCAL YEA	· ·	BUDGET 2	,	
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Final Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
PECOLIDORS	2022/2023	2023/2024	Budget	Actuals	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body
RESOURCES	454017			1 1/0 107	1 505 000	1 505 000	1 505 000
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$ 454,017	\$ 597,799	\$ 771,994 \$	1,168,107	\$ 1,505,090	\$ 1,505,090	\$ 1,505,090
Fees & Charges							
Water Collections	1,096,051	1,516,226	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,660,000	1,660,000	1,660,000
Meter Installations	9,960	14,940	9,130	23,300	12,000	12,000	12,000
Water Sales	-	43,098	-	4,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Intergovermental:							
State of Oregon Grant	24,285	-	-	-	-	-	-
FEMA Reservoir Research Grant	13,836	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	1,168,000	136,736	371,020	371,020	371,020
Interest	39,232	68,676	7,000	40,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Miscellaneous	13,883	11,397	4,000	2,800	2,000	2,000	2,000
TOTAL RESOURCES	1,651,264	2,252,136	3,560,124	2,974,943	3,571,110	3,571,110	3,571,110
EXPENDITURES BY CATEGORY							
Personnel Services	446,911	463,732	655,407	525,102	643,710	\$ 643,710	\$ 643,710
Materials & Services	247,622	237,656	512,700	411,658	617,900	617,900	617,900
Debt Service	170,356	173,056	180,000	180,000	180,000	180,000	180,000
Contingency	-	-	-	-	25,000	25,000	25,000
Transfers to Other Funds	185,246	208,000	216,357	216,357	234,020	234,020	234,020
TOTAL EXPENDITURES BY CATEGORY	1,053,465	1,084,029	2,735,964	1,469,853	2,225,630	2,225,630	2,225,630
Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance	597,799	1,168,107	824,160	1,505,090	1,345,480	1,345,480	1,345,480
TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$ 1,651,264	\$ 2,252,136	\$ 3,560,124 \$	2,974,943	\$ 3,571,110	\$ 3,571,110	\$ 3,571,110

# WATER UTILITY FUND OPERATIONS DEPARTMENT (#400)

	HISTORICAL	ACTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL Y	EAR 2024/2025		BUDGET 2025/2026	
CATEGORY	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
	2022/2023	2023/2024	Budget	Total	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	
PERSONNEL SERVICES							
Salaries & Wages	\$ 255,004	\$ 270,917	\$ 364,500	308,286	347,710	347,710	347,710
Employee Benefits	191,907	192,815	290,907	216,816	296,000	296,000	296,000
TOTAL PERSONNEL SERVICES	446,911	463,732	655,407	525,102	643,710	643,710	643,710
# of Full Time Equivalent Positions	3.80	3.85	4.45	4.45	4.40	4.40	4.40
MATERIALS & SERVICES							
Contractual Services:							
Utility Billing Administration	24.856	41.800	50,000	50,000	50.000	50.000	50,000
Engineering & Other Services	2,663	27,155	45,000	22,500	50,000	50,000	50,000
Compliance Obligations	1,362	1,890	3,600	3,600	3,700		3,700
Other	505	358	1,600	1,400	1,600	1,600	1,600
Building:							
Operations - Electricity	15,705	14,842	16,000	16,000	17,000	17,000	17,000
Operations - Utilities	9,499	9,667	11,500	11,500	12,500	12,500	12,500
Maintenance & Supplies	1,883	2,556	5,000	5,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Uniform & Clothing Allowance	1,130	65	1,600	1,600	2,500	2,500	2,500
Vehicle Maintenance	11,699	11,418	14,000	10,000	15,000	15,000	15,000
Dues & Subscriptions	5,528	4,282	7,600	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Operating Maintenance & Supplies	97,812	42,692	189,000	100,000	193,000	193,000	193,000
General Office Supplies	226	902	2,500	5,340	1,500	1,500	1,500
Travel & Training	2,540	3,668	5,000	5,000	7,500	7,500	7,500
Liability Insurance	30,181	35,126	40,000	40,000	47,000	47,000	47,000
Miscellaneous	48	-	500	500	500	500	500
TOTAL MATERIALS & SERVICES	205,637	196,421	392,900	277,440	416,800	416,800	416,800
PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS							
Debt Service	170.356	173,056	180,000	180.000	180,000	180.000	180,000
Capital Outlay	3,330	1,585	1,171,500	136,736	525,000	525,000	525,000
Transfers to Other Funds:	-,	.,	.,,	,	,		,
General Fund - Indirect Costs	168,350	191,000	199,357	199,357	214,020	214,020	214,020
Public Works Reserve Fund	16,896	17,000	17,000	17,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
TOTAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS	358,932	382,641	1,567,857	533,093	939,020	939,020	939,020
OPERATIONS DEPARTMENT	\$ 1,011,480	\$ 1,042,794	\$ 2,616,164	\$ 1,335,635	\$ 1,999,530	\$ 1,999,530	\$ 1,999,530

# WATER UTILITY FUND WELL FIELD & TRANSMISSION LINES (WFTL) DEPARTMENT (#410)

	HISTORICAL	ACTUALS	CURRENT FISCAL Y	EAR 2024/2025	BUDGET 2	2025/2026	
CATEGORY	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Adopted	Estimated	Proposed	Approved	Adopted
	2022/2023	2023/2024	Budget	Total	by Budget Officer	by Budget Committee	by Governing Body
MATERIALS & SERVICES							
Contractual Services:							
Engineering & Other Services	1,119	-	15,000	47,000	80,000	80,000	80,000
Compliance Obligations	660	1,335	3,200	2,500	3,200	3,200	3,200
Other	348	348	5,500	5,500	5,600	5,600	5,600
Building:							
Operations - Electricity	17,468	17,128	18,000	18,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Operations - Utilities	1,212	1,055	3,200	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
Maintenance & Supplies	-	105	5,000	1,500	5,000	5,000	5,000
Uniform & Clothing Allowance	310	-	800	250	-	-	-
Vehicle Maintenance	1,279	1,953	3,500	1,000	3,500	3,500	3,500
Operating Maintenance & Supplies	3,634	580	44,000	34,000	49,000	49,000	49,000
Travel & Training	1,284	1,461	1,800	1,800	7,500	7,500	7,500
Liability Insurance	13,443	16,042	18,000	19,368	24,000	24,000	24,000
Lease & Easements (non-capital)	1,228	1,228	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300
Miscellaneous	-	_	500	500	500	500	500
TOTAL MATERIALS & SERVICES	41,985	41,235	119,800	134,218	201,100	201,100	201,100
PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS							
Contingency	=	=	-	-	25,000	25,000	25,000
TOTAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS	-	-	-	-	25,000	25,000	25,000
WFTL DEPARTMENT	\$ 41,985	\$ 41,235	\$ 119,800	\$ 134,218	\$ 226,100	\$ 226,100	\$ 226,100





### **Financial Forecast**

Planning for the Strategic planning is essential to the effective stewardship of public resources. The City of Manzanita utilizes a five-year financial forecast to support informed decision-making and proactively address future fiscal challenges. A flexible planning model is employed to create a baseline forecast, which helps the city explore various financial scenarios, analyze demographic shifts, anticipate revenue fluctuations, and project utility rate adjustments. This forecasting effort plays a critical role in promoting long-term financial sustainability.

Revenue projections are developed using a combination of historical data, current policies, economic outlook assumptions, and any known future developments. Similarly, expenditure forecasts reflect historical spending patterns, current service levels, contractual obligations, and other anticipated costs. Key assumptions and percentage changes for revenues and expenses are detailed within each fund's summary.

At this time, the city's five-year financial forecast focuses on its two major operating funds; the General Fund and the Water Utility Fund. The two funds represent the most significant components of the City's financial operations.





# FIVE-YEAR FORECAST GENERAL FUND SUMMARY

			111-4	ad Darka			Comment FV		D d d			5					
		Δ	Historic Audited F	inancials			Current FY Estimated		Budget +1		+2	+3	ecasi	+4		5	Key
		FY2022	FY2	023	FY2024		FY2025		FY2026		FY2027	FY2028		FY2029	FY2	030	Assumptions
RESOURCES																	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	1,810,521	\$ 2,	549,138 \$	3,242	146	\$ 3,789,740	\$	3,854,735	\$	3,715,800 \$	4,129,780	\$	4,537,030	\$ 4,	937,240	
REVENUES																	
Transient Lodging Taxes		1,628,971	1,	,589,891	1,556	,091	1,575,400		1,550,000		1,612,000	1,676,480		1,743,530	1.	,813,270	4%
Property Taxes		249,564		252,722	269	,775	276,500		273,500		278,970	284,540		290,230		296,030	2%
Fees & Charges		147,223		134,354	82	,215	88,500		77,500		79,050	80,630		82,240		83,880	2%
Franchise & Utility Agreements		63,294		72,354	63	,501	63,000		61,000		62,830	64,710		66,650		68,640	3%
Business & Short-Term Rental License		32,575		74,661	252	,753	285,000		275,000		275,000	275,000		275,000		275,000	
Intergovermental		168,533		194,509	105	,691	137,800		174,600		181,580	188,840		196,390		204,240	4%
Fines & Foreitures		23,098		33,768		,808,	30,000		45,000		45,000	45,000		45,000		45,000	
Interest		17,282		149,076		,720	100,000		100,000		103,000	106,090		109,270		112,540	3%
Miscellaneous		12,960		4,778		.868	-		5,000		5,000	5,000		5,000		5,000	
Proceeds from Debt Issuance		-		-		.056	3,436,944		-		-	-		-		-	
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		_		_	638		-		_		_	_		_		_	
Transfers from Other Funds		157.348		198.261		.167	221,832		286,785		286,780	286,780		286,780		286,780	
TOTAL REVENUES		2,500,848		704,374	4,228		6,214,976	_	2,848,385		2,929,210	3,013,070		3,100,090		190,380	
TOTAL RESOURCES	\$	4,311,369		253,512 \$		142			6,703,120	Ś	6,645,010 \$	7,142,850	Ś	7,637,120		127,620	
REQUIREMENTS																	
Administration	\$	620,319	\$	867,712 \$	1.095	,649 \$	1,149,367	\$	1,339,100	\$	1,379,950 \$	1,431,790	\$	1,485,710	\$ 1	,541,800	
Court	'	66,989	,	30,507		,573	43,158		51,400	ľ	53,070	54,800		56,590	,	58,430	
Parks		36,225		25,445		,846	25,874		29,500		30,710	31,970		33,280		34,650	See Department
Public Safety		530,158		668,111		,359	763,837		915,250		944,690	975,110		1,006,550	1	,039,030	Detail
Non-departmental		464,348		419,591	1,670		4,345,285		652,070		106,810	112,150		117,750		123,630	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT EXPENDITURES		1,718,039		011,366	3,681		6,327,521		2,987,320		2,515,230	2,605,820		2,699,880	2	797,540	
TOTAL DEL ARIMENT EXILENDITORES		1,710,007		011,000	0,001		0,027,021		2,707,020		2,010,200	2,000,020		2,077,000		777,040	
RESERVES																	
Contingency / Policy Reserve		_		-		-	-		100,000		-	_		-		-	
Program Reserves		242,128		157,210	135	,480	189,210		290,820		-	-		-		-	
Debt Service		-		-		-	155,340		450,340		480,000	400,000		320,000		320,000	
Undesignated		2,351,202	3,	,084,936	3,654	,260	3,332,645		2,874,640		3,649,780	4,137,030		4,617,240	5	,010,080	
TOTAL ENDING FUND BALANCE		2,593,330	3,	242,146	3,789	740	3,677,195		3,715,800		4,129,780	4,537,030		4,937,240	5,	330,080	
POLICY REQUIREMENTS		FY2022	FY2	022	FY2024		FY2025		FY2026		FY2027	FY2028		FY2029	EVA	030	
Operating Expenditures	-\$	1,528,276		,625,825 \$		,885 \$		¢	2,427,980	4	2,515,230 \$	2,605,820	¢	2,699,880		,797,540	
Policy % Required	φ	0%	, ا پ	,623,623 \$ 15%	1,094		1,700,236 20%	Ф	2,427,900	Φ	2,515,230 \$ 23%	2,603,620	φ	2,677,000	φ 2	,797,340 25%	
Policy Reserve Required		- 0%		243,000		,000	397,000		558,000		565,000	651,000		674,000		699,000	
i oney reserve required									330,000		303,000						
Contingency & Ending Fund Balance	£	2,593,330		.242.146	3,789	740	3,677,195		3,715,800		4,129,780	4,537,030		4,937,240	5	,330,080	
OVER/(UNDER) POLICY	\$	2,593,330		999,146 \$		740 \$			3,157,800	\$	3,564,780 \$	3,886,030	\$	4,263,240		631,080	

# FIVE-YEAR FORECAST GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENT

							ı									
			Hist	orical Data		Current FY		Budget			Fore	cas	ıt			
				ed Financials		Estimated		+1		+2	+3		+4	+5		Key
		FY2022		FY2023	FY2024	FY2025		FY2026		FY2027	FY2028		FY2029	FY2030		Assumptions
OPERATING EXPENDITURES PERSONNEL SERVICES																
Administration	\$	428,92	5 \$	519,681 \$	554,170	\$ 629,717	\$	832,500	\$	857,470 \$	883,190	\$	909,680	\$ 936,9	70	Varies
Municipal Court	•	58,22	9	23,776	36,173	37,558		44,500	Ľ	45,830	47,200		48,610	50,0	060	Varies
Parks		20,25	9	16,816	10,463	8,874		13,000		13,390	13,790		14,200	14,6	20	Varies
Public Safety		481,92	7	606,655	669,306	679,337		816,000		840,480	865,690		891,660	918,4	100	Varies
Total Personnel		989,340	)	1,166,928	1,270,112	1,355,486		1,706,000		1,757,170	1,809,870		1,864,150	1,920,0	50	
MATERIALS & SERVICES																
Administration		186,72	_	342.305	535,676	510,650		497,600		522,480	548,600		576.030	604,8	30	5%
Municipal Court		8,76		6,731	5,400	5,600		6,900		7,240	7,600		7,980	8,3		5% 5%
Parks		15,96		8,629	9,383	17,000		16,500		17,320	18,180		19.080	20,0		5%
Public Safety		48,23		61,456	66,230	84,500		99,250		104,210	109,420		114.890	120,0		5%
Non-departmental		17,74		39,776	8,084	15,000		101,730		104,210	112,150		117,750	123,6		5%
Total Materials & Services		277.43		458.897	624,773	632.750		721.980	⊢	758.060	795.950		835,730	877,4		3/0
Total Materials & Services		277,40	•	400,077	024,770	552,750		721,700	_	700,000	770,700		000,700	0,,,		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES (Person	nel & M	<b>1&amp;</b> S)														
Administration		615,65	1	861,986	1,089,846	1,140,367		1,330,100		1,379,950	1,431,790		1,485,710	1,541,8	300	
Municipal Court		66,98	9	30,507	41,573	43,158		51,400		53,070	54,800		56,590	58,4	130	
Parks		36,22	5	25,445	19,846	25,874		29,500		30,710	31,970		33,280	34,6	550	
Public Safety		530,15	8	668,111	735,536	763,837		915,250		944,690	975,110		1,006,550	1,039,0	30	
Non-departmental		17,74	3	39,776	8,084	15,000		101,730		106,810	112,150		117,750	123,	30	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	\$	1,266,77	1 \$	1,625,825 \$	1,894,885	\$ 1,988,236	\$	2,427,980	\$	2,515,230 \$	2,605,820	\$	2,699,880	\$ 2,797,5	40	
NON-OPERATING EXPENDITURES																
CAPITAL OUTLAY																Based on Projects
Administration		4,66	8	5,726	5,803	9,000		9,000		-	-		-		-	Estimated
Public Safety		-		-	117,823	-		-		-	-		-		-	Vehicles
Total Capital Outlay		4,668	3	5,726	123,626	9,000		9,000		-	-		-			
CONTINGENCY																
Non-departmental		_		_	_	=		100,000		_	_		_			
Total Contingency		-		-	-	-		100,000	$\vdash$	-	-		-		_	
DEDT SERVICE																
DEBT SERVICE						155 - :-		450.0		100.005	100.000		000.055			Amortization
Non-departmental		-		-	-	155,340		450,340	<u> </u>	480,000	400,000		320,000	320,0		Schedule
Total Debt Service		-		•	-	155,340		450,340	_	480,000	400,000		320,000	320,0	00	

		Historical Data Audited Financials		Current FY Estimated	Budget +1	+2	Forec	ast +4	+5
	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	FY2027	FY2028	FY2029	FY2030
TRANSFERS OUT									
Non-departmental:									
Building Fund	-	268,615	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City Hall Fund	155,400	O -	1,510,056	4,074,944	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation Fund	190,000	000,08	100,000	100,000	-	-	=	=	-
SDC Stormwater Fund	75,000	5,000	25,000	-	-	-	=	=	-
Other Funds	26,20	26,200	27,835	-	-	-	=	=	=
Total Transfers Out	446,600	379,815	1,662,891	4,174,944	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL NON-OPERATING EXPENDITURES									
Administration	4,66	5,726	5,803	9,000	9,000	-	-	=	-
Public Safety	=	Ξ	117,823	=	-	-	Ξ	=	=
Non-departmental	446,60		1,662,891	4,330,284	550,340	480,000	400,000	320,000	320,000
TOTAL NON-OPERATING EXPENDITURES	\$ 451,268	8 \$ 385,541 \$	1,786,517	\$ 4,339,284	\$ 559,340	\$ 480,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 320,000	\$ 320,000
TOTAL BY DEPARTMENT									
Administration	620,311	9 867,712	1,095,649	1,149,367	1,339,100	1,379,950	1,431,790	1,485,710	1,541,800
Municipal Court	66,98	9 30,507	41,573	43,158	51,400	53,070	54,800	56,590	58,430
Parks	36,22	5 25,445	19,846	25,874	29,500	30,710	31,970	33,280	34,650
Public Safety	530,15	8 668,111	853,359	763,837	915,250	944,690	975,110	1,006,550	1,039,030
Non-departmental	464,34	8 419,591	1,670,975	4,345,284	652,070	586,810	512,150	437,750	443,630
TOTAL DEPARTMENT EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,718,039	9 \$ 2,011,366 \$	3,681,402	\$ 6,327,520	\$ 2,987,320	\$ 2,995,230	\$ 3,005,820	\$ 3,019,880	\$ 3,117,540



# FIVE-YEAR FORECAST WATER UTILITY FUND

		FY2022	udit	orical Data ed Financic FY2023		FY2024		Current FY Estimated FY2025		Budget +1 FY2026		+2 FY2027	F	Fore +3 Y2028	cas	t +4 FY2029		+5 FY2030	Key Assumptions
RESOURCES BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	507,402	\$	454,017	\$	597,799	\$	1,168,107	\$	1,505,090	\$	1,345,480	\$	831,670	\$	992,150	\$	1,188,650	
REVENUES																			
Fees & Charges																			
Water Collections		1,102,795		1,096,051		1,516,226		1,600,000		1,660,000		1,726,400		1,795,450		1,867,260		1,941,950	4%
Meter Installations		30,377		9,960		14,940		23,300		12,000		12,360		12,730		13,110		13,500	3%
Water Sales		-		-		43,098		4,000		1,000		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		55,418		38,121		-		136,736		371,020		-		-		-		-	
Interest		7,412		39,232		68,676		40,000		20,000		20,600		21,210		21,840		22,490	3%
Miscellaneous		1,194		13,883		11,397		2,800		2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,197,196		1,197,247		1,654,337		1,806,836		2,066,020	П	1,761,360		1,831,390		1,904,210		1,979,940	
TOTAL RESOURCES	\$	1,704,598	\$	1,651,264	\$	2,252,136	\$	2,974,943	\$	3,571,110	\$	3,106,840	\$	2,663,060	\$	2,896,360	\$	3,168,590	
REQUIREMENTS																			
Personnel Services	\$	332,848	4	446,911	¢	463,732	¢	525,102	¢	643,710	¢	663,020	<b>t</b>	682,910	¢	706,810	¢	720,940	Varies
Materials & Services	φ	372,404	φ	247.622	φ	237,656	Ф	411,658	ф	617,900	Ф	636,430	Р	002,710	Φ	706,610	φ	720,740	3%
Debt Service		173,681		170,356		173,056		180,000		180,000		180,000		180,000		180,000		180,000	Amortization Sch.
Transfers to Other Funds		371,648		185,246		208,000		216,357		234,020		245,720		258,000		270,900		284,440	5%
Contingency		-		100,240		200,000		210,557		25,000		25,000		25,000		25,000		25,000	3/6
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,250,581		1,053,465		1,084,029		1,469,853		2,225,630		2,275,170		1,670,910		1,707,710		1,735,380	
TOTAL ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	454,017	\$	597,799	\$	1,168,107	\$	1,505,090	\$	1,345,480	\$	831,670	\$	992,150	\$	1,188,650	\$	1,433,210	

# Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

Fiscal Year 2026 Annual Budget

#### Overview

The Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) provides guidance and planning for the City of Manzanita's infrastructure. The CIP is based on both the City's Master Plan documents and City Council goals. City Council goals also help refine and shape the CIP.

The City's Master Plan Documents including the Water Master Plan, the Storm Water Master Plan the Transportation Systems Plan. These master plans include the long-term needs of the City as defined through community input, expert consultants, and city staff.

Projects within the CIP are prioritized based on necessity, opportunity and the priorities for implementing these master plans. This year, the CIP reflects a more focused approach. With the recent transition in leadership following the departure of the longtime Public Works Director, whom previously collaborated with the City Manager to develop a 10-year plan; the City is taking time to reassess its priorities. Additionally, the City was awarded an unexpected and significant grant from the State of Oregon to construct the Classic Street Connection project. This initiative expands essential water service to areas that will provide for needed housing and delivers on the City's top Capital Project in the Transportation Systems Plan.

With a major capital project and new leadership, the CIP for this year includes only those projects that are realistically able to complete within this fiscal year. The primary focus of the coming year will be for the new Public Works Director, City Manager and input from Council, to revisit the City's long-term goals for capital improvements and provide a revised 5-year plan next fiscal year. As such the projects included herein only reflect the current year projects. The city will also be taking on a new facility – city hall – and there will likely be associated projects that come with a new building.

## **Funding for Capital Projects**

Aside from Water Utility Fund related maintenance or expansion projects, Manzanita has paid for many of the city's capital needs through the General Fund, particularly roads and stormwater systems. This has created an imbalanced reliance on General Fund revenues to support both city operations and infrastructure, further increasing reliance on the Transient Lodging Tax which is the City's greatest source of revenue. Due to the City's low property tax revenue other sources of funding will need to ensure the ongoing maintenance and operations of all the City's utilities, particularly roads.

## **Classic Street Connection Project**

### **Overview of Project**

The Classic Street Connection Project is a comprehensive rebuild of Classic Street into a multi modal, pedestrian and bicycle friendly street, with separated pathway, improved stormwater infrastructure and installation of critical water infrastructure to support new housing development in the Urban Growth Boundary. The transportation element of the project is included as the City's top priority in the Transportation System Plan.



The City has received a \$2.709 million appropriation from the State of Oregon to construct the project. A portion of that has been received by the city in the current fiscal year. This project will provide critical water infrastructure for the development of housing on the remaining vacant land within the City's Urban Growth Boundary. Earlier this year staff elected an Engineering Firm to design the project, and have released a Request for Proposals and Bid for the project in April. It is anticipated that a contractor will be selected for the project and begin work in June. Through the design process the estimated costs of the project increased by and estimated \$215,000 including all costs associated with the project. The funding structure below reflects how the City will make up that gap and fund the project through completion.

	Sources					Total
Multi-Fund Project	Gro	ant Funding	Ci	ty Funding	Ap	propriation
Transportation	\$	1,062,083	\$	131,000	\$	1,193,083
Transportation - Stormwater		922,281				922,281
Water Utility		371,020				371,020
System Development Charges - Water				738,920		738,920
System Development Charges - Stormwater				81,180		81,180
TOTALS	\$	2,355,384	\$	951,100	\$	3,306,484

## Highway 101 Design Project

## **Overview of Project**

This project focuses on the design and engineering of a critical waterline replacement and expansion of a failed asbestos concrete line that was compromised during the ODOT Highway 101 corner project. Project scope anticipated an increased water main (6" to 8") utilized a much more resilient High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) material for the line itself connecting to multiple points including the water treatment plan. The project will also be designed to include needed hydrants and additional valves and service lines.

Highway 101 Design	Project Estimate (2025-2026)				
Country Co. de					
Capital Cost:					
Planning, Engineering, Design	\$	86,000			
TOTAL ESTIMATED CAPITAL COST	\$	86,000			
<u>Funding Source:</u>					
System Development Charges - Water	\$	43,000			
Water Utility		43,000			
TOTAL FUNDING	\$	86,000			

## **Public Works Office Project**

## **Overview of Project**

The public works building does not currently provide a private working space for the public works director. This project will utilize the existing structure, and in a cost-effective manner upgrade the facility to allow for a private working space within the existing footprint. The fees include design, electrical, permitting and construction of improvements.



Public Works Office	Project Estimate (2025-2026)				
Capital Cost:					
Design and Construction	\$	38,000			
TOTAL ESTIMATED CAPITAL COST	\$	38,000			
Funding Source: Water Utility	\$	38,000			
TOTAL FUNDING	\$	38,000			

## **Generator Project**

## **Overview of Project**

The City maintains several reservoirs to provide water service to the Manzantia community. These reservoirs rely on pump systems to provide water pressure to customers which require power to operate. In the event of a power outage, which occur frequently at the coast during the storm season, the pumps rely on a generator in order to maintain operations. The current generator no longer functions properly, is outdated and obsolete. This project would replace the generator and provide additional resilience to the City water system.



Generator	Project Estimate (2025-2026)				
Capital Cost:					
Capital Item (Generator)	\$	65,000			
TOTAL ESTIMATED CAPITAL COST	\$	65,000			
Funding Source: Water Utility	\$	65,000			
TOTAL FUNDING	\$	65,000			

## Residential Pump House Project

# Overview of Project

The City's reservoirs rely on pump systems to ensure adequate pressure for Manzanita Water customers. This project would include upgrades to the pump system itself, addressing electrical and operational systems, including the replacement of an antennae system that is essential to the water system and is currently vulnerable to lightning strikes.

Residential Pump House	Project Estimate (2025-2026)				
Capital Cost:					
_ Upgrades	\$	30,000			
TOTAL ESTIMATED CAPITAL COST	\$	30,000			
Funding Source:					
Water Utility	\$	30,000			
TOTAL FUNDING	\$	30,000			

The physical pump house itself is in need of significant repairs. The fund allocated for this project would cumulatively upgrade the pump house and the systems within.

# **APPENDIX**





## CITY OF MANZANITA



167 5<sup>th</sup> Street – Manzanita Oregon 97130 P.O. Box 129, Manzanita, OR, 97130-0129 Phone: (503) 812-2514 | TTY Dial 711 ci.manzanita.or.us

#### COUNCIL RESOLUTION No. 25-14

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF MANZANITA, OREGON, ADOPTIING THE BUDGET, LEVYING TAXES, CATEGORIZING TAXES AND MAKING APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR COMMENCING JULY 1, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

BE IT RESOLVED that the City Council of the City of Manzanita, Oregon, that:

Section 1: The city hereby adopts the annual budget for Fiscal Year 2025-2026 in the sum of \$18,013,195. The Budget is now on file at the office of the City Manager, City Hall, Manzanita, Oregon.

Section 2. The amounts listed in the table below are hereby appropriated for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2025, for the purposes stated.

## General Fund Fund (by department:)

	T · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Administration		\$ 1,339,100
Parks		29,500
Municipal Court		51,400
Public Safety		915,250
Non-Department:		
Department		552,070
Contingency		100,000
	<b>Total General Fund Appropriations</b>	\$ 2,987,320
City Hall Fund		
City Hall Department		\$ 47,725
	<b>Total City Hall Fund Appropriations</b>	\$ 47,725
Building Fund		
Building Department		\$ 225,040
Contingency		20,000
	Total Building Fund Appropriations	\$ 245,040



Transportation Fund		
Transportation Department	\$	2,305,165
Contingency		100,000
Total Transportation Fund Appropriations	\$	2,405,165
Tanadan Fun i		
Tourism Fund	<b>c</b>	229 100
Tourism Department	\$	338,100
Contingency  Tatal Taurium Fund A managistiana	Ф.	5,000
Total Tourism Fund Appropriations	\$	343,100
System Development Charges (SDCs) Fund (by department:)		
Water SDCs	\$	829,920
Stormwater SDCs		81,180
Contingency		20,000
Total System Development Charges Fund Appropriations	\$	931,100
Water Utility Fund Fund (by department:)		
Operations Department	\$	1,999,530
Transmission Lines Department		201,100
Contingency		25,000
Total Water Utility Fund Fund Appropriations		2,225,630
Public Works Equipment Reserve Fund		
Public Works Equipment Reserve Department	\$	75,000
Total Public Works Equipment Reserve Fund Appropriations	<u>\$</u>	75,000
Total Lable Works Equipment Reserve Land Appropriations	Ψ	73,000
Total Appropriations of Funds	\$	9,260,080
Summary Totals for All Funds		
Appropriated Expenditures for Funds	\$	8,990,080
Appropriated Contingency	Ψ	270,000
Appropriated Contingency		270,000
Total Appropriated		9,260,080
Total Unappropriated		8,753,115
Total Adopted Budget for 2025-2026	\$	18,013,195

**Section 3. BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** that the City Council of the City of Manzanita hereby imposes the taxes provided for in the adopted budget at the rate of \$0.4233 per \$1,000 of assessed value for operations; and that these taxes are hereby imposed and categorized for tax year 2025-2026 upon the assessed value of all taxable property within the City. The City Council of Manzanita hereby categorizes the taxes as follows:

# SUBJECT TO THE GENERAL GOVERNMENT LIMITATION

EXCLUDED FROM THE LIMITATION

General Fund

\$0.4233 / \$1000

-()-

**Total Levy** 

\$0.4233 / \$1000

-0-

**Section 4.** The city manager or their designee shall certify, file with, and give notice to the county assessor of Tillamook County and the Oregon Department of Revenue as required by Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 294.458 and 310.060.

APPROVED AND ADOPTED THIS 28<sup>TH</sup> DAY OF May 2025.

ATTEST:

Kathryn Stock, Mayor

Leila Aman, City Manager/ City

Recorder

## CITY OF MANZANITA



167 5<sup>th</sup> Street – Manzanita Oregon 97130 P.O. Box 129, Manzanita, OR, 97130-0129 Phone: (503) 812-2514 | TTY Dial 711 ci.manzanita.or.us

### **COUNCIL RESOLUTION No. 25-15**

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF MANZANITA, OREGON, DECLARING THE CITY'S ELECTION TO RECEIVE STATE REVENUE SHARING FUNDS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025-2026.

WHEREAS, the City of Manzanita desires to receive state revenue sharing funds apportioned and distributed to the cities of the state during 2025-2026 fiscal year as provided in Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 221.770 and

WHEREAS, ORS 221.770(1) requires that any city electing to receive a distribution must enact an ordinance or resolution expressing that election and file the same with the Oregon Department of Administrative Services no later than June 30, and

WHEREAS, a public hearing has been held before the Budget Committee on May 6, 2025, to discuss possible uses of the funds, and before the City Council on May 28, 2025, to obtain public input on the proposed uses of the funds.

**Now, therefore, be it Resolved:** by the City Council of the City of Manzanita, Oregon, that the city elects to receive its proportionate share of the State revenues for the 2025-2026 fiscal year pursuant to ORS 221-770.

Kathryn Stock, Mayor

Introduced and adopted by the City Council on May 28, 2025.

This resolution is effective on May 28, 2025.

ATTEST:

Leila Aman, City Manager/ City

Recorder





### CITY OF MANZANITA

167 5th Street – Manzanita Oregon 97130 P.O. Box 129, Manzanita, OR, 97130-0129 Phone: (503) 812-2514 | TTY Dial 711 ci.manzanita.or.us

# NOTICE OF BUDGET COMMITTEE MEETING

A public meeting of the Budget Committee of the City of Manzanita, Tillamook County, State of Oregon, on the budget for the fiscal year July 1, 2025, to June 30, 2026, will be held on Tuesday, April 29, 2025, at 2:00 p.m. via zoom teleconference. The purpose of the meeting is to receive the budget message and budget document. A copy of the budget document may be inspected or obtained on or after April 25, 2025 at <a href="http://www.ci.manzanita.or.us.">http://www.ci.manzanita.or.us.</a> On Wednesday, April 30, 2025, at 2:00 p.m. via zoom, an additional Budget Committee meeting will be held if needed. These are public meetings where deliberation of the Budget Committee will take place. On Tuesday, May 6, 2025, at 6:00 p.m. via zoom, the Budget Committee will hold a public hearing to take public comment, including public comment on proposed uses of State Revenue Sharing. Any person may appear at this meeting to provide public comment on the proposed programs with the Budget Committee.

Log in information will be posted on the City's website one week in advance of each meeting. You may also contact the City of Manzanita at cityhall@ci.manzanita.or.us to obtain log on information.

This notice is also posted on the City's website http://www.ci.manzanita.or.us.



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#### **COUNCIL RESOLUTION No. 22-13**

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF MANZANITA, OREGON, SETTING A GENERAL FUND OPERATING RESERVE POLICY.

WHEREAS, the Budget Committee determined that it would be in the best interest of the City of Manzanita to establish a formal General Fund Operating Reserve Policy; and

WHEREAS, the Budget Committee approved a 15% reserve for the 2022-2023 fiscal year and supported increasing that reserve amount to 25% over the next four years.

## Now, Therefore, be it Resolved:

**Section 1:** 15% of General Fund operating funds shall be held in reserve for Fiscal Year 2022-2023.

**Section 2:** The General Fund reserve will increase by 2.5% until the operating reserve reaches 25%.

Introduced and adopted by the City Council on June 15, 2022.

This resolution is effective on June 15, 2022.

Michael Scott, Mayor

ATTEST:

Leila Aman, City Manager/ City



#### **COUNCIL RESOLUTION No. 22-17**

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF MANZANITA, OREGON, CONTINUING THE PUBLIC WORKS EQUIPTMENT RESERVE FUND ESTABLISHED BY ORDINANCE NO. 01-02

WHEREAS, ORS 294.346 (1) allows cities to create reserve funds to provide for the financing of capital equipment and facilities; and,

WHEREAS, the Manzanita City Council created a Public Works Equipment Reserve Fund by Ordinance No. 01-02; and,

WHEREAS, ORS 294.346 (2) requires the City to review a reserve fund every ten years and determine whether the fund will be continued or abolished; and,

WHERAS, the Manzanita City Council has reviewed the reserve fund and desires to continue the Public Works Equipment Fund.

Now, Therefore, be it Resolved by the City Council of the City of Manzanita:

SECTION 1. The Public Works Equipment Reserve Fund established by Ordinance No. 01-02 is hereby continued for ten years until June 30, 2032, at which time the City Council shall review the Fund and determine whether it should be continued further or abolished.

Introduced and adopted by the City Council on December 7, 2022.

This resolution is effective on December 8, 2022.

Michael Scott, Mayor

ATTEST:

Leila Aman, City Manager/ City



#### **COUNCIL RESOLUTION No. 23-01**

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF MANZANITA, OREGON, ADOPTING A MATERIALS AND SERVICES INDIRECT COST METHODOLOGY FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING TRANSFERS FROM ENTERPRISE FUNDS TO THE GENERAL FUND FOR ADMINISTRATIVE OVERHEAD SERVICES

**WHEREAS**, the City of Manzanita administration provides overhead services to Enterprise Funds; and

WHEREAS, the City of Manzanita has historically ensured that Enterprise Funds cover the cost of administrative overhead for the services provided by the City's administration; and

**WHEREAS**, the city has investigated several options and have determined that a Material and Services model best fits the city's current needs.

Now, Therefore, be it Resolved by the City Council of the City of Manzanita that the city of Manzanita hereby adopts a Materials and Services Indirect Cost allocation method for the purpose of determine Enterprise Fund transfers into the General Fund for administrative overhead as part of the city's annual budgeting process.

Introduced and adopted by the City Council on  $\frac{3/8}{2}$ .

This resolution is effective on 3/9/23.

Deb Simmons, Mayor

ATTEST:

Leila Aman, City Manager/City



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#### **COUNCIL RESOLUTION No. 25 - 07**

# A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF MANZANITA, OREGON, SETTING SALARIES FOR CITY EMPLOYEES FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025-2026.

**WHEREAS**, over the last 12 months, the Consumer Price Index for the Western Pacific Region has increased 2.8% percent; and

WHEREAS, nationally the CPI for all items has increased 3% including a .5% increase in January 2025; and

**WHEREAS** the City Manager proposes a Cost-of-Living Adjustment of 3% to account for the overall increase in the cost of necessities to meet market conditions and provide livable wages for City Staff.

Now, Therefore, be it Resolved by the City Council of the City of Manzanita, Oregon, that the salary schedule for city employees for the fiscal year 25-26 are hereby adopted as follows:

Introduced and adopted by the City Council on March 5, 2025.

This resolution becomes effective on **July 1, 2025**.

FY 26 Proposed Salary Schedule					
Position	Step A	Step B	Step C	Step D	Step E
Police Chief	8,316	8,732	9,167	9,626	10,107
Police Sergeant	7,056	7,408	7,779	8,167	8,575
Public Works Director	7,210	7,571	7,949	8,347	8,763
Development Services Manager	7,210	7,571	7,949	8,347	8,763
Accounting Manager	6,086	6,391	6,709	7,045	7,397
Police Officer	5,548	5,826	6,116	6,422	7,031
Assistant City Recorder	4,817	5,058	5,312	5,576	5,857
STR/TLT Program Manager	4,817	5,058	5,312	5,576	5,857
Code Enforcement Officer	4,817	5,058	5,311	5,577	5,857
Planning & Permit Tech	4,603	4,832	5,074	5,328	5,594
Public Works Utility Clerk	4,554	4,780	5,020	5,271	5,534
Utility Worker	4,126	4,332	4,548	4,776	5,015
Senior Utility Worker	4,817	5,058	5,312	5,576	5,857
Operations Manager	5,438	5,710	5,996	6,295	6,611
Project Manager	5,058	5,312	5,576	5,857	6,149

Kathryn Stock, Mayor

ATTEST:

Leila Aman, City Manager/ City Recorder



## **COUNCIL RESOLUTION No. 25-06**

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF MANZANITA, OREGON, REPEALING THE 2024-2025 MASTER FEE SCHEDULE AND ADOPTING THE 2025-2026 MASTER FEE SCHEDULE

WHEREAS, the City of Manzanita (the "City") currently collects fees, rates, and charges pursuant to schedules set out in various Ordinances and Resolutions that were combined together into one Master Fee Schedule;

WHEREAS, Section 17 of Ordinance 90-8 authorizes the City Council to adopt by resolution such water rates and services charges as the Council deems to be in the interest of operating and maintaining the City water system;

WHEREAS, ORS 455.210 (3)(a) permits a municipality to adopt by regulation such fees as may be necessary and reasonable to provide for the administration and enforcement of provisions of the structural code or One and Two Family Dwelling Code for which the City has assumed responsibility;

WHEREAS, Ordinance 23-02 section 8.D.3 provides that system development charges may be adjusted for inflation using the Pacific Northwest Construction cost changes in the Engineering News Record Construction Cost Index (ENR Index) as represented by the City of Seattle, Washington; and

WHEREAS the cost of processing annexations is greater than originally anticipated and is proposed to be adjusted; and

WHEREAS, staff have reviewed all other fees and have determined there is sufficient cost recovery and no adjustments should be made to those fees this year; and

WHEREAS, in 2024 the city adopted a Master Fee Schedule that is inclusive of all fees administered by the City of Manzanita that allows for updates to occur on an annual basis in concert with the city's budgeting process; and

**WHEREAS**, the City Council deems the fees, rates, and charges reflected in the Master Fee Schedule attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>, to be reasonable;

Now, Therefore, the City Council resolves as follows:

## **Section 1: Building Permits**

The City Council adopts the fee schedule for Building Permits reflected in the Master Fee Schedule, attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>.



## Section 2: Land Use and Development Permit Applications.

The City Council adopts the fee schedule for Land Use and Development that includes an increase to the annexation fee as reflected in the Master Fee Schedule, attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>.

## Section 3: Inspection and License Fees for Short Term Rentals.

The City Council adopts the fee schedule for Short Term Rentals reflected in the Master Fee Schedule, attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>.

## Section 4: Water Utility Fees.

The City Council adopts the Water Rate Schedule adjusted for inflation reflected in the Master Fee Schedule, attached hereto as <a href="Exhibit A">Exhibit A</a>.

# Section 5: System Development Charges for Water, Stormwater and Parks

SDC amounts adopted by this resolution are adjusted and reflect the changes in the Pacific Northwest Construction cost changes in the Engineering News Record Construction Cost Index (ENR Index), as represented by the City of Seattle, Washington.

#### Section 6: Business License Fees.

The City Council adopts the Business License Fees reflected in the Master Fee Schedule, attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>.

#### **Section 7: Court Fees.**

The City Council adopts the fee schedule for Court Fees reflected in the Master Fee Schedule, attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>.

## Section 8: Police Department Fees.

The City Council adopts the fee schedule for Police Department Fees reflected in the Master Fee Schedule, attached hereto as Exhibit A.



## Section 9: Administrative Fees.

The City Council adopts the fee schedule for Administrative Fees reflected in the Master Fee Schedule, attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>.

## Section 10: Right of Way Permits.

The City Council adopts the fee schedule for Right of Way Permits reflected in the Master Fee Schedule, attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>.

## **Section 11: Traffic Control Plans.**

The City Council adopts the fee schedule for Traffic Control Plans reflected in the Master Fee Schedule, attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>.

## Section 12: Other Public Works Fees.

To compensate the City via a daily rental rate for use of its equipment, the City Council adopts the Other Public Works Fees reflected in the Master Fee Schedule, attached hereto as <u>Exhi</u>bit A.

#### Section 13: Master Fee Schedule

- A) The City Council repeals the 2024-2025 Master Fee Schedule and replaces it with the 2025-2026 Master Fee Schedule attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>, and incorporates it herein by this reference.
- B) The City Council shall review the Master Fee Schedule and make any adjustments to fees, rates, or charges therein annually in concert with the City's budget process.

Introduced and adopted by the City Council on 3/5, 2025. This resolution is effective on July 1, 2026.



Kathryn Stock, Mayor

ATTEST:

Leila Aman, City Manager/ City

CATEGORY	ITEM	INCLUDED IN BASE FEE	ADDITIONAL FEES	FEE
LAND USE AND	Administrative Review/Pre-		PLUS Actual Costs for	
DEVELOPMENT	Application Meeting	Planning Consultant	Planner, Attorney, or Engineer Over costs covered by Base Fee	\$250.00
	Variance	Includes all staff time and six (6) hours Planning Consultant.		\$1,200.00
	Partition	Includes all Staff time, six (6) hours Planning Consultant, and one (1) hour Engineer.		\$1,500.00
	PUD (Zone Change Required)	Includes all Staff time and eight (8) hours Planning Consultant, one (1) hour Engineer, and one (1) hour Attorney.		\$2,250.00
	Subdivision	Includes all Staff time, eight (8) hours Planning Consultant, one (1) hour Engineer, and one (1) hour Attorney.		\$2,250.00
	Lot Line Adjustment			\$300.00
	Signs		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$150.00
Conditional Use	Includes all Staff time, six (6) hours Planning Consultant	PLUS Actual Costs for Planner, Attorney, or Engineer Over costs covered by Base Fee	\$1,200.00	
	Site Plan Review	Includes all Staff time, five (5) hours Planning Consultant and one (1) hour Engineer		\$1,000.00
	Zone Change/Comp Plan Amendment	Includes all Staff time, ten (10) hours Planning Consultant, one (1) hour Engineer, and four (4) hours Attorney.		\$4,000.00
	Vacations	Includes all Staff time and four (4) hours Planning Consultant, and two (2) hours Attorney.		\$2,000.00

CATEGORY	ITEM	INCLUDED IN BASE FEE	ADDITIONAL FEES	FEE
	Temporary Permit	Includes all Staff time and two (2) hours Planning Consultant		\$300.00
LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT	Annexation	Includes all Staff time and ten (10) hours Planning Consultant, one (1) hour Engineer, and two (2) hours Attorney.	PLUS Actual Costs for Planner, Attorney, or Engineer Over costs covered by Base Fee	\$2,750.00
	Amendment to Urban Growth	Includes all Staff time and thirteen (13) hours Planning Consultant, two (2) hours Engineer, and two (2) hours Attorney.		\$4,000.00
	Pre-Application Conference			\$500.00
	Accessory			
	Structure/Addition			\$150.00
	House or Mobile Home	First 3ta	Div. 6402 1/921	\$300.00
	Multi-Family Dwelling	First 2 units.	Plus \$103 each additional unit.	\$400.00
	Commercial/Other	Includes all Staff time, five (5) hours Planning Consultant and one (1) hour Engineer	PLUS Actual Costs for Planner, Attorney, or Engineer Over costs covered by Base Fee	\$1,500.00
	Multiple Applications	If multiple land use applications are necessary on a single project and a single applicant, the applicant shall pay the highest Base Fee of the applications necessary, plus 50% of the other Base fee involved.		
	Appeal			\$250.00
	Tree Removal Permit		Plus \$51.50 for each additional tree.	\$150.00
	Address Request			\$100.00
	Dune Grading - Remedial/Construction			\$400.00

CATEGORY	ITEM	INCLUDED IN BASE FEE	ADDITIONAL FEES	FEE
SHORT TERM	New Application			\$650.00
RENTAL	Periodic Re-Inspection			\$350.00
	Follow Up Inspection			\$325.00
	Random Inspection			\$225.00
	Annual Renewal			\$850.00
WATER UTILITY - SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES	Water System Development Charges. 3/4" x 5/8" Water Service		Requires Tier 2 ROW Permit and New Water Service fee. (Matierials cost may vary)	\$7,107.26
	Water System Development Charges. 1" Water Service (2 EDU)			\$17,578.58
	Water System Development Charges. 1 - 1/2 " Water Service (4.5 EDU)	-		\$31,983.66
	Water System Development Charges. 2" Water Service (8 EDU)			\$56,860.07
	Water System Development Charges. 3" Water Service (18 EDU)			\$127,935.66
	Water System Development Charges. 4" Water Service (32 EDU)			\$227,441.28
WATER UTILITY	Inside Commercial Monthly	Inside city	Plus Inside City	
RATE SCHEDULE	Water Rate		Consumption unit	
	1	5/8" x 3/4" Meter	_	\$59.54
		1" Meter		\$83.36
		1 1/2" Meter		\$107.18
		2" Meter	]	\$172.68
	Outside Commercial & Residental Monthly Water Rate	5/8" x 3/4" Meter	Residential 2 units included in base, Plus Outside City Consumption unit	\$71.45
	nate	1" Meter	- Consumption unit	\$99.96
		1 1/2" Meter	] [	\$128.60
		2" Meter		\$207.19
Inside Residential Mont Water Rate	Inside Residential Monthly Water Rate	5/8" x 3/4" Meter	Residential 2 units included in base, Plus Outside City Consumption unit	\$49.62
		1" Meter		\$89.32
	Inside Residential Monthly Water Rate	1 1/2" Meter	Residential 2 units included in base, Plus Outside City	\$143.89
		2" Meter	Consumption unit	\$172.68
	Inside City Consumption unit	Tier 1.	Commercial 0 - 5,000 Residential 2,001 - 5,000	\$9.91

CATEGORY	ITEM	INCLUDED IN BASE FEE	ADDITIONAL FEES	FEE
		, Tier 2	Commercial 5,001 - 10,000 Residential 5,001 - 10,000	\$11.48
		Tier 3	Commercial +10,001 Residential +10,001	\$12.78
	Outside City Consumption unit	Tier 1	Commercial 0 - 5,000 Residential 2,001 - 5,000	\$11.89
		Tier 2	Commercial 5,001 - 10,000 Residential 5,001 - 10,000	\$13.77
		Tier 3	Commercial +10,001 Residential +10,001	\$15.34
WATER UTILITY RATE SCHEDULE	Wholesale Water - Monthly Water Rate (Rt 53 & Tideland)			\$148.67
	Wholesale Consumption unit, per unit			\$2.87
WATER UTILITY	Bulk Hydrant Water Meter		"	\$30.00
OTHER FEES	Delinquent Notice			\$5.00
	Shut Off Notice			\$40.00
	Delinquent Turn-off or turn- on. Regular business hours.			\$50.00
	Delinquent turn-on. Water restoration during non- working hours, holidays, and weekends. Service is not available 8:00pm - 8:00am	Double fee of delinquent Turn-off or turn-on. Regular business hours.		\$100.00
	Water Account sent to collections			\$50.00
	Same day water turn-on or off service (other than emergency or shut-off for delinquency)	Regular business hours.		\$40.00
	NSF			\$40.00
	Water Service Transfer Fee			\$60.00
	Fire Hydrant - Fire Flow Test		per hydrant	\$200.00
	Lien Search			\$20.00
	Water meter Install		*Includes 3/4" x 3/4" meter ONLY if requested for residental fire sprinkler systems. Requires Tier 2 ROW Permit.	\$1,395.00
STORM WATER	STORM WATER, System Development Charges	Storm drainige into a city maintained system.	Requires Tier 2 or 3 ROW Permit for a phycial connection to a approved storm system,	\$1,715.00
PARK SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	Park Fees, System Development Charges			\$63.86

CATEGORY	ITEM	INCLUDED IN BASE FEE	ADDITIONAL FEES	FEE
Right of Way Permits and Traffic Control Plan Review	Tier 1 ROW Permit			\$100.00
	Tier 2 ROW Permit		Performance deposit based on disturbance of materials maybe required. Minimum performance deposit is \$250. Conrete and asphalt cut \$30.00 per square foot.	\$300.00
Right of Way Permits and Traffic Control Plan Review	Tier 3 ROW Permit		Base fee covers first 2 sheets, additional sheet review cost is \$400 per sheet. Performance deposit based on disturbance of materials maybe required.	\$2,900.00
:	Tier 3 ROW Inspections up to 20 hours.		Additional hours will be billed at a rate of \$100 per hour.	\$1,950.00
	Tier 3 ROW Permit Plan Re- review or Supplemental review (More than 3 reviews)		Additional hours will be billed at a rate of \$100 per hour if review is expected to exceed 2 hours.	\$230.00
	Agreement for Public Improvements (Bond)		\$3,000 Fee is a deposit to cover time and materials. If time exceeds the base, notice will be given on needed amount.	\$3,000.00
	Tier 1 Traffic Control Plan Review			\$200.00
	Tier 2 Traffic Control Plan Review			\$1,600.00
	Tier 3 Traffic Control Plan Review			\$3,600.00
	Road Grading Permit		Permit is for road edge grading to city standard. If work done out side of requirements a Tier 1 or 2 permit maybe required.	\$0.00

CATEGORY	ITEM	INCLUDED IN BASE FEE	ADDITIONAL FEES	FEE
Other Public Works	Equipment use Fee	\$20.00 Per business day. Items that may be	This covers the use to the	
Fees		used for fee include Metal detector, 2	Public the use of cones and	
		baracades, 10 traffic cones	metal detector.	\$20.00
				-
COURT	Late payment fee			445.00
	;			\$15.00
	Return Item/NSF Fee			\$50.00
	Failure to Appear for Trial			\$115.00
	License Suspension			
				\$115.00
	Payment Plan			\$60.00
	Turnover to Collections			
				\$60.00
POLICE	Police Reports	Staff Hourly Rate	These are processed as	
DEPARTMENT			records requests	\$0.00
	Finger Printing			\$35.00
	Admin Costs Associated			\$375.00
	with Towed Vehicles			\$373.00
ADMIN	NSF			\$50.00
	Business License Permit-	1-2 Employees		¢100.00
	Billed Annually			\$100.00
		3-5 Employees		\$135.00
		6+ Employees		\$175.00
	Copying Fee	Per page		\$0.25
j	Special Event Permits			\$0.00
	Records Requests	Employee hourly rate		Hourly
BUILDING PERMITS	See building permit fees			

STRUCTURAL PERMIT FEE TABLE					
Valuation	fee				
\$1 - \$500	\$109.18				
\$501 - \$2000	\$109.18	For the first \$500 plus	\$4.65	For each additional \$100 or fraction thereof, to and including \$25,000	
\$2001 - \$25000	\$178.93	For the first \$2,000 plus	\$18.56	For each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof, to and including \$25,000	
\$25001 - \$50000	\$605.81	For the first \$25,000 plus	\$13.93	For each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof, to and including \$100,000	
\$50001 - \$100000	\$954.06	For the first \$50,000 plus	\$9.30	For each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof, to and including \$100,000	
\$100001 - and up	\$1,419.06	For the first \$100,000 plus	\$7.74	For each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof	
When a structural permit is required by accessory structures, et					
ОТН	IER STRUCT	URAL FEES			
Structural Plan Review (when		75% of struct	tural pern	nit fee	
Additional Plan Review (when applicable) - 30 minute minimum		\$1	09.18	**	
Fire Life Safety Plan Review (when applicable)	50 % of structural permit fee			nit fee	
Each additional inspection, above allowable- per each	\$109.18				
Re-Inspection - per each	\$109.18				
Inspections for which no fee is specifically indicated (as required) - hourly. Minimum 1 hour	\$109.18				
Inspections outside of normal business hours. Minimum 2 hours	\$109.18				

Deferred Submittal Plan Review Fee - in addition to project plan review fees	65% of the building permit fee calculated using the value of the deferred portion with a \$250 minimum	
Phased Project Plan Review Fee – in addition to project plan review fees	\$324.25 minimum plus 10% of total project building permits, not to exceed \$1500.00 for each phase. In addition to standard plan review fees.	
Structural demolition – complete demolition, not subject to State Surcharge	\$1,000.00	
Structural alteration (not demo) – partial, soft, interior	See Structural Permit Fee table by valuation, incurs State Surcharge	
Structural Minimum Permit Fee	\$109.18	
Moving structure permit, other than U-1	\$601.00	
Re-Roof residential when a permit is required	\$109.18	
Commercial re-roof	See Structural Permit Fee table by valuation, incurs State Surcharge	
Residential Fire Suppression- Standalone System 13R, fee includes plan review (See Plumbing Fee section for Continuous Loop/Multipurpose System 13D)		
Square Footage of Area to be Covered	Fee	
0 – 2000 sq ft	\$412.00	
2001 – 3600 sq ft	\$515.00	
3601 - 7200 sq ft	\$669.50	
7201 sq ft and greater	\$824.00	
Commercial Fire Suppression	See Structural Permit Fee table by valuation	
Solar Permit – Prescriptive Path System, fee includes plan review. Separate Electrical Permit required, contact Tillamook County.	\$218.36	
Solar Permit – Non-Prescriptive Path System	Fee as per Structural Permit Fee table by valuation to include the solar panels, racking, mounting elements, rails and the cost of labor to install. Solar electrical equipment including collector panels and inverters shabe excluded from the Structural Permit valuation.	
	be excluded from the squeedid frequity valuation.	
_	e cost may include supervision, overhead, equipment, loyee(s) involved. Applicable to all disciplines.	

When applicable, structural permits use valuation as determined by ICC Valuation Table current as of April 1 of each year, as per OAR 918-050-0000.

#### MANUFACTURED DWELLING PLACEMENT FEE\*

		-,
Manufactured Dwelling Placement Fee *		
Single wide	\$208.60	
Double wide	\$416.12	
Triple wide	\$622.12	
Earthquake resistant bracing system	\$109.18	
(when not part of original dwelling		
State (Cabana) Fee	\$30.00	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes the concrete slab, runners or foundations that are prescriptive, electrical feeder and plumbing connections and all cross-over connections and up to 30 lineal feet of site utilities. Decks, other accessory structures, and foundations that are not prescriptive, utility connections beyond 30 lineal feet, new electrical services or additional branch circuits, and new plumbing - may require separate permits. All decks 30" above ground, carports, garages, porches, and patios are based on valuation and may also require separate permits.

-- See Structural schedule by valuation for non-dwelling modular placements

#### MANUFACTURED DWELLING/RV PARKS- AREA DEVELOPMENT PERMIT (ADP)

The Area Development Permit fee to be calculated based on the valuations shown in Table 2 of OAR 918-600-0030 for Manufactured Dwelling/Mobile Home Parks and Table 2 of OAR 918-650-0030 for Recreational Park & Organizational Camp – and applying the valuation amount to Table 1 as referenced for each.

MECHANI	CA1	DEDBAIT	FFFC
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Residential	Fee – per each appliance
Air conditioner	\$57.68
Air handling unit of up to 10000 cfm	\$42.23
Air handling unit 10001 cfm and over	\$57.68
Appliance of piece of equipment regulated by code but no classified in other appliance categories	\$42.23
Attic or crawl space fans	\$28.84
Chimney/liner/flue/vent	\$46.35
Clothes dryer exhaust	\$42.23
Decorative gas fireplace	\$42.23
Ductwork-no appliance/fixture - per each	\$42.23
Evaporative cooler other than portable	\$75.19
Floor furnace, including vent	\$57.68
Flue vent for water heater or gas	\$42.23
Furnace – less than 100000 BTU	\$66.95

Furnace – more than 100000 BTU	\$57.68			
Furnace/burner including duct	¢57.60			
work/vent/liner	\$57.68			
Gas or wood fireplace/insert	\$42.23			
Gas fuel piping outlets 1 – 4 outlets	\$23.69			
Each additional outlet	\$7.21			
Heat pump	\$75.19			
Hood served by mechanical exhaust,	440.00			
including ducts for hood	\$42.23			
Hydronic hot water system	\$57.68			
Installation or relocation	4			
domestic/type incinerator	\$57.68			
Mini split system	\$75.19			
Range hood/other kitchen equipment	\$42.23			
Suspended heater, recessed wall	Ac- 25			
heater, or floor mounted heater	\$57.68			
Ventilation fan connected to single	Ann 0.4			
duct	\$28.84			
Ventilation system not a portion of				
heating or air-conditioning system	\$42.23			
authorized by permit	,			
Water heater	\$57.68			
Wood/pellet stove	\$42.23			
Other heating/cooling	\$42.23			
Other fuel appliance	\$42.23			
Other environment	\$42.23			
Comm	nercial Mechanical Fees			
Fee as per Structural Permit Fee table by valuation				
Other Mechanical Fees				
Mechanical Plan Review (when	250/.6			
applicable)	35% of mechanical permit fee			
Additional Plan Review (when	4400.40			
applicable) – 30 minutes minimum	\$109.18			
Reinspection – per each	\$109.18			
Each additional inspection, above	\$109.18			
allowable – per each	\$102.TO			
Inspections for which no fee is				
specifically indicated – per each (as	\$109.18			
required). Minimum 1 hour.				
Inspection outside of normal business	¢100.49			
hours. Minimum 2 hours.	\$109.18			
Investigation fee - Mechanical	See Structural – Investigation Fees			

PLUMBING PERMIT FEES  New 1&2 Family Dwelling – includes one kitchen, first 100 feet each of site utilities, hose bibbs, icemakers, underfloor low-point drains, and rain drain packages that include the piping, gutters, downspouts, and perimeter system. Half bath counted as whole.  One bathroom, one kitchen \$370.80  Two bathrooms, one kitchen \$404.79  Three bathrooms, one kitchen \$456.29  Each additional bathroom > 3 - or - \$53.56  Each additional 100 ft or fraction thereof of site utilities – water, sewer, storm (which includes rain, footing, trench, and leach) – first 100 ft	Mechanical Minimum Permit Fee	\$109.18		
icemakers, underfloor low-point drains, and rain drain packages that include the piping, gutters, downspouts, and perimeter system. Half bath counted as whole.  One bathroom, one kitchen \$370.80  Two bathrooms, one kitchen \$404.79  Three bathrooms, one kitchen \$456.29  Each additional bathroom > 3 - or - \$53.56  Each additional 100 ft or fraction thereof of site utilities – water, sewer, storm (which includes rain, footing, \$46.35	PLUMBING PERMIT FEES			
downspouts, and perimeter system. Half bath counted as whole.  One bathroom, one kitchen \$370.80  Two bathrooms, one kitchen \$404.79  Three bathrooms, one kitchen \$456.29  Each additional bathroom > 3 - or - \$53.56  kitchen > 1  Each additional 100 ft or fraction thereof of site utilities - water, sewer, storm (which includes rain, footing, \$46.35				
Two bathrooms, one kitchen \$404.79  Three bathrooms, one kitchen \$456.29  Each additional bathroom > 3 - or - kitchen > 1  Each additional 100 ft or fraction thereof of site utilities - water, sewer, storm (which includes rain, footing, \$46.35				
Three bathrooms, one kitchen \$456.29  Each additional bathroom > 3 - or - kitchen > 1  Each additional 100 ft or fraction thereof of site utilities - water, sewer, storm (which includes rain, footing, \$46.35	One bathroom, one kitchen	\$370.80		
Each additional bathroom > 3 - or - \$53.56  Each additional 100 ft or fraction thereof of site utilities - water, sewer, storm (which includes rain, footing, \$46.35	Two bathrooms, one kitchen	\$404.79		
kitchen >1 \$53.56  Each additional 100 ft or fraction thereof of site utilities – water, sewer, storm (which includes rain, footing, \$46.35	Three bathrooms, one kitchen	\$456.29		
Each additional 100 ft or fraction thereof of site utilities – water, sewer, storm (which includes rain, footing, \$46.35	Each additional bathroom > 3 - or -	ÅE2 EC		
thereof of site utilities – water, sewer, storm (which includes rain, footing, \$46.35	kitchen >1	\$53.56 		
storm (which includes rain, footing, \$46.35	Each additional 100 ft or fraction			
	thereof of site utilities – water, sewer,			
trench, and leach) – first 100 ft	storm (which includes rain, footing,	\$46.35		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	trench, and leach) – first 100 ft			
included in bathroom/kitchen fee	included in bathroom/kitchen fee			
Commercial and Non-New Residential				
Site Utilities Fee	Site Utilities	Fee		
Sanitary Sewer - First 100 feet or less \$84.46	Sanitary Sewer - First 100 feet or less	\$84.46		
Sanitary Sewer - Each additional 100 \$46.35	Sanitary Sewer - Each additional 100	ĆAC 2F		
feet or fraction thereof	feet or fraction thereof	\$40.35 		
Storm – first 100 feet or less \$84.46	Storm – first 100 feet or less	\$84.46		
Storm – Each additional 100 feet or \$46.35	Storm – Each additional 100 feet or	\$16.35		
fraction thereof		<del></del>		
Water – first 100 feet or less \$84.46		\$84.46		
Water – Each additional 100 feet or \$46.35		\$46.35		
fraction thereof				
Fixtures Fee – per each	······································			
Absorption valve \$28.84		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Backflow preventer \$57.68	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Backwater valve \$28.84		\$28.84		
Catch basin or area drain \$28.84		\$28.84		
Clothes washer \$28.84		\$28.84		
Dishwasher \$28.84	Dishwasher	\$28.84		
Drinking fountain \$28.84	Drinking fountain	\$28.84		
Ejectors/sump pump \$28.84	Ejectors/sump pump	\$28.84		
Expansion tank \$28.84	Expansion tank	\$28.84		
Fixture cap \$28.84	Fixture cap	\$28.84		
Floor drain/floor sink/hub drain \$28.84	Floor drain/floor sink/hub drain	\$28.84		
Garbage disposal \$28.84	Garbage disposal	\$28.84		
Hose bib \$28.84	Hose bib	\$28.84		
Ice maker \$28.84	Ice maker	\$28.84		
Primer \$28.84	Primer	\$28.84		

Chall Harris Harris		
Sink/basin/lavatory	\$28.84	
Stormwater retention/detention	\$96.82	
Swimming pool piping	\$63.86	
Trench Drain	\$28.84	
Tub/shower/shower pan	\$28.84	
Urinal	\$28.84	
Water closet	\$30.84	
Water heater	\$57.68	
Other – plumbing	\$28.84	
Alternate potable water heating	\$66.95	
Interceptor/grease trap	\$28.84	
Manholes	\$28.84	
Roof drain (commercial)	\$57.68	
Medical Gas and Process	Piping Permit Fees – Commercial Plumbing	
Valuation	Fee	
\$1.00 - \$5,000	\$109.18	
\$5,001 - \$10,000	\$109.18 For the first \$3.30 For each \$100 or fraction thereof.	
\$10,001 - \$100,000	\$274.18 For the first \$10,000 plus For each additional \$11.32 \$1,000 or fraction thereof.	
<u></u>		
\$100,001 and above	\$1,292.98 For the first \$8.01 \$1,000 or fraction thereof.	
	For each additional \$1,292.98 For the first \$8.01 \$1,000 or fraction	
Residential Fire Suppression – Multip	For each additional \$1,292.98 For the first \$8.01 \$1,000 or fraction thereof.	
Residential Fire Suppression – Multip	For each additional \$1,292.98 For the first \$8.01 \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  Surpose/Continuous Loop System 13D, fee includes plan review  e section for Standalone System 13R]	
Residential Fire Suppression – Multip	For each additional \$1,292.98 For the first \$8.01 \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  Surpose/Continuous Loop System 13D, fee includes plan review  e section for Standalone System 13R]	
Residential Fire Suppression – Multip  [See Structural Fee Square Footage of Area to be Covered	For each additional \$1,292.98 For the first \$8.01 \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  Surpose/Continuous Loop System 13D, fee includes plan review  e section for Standalone System 13R]  Fee	
Residential Fire Suppression – Multip  [See Structural Fee  Square Footage of Area to be Covered  0 – 2000 sq ft	For each additional \$1,292.98 For the first \$8.01 \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  Surpose/Continuous Loop System 13D, fee includes plan review  e section for Standalone System 13R]  Fee \$257.50	
Residential Fire Suppression – Multip  [See Structural Fee  Square Footage of Area to be Covered  0 – 2000 sq ft  2001 – 3600 sq ft	For each additional \$1,292.98 For the first \$8.01 \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  Surpose/Continuous Loop System 13D, fee includes plan review  e section for Standalone System 13R]  Fee \$257.50 \$309.00	
Residential Fire Suppression – Multip  [See Structural Fee Square Footage of Area to be Covered 0 – 2000 sq ft 2001 – 3600 sq ft 3601 - 7200 sq ft 7201 sq ft and greater	For the first \$8.01 \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  Surpose/Continuous Loop System 13D, fee includes plan review  e section for Standalone System 13R]  Fee \$257.50 \$309.00 \$360.50	
Residential Fire Suppression – Multip  [See Structural Fee Square Footage of Area to be Covered 0 – 2000 sq ft 2001 – 3600 sq ft 3601 - 7200 sq ft 7201 sq ft and greater	For the first \$1,292.98 For the first \$100,000 plus \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  Surpose/Continuous Loop System 13D, fee includes plan review  e section for Standalone System 13R]  Fee \$257.50 \$309.00 \$360.50 \$412.00  Other Plumbing Fees	
Residential Fire Suppression – Multip  [See Structural Fee Square Footage of Area to be Covered 0 – 2000 sq ft 2001 – 3600 sq ft 3601 - 7200 sq ft 7201 sq ft and greater  Plumbing Plan Review (when applicable) – commercial	For the first \$8.01 \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  Surpose/Continuous Loop System 13D, fee includes plan review  e section for Standalone System 13R]  Fee \$257.50 \$309.00 \$360.50 \$412.00	
Residential Fire Suppression – Multip  [See Structural Fee Square Footage of Area to be Covered 0 – 2000 sq ft 2001 – 3600 sq ft 3601 - 7200 sq ft 7201 sq ft and greater  Plumbing Plan Review (when applicable) – commercial Plumbing Plan Review (when	For the first \$1,292.98 For the first \$100,000 plus \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  Surpose/Continuous Loop System 13D, fee includes plan review  e section for Standalone System 13R]  Fee \$257.50 \$309.00 \$360.50 \$412.00  Other Plumbing Fees	
Residential Fire Suppression – Multip  [See Structural Fee Square Footage of Area to be Covered 0 – 2000 sq ft 2001 – 3600 sq ft 3601 - 7200 sq ft 7201 sq ft and greater  C Plumbing Plan Review (when applicable) – commercial Plumbing Plan Review (when applicable) – residential Additional Plan Review (when	For the first \$1,292.98 For the first \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  For each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  For each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  For each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  Furpose/Continuous Loop System 13D, fee includes plan review  Fee \$257.50 \$309.00 \$360.50 \$412.00  Pather Plumbing Fees  35% of commercial plumbing permit fee	
Residential Fire Suppression – Multip  [See Structural Fee Square Footage of Area to be Covered 0 – 2000 sq ft 2001 – 3600 sq ft 3601 - 7200 sq ft 7201 sq ft and greater  C Plumbing Plan Review (when applicable) – commercial Plumbing Plan Review (when applicable) – residential Additional Plan Review (when applicable) – 30 minutes minimum	For the first \$1,292.98 For the first \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  For each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  For each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  For each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  Furpose/Continuous Loop System 13D, fee includes plan review  Fee \$257.50 \$309.00 \$360.50 \$412.00  Figure Plumbing Fees  35% of commercial plumbing permit fee  \$35% of residential plumbing permit fee  \$109.18	
Residential Fire Suppression – Multip  [See Structural Fee Square Footage of Area to be Covered 0 – 2000 sq ft 2001 – 3600 sq ft 3601 - 7200 sq ft 7201 sq ft and greater  C Plumbing Plan Review (when applicable) – commercial Plumbing Plan Review (when applicable) – residential Additional Plan Review (when	For the first \$1,292.98 For the first \$100,000 plus \$8.01 \$1,000 or fraction thereof.  Surpose/Continuous Loop System 13D, fee includes plan review  e section for Standalone System 13R]  Fee \$257.50 \$309.00 \$360.50 \$412.00  Other Plumbing Fees  35% of commercial plumbing permit fee  35% of residential plumbing permit fee	

Inspections for which no fee is			
specifically indicated (as required) per	\$109.18		
hour. Minimum 1 hour.			
Inspection outside of normal business	\$109.18		
hours per hour. Minimum 2 hours	\$105.16		
Investigation fee - Plumbing	See Structural – Investigation Fees		
Plumbing Minimum Permit Fee –	\$218.36		
commercial	\$210.30		
Plumbing Minimum Permit Fee –	\$109.18		
residential	\$105.16		
MISCELLANEOUS PERMIT FEES			
Permit Reinstatement fee – expired			
permits not yet 12 months past their	\$500.00 or ½ the cost of a new permit, whichever is		
expiration date, as eligible, subject to	greater.		
State Surcharge			
Permit Reinstatement fee - Expired			
permits over one year past their	New application with current valuation fees		
expiration			
Permit Reinstatement fee - Expired			
permits lacking only the final	\$109.18		
inspection	'		
Permit Extension fee – to extend			
expiration on active permit; not	\$218.36		
subject to State Surcharge. 1st Request	7210.30		
	Ć42C 72		
2nd Request	\$436.72		
Copy fees	8 ½ x 11 B&W \$0.25 each		
	Color \$0.50 each		
D t LOL L C (NGC)	11 x 17 B&W \$0.75 each		
Returned Check fee (NSF)	\$50.00		
Seismic Surcharge –			
Structural/Mechanical – review	1% of building permit fee		
required on all essential structures			
Refund processing fee – not subject to	\$50.00		
State Surcharge	, JO.00		
Expedited Plan Review fee – Structural,			
in addition to standard plan review			
fees – plan review services outside of	\$109.18 per hour with a minimum of 50% of standard		
normal timeframes established, must	plan review fee.		
be pre-approved, subject to	•		
availability/resources			

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Temporary Occupancy, Residential (30- day max)	\$500.00
Temporary Occupancy, Commercial (30- day max)	\$1,000.00
Change of Use or Change of Occupancy permit fee, when no structural work is proposed	\$1,000.00
Technology Fee	5% of permit fee



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